

Understanding quantum transport in quasi-periodic lattice systems

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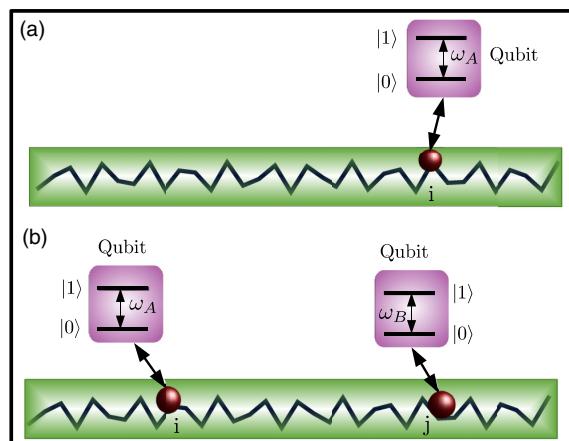


Collaboration:

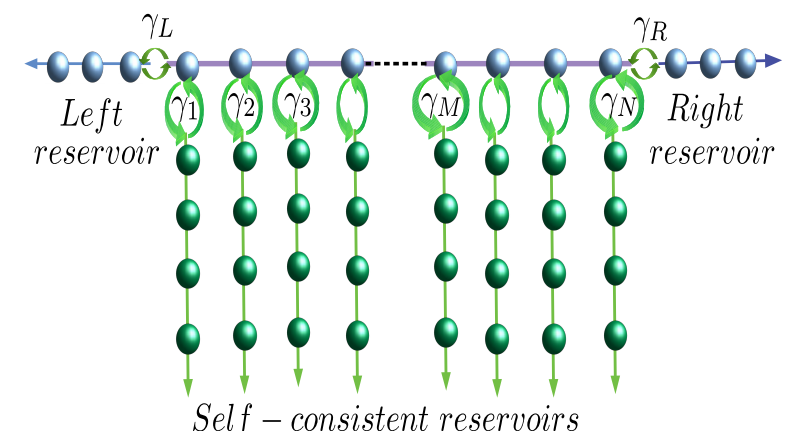
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Prasanna B Venkatesh (IIT Gandhinagar)

Phys. Rev. A 103, 023330 (2021)
arXiv: 2202.14033



TAMIONs-2022
ICTS Bangalore



Quasi-Periodic Systems

- Lattice with disordered on-site potential (uncorrelated)

Anderson Localization, Mobility Edge in 3-d

P.W.Anderson Phys. Rev. 109, 1492 (1958)

- Quasi-Periodic Systems

Neither periodic nor disordered systems: e.g. Aubre-André-Harper
Mobility Edge in 1d

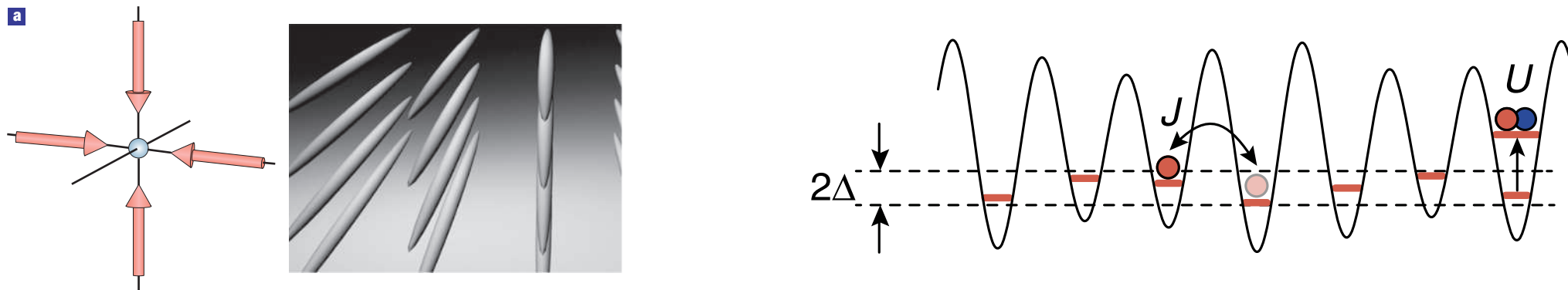
S.Aubry and G.André, Ann. Isr. Phys. Soc. 3, 18 (1980);

S. Ganeshan, K. Sun, and S. Das Sarma, Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, 180403 (2013).

S. Ganeshan, J. H. Pixley, and S. Das Sarma, Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 146601 (2015).

Quasi-Periodic Systems

- Multiple Experimental Realizations



I. Bloch, Nature Physics **1**, 23(2005); G. Roati et.al., Nature **453**, 895(2008);
H.P. Lüschen et.al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **120**, 160404 (2018)

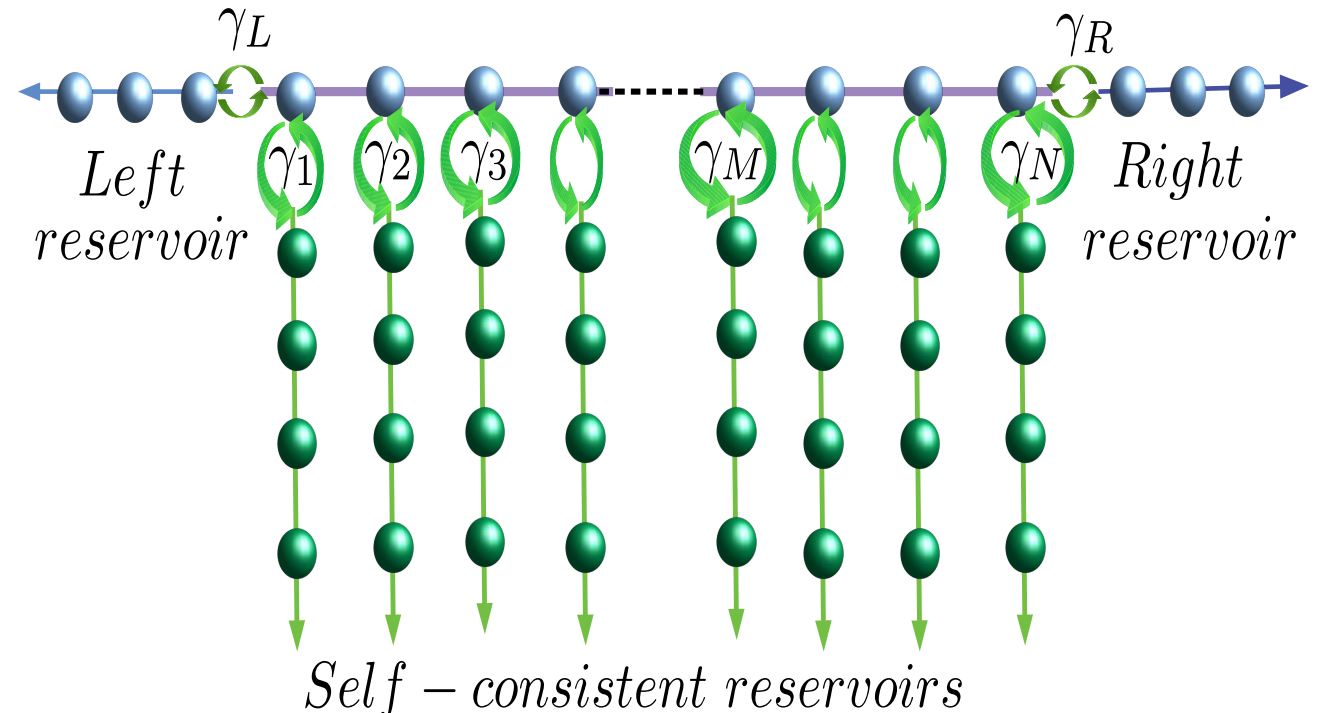
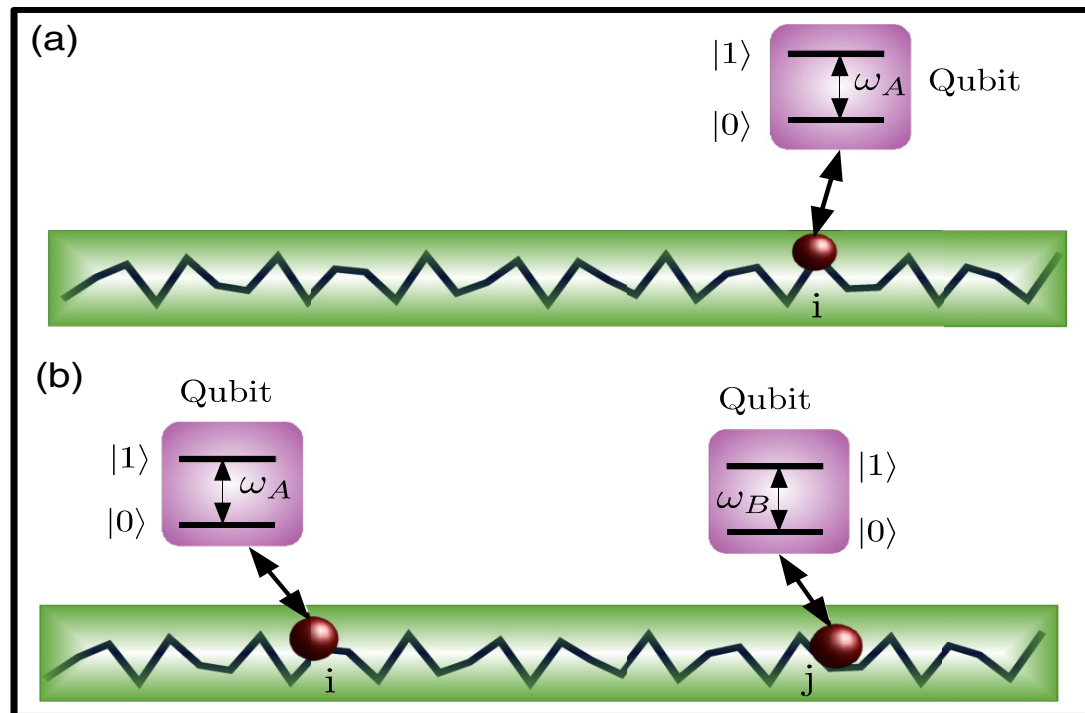
- Connections to Many Body Localization

M. Schreiber et.al, Science **49**, 842 (2015); R. Modak and S. Mukerjee, Phys. Rev. Lett. **115**, 230401 (2015).

- Open version of quasi-periodic systems

H.P. Lüschen et.al., Phys. Rev. X **7**, 011034 (2017); J. Sutradhar et.al., Phys. Rev. B **99**, 224204 (2019);
A. Purkayastha et.al., Phys. Rev. B **97**, 174206 (2018); Phys. Rev. B **96**, 180204(R) (2017)

This Talk

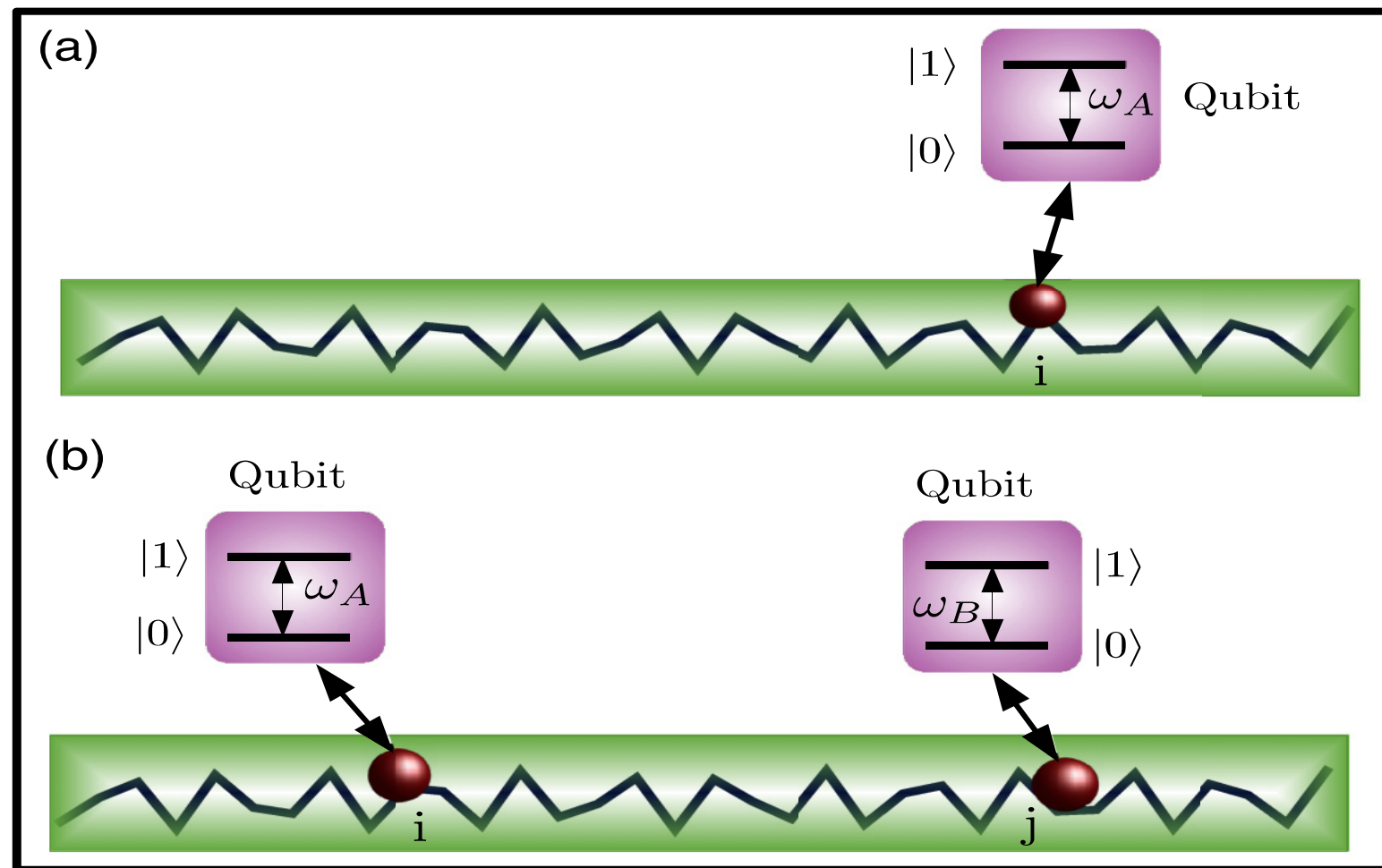


- Couple Qubit(s) to quasi-periodic GAAH lattice
- Read out nature of SPEs
- Read out transport properties

- Transport properties in presence of voltage probes — Environment assisted transport

arXiv: 2202.14033

First Set-up



Properties of AAH and GAAH

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{n=1}^N \left(\mu + \frac{2\lambda \cos[2\pi bn + \phi]}{1 + \alpha \cos[2\pi bn + \phi]} \right) \hat{c}_n^\dagger \hat{c}_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N-1} (\hat{c}_n^\dagger c_{n+1} + \hat{c}_{n+1}^\dagger \hat{c}_n)$$

Hopping Strength

$$J = 1$$

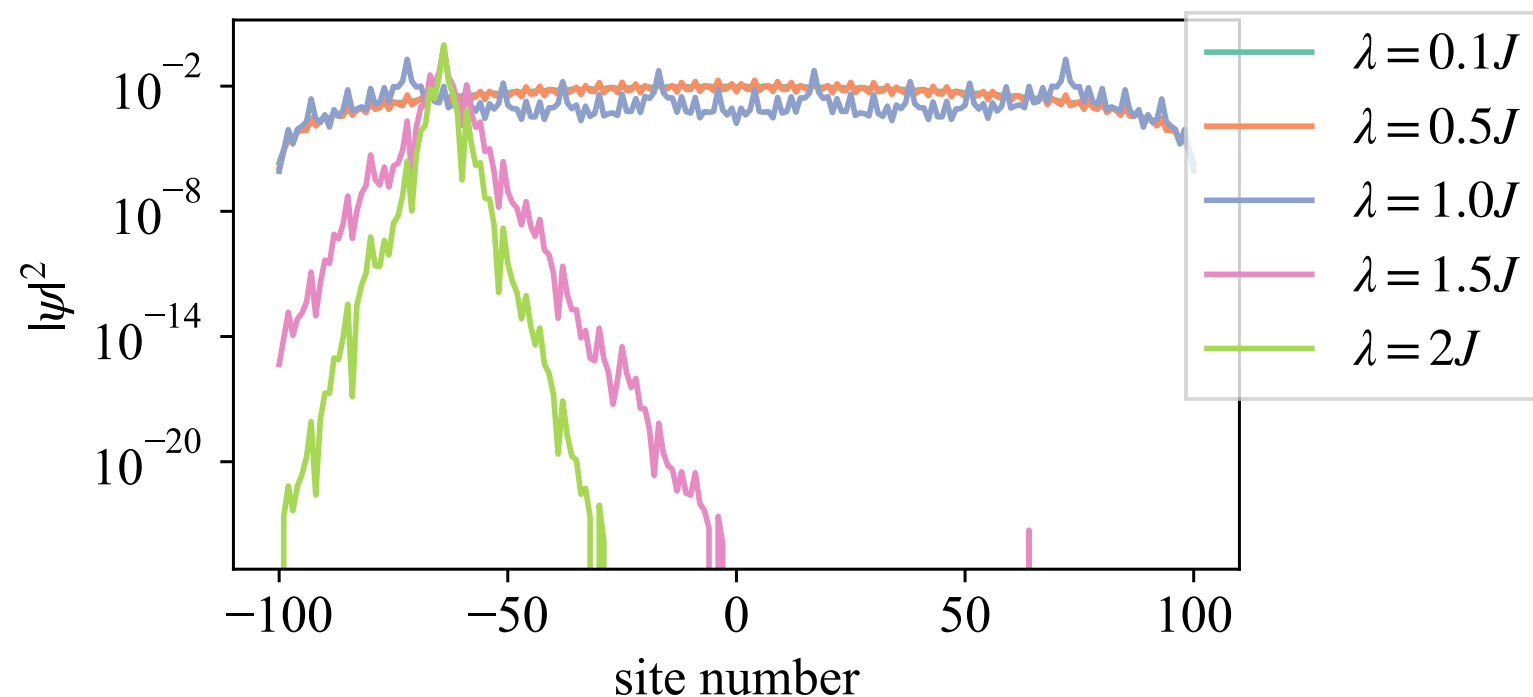
$$\text{SPEs } \hat{H}\psi_k = \omega_k \psi_k$$

AAH Model $\alpha = 0$

$\lambda < J$ All SPEs Extended

$\lambda = J$ All SPEs Critical

$\lambda > J$ All SPEs Localized



Properties of AAH and GAAH

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{n=1}^N \left(\mu + \frac{2\lambda \cos[2\pi bn + \phi]}{1 + \alpha \cos[2\pi bn + \phi]} \right) \hat{c}_n^\dagger \hat{c}_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N-1} (\hat{c}_n^\dagger c_{n+1} + \hat{c}_{n+1}^\dagger \hat{c}_n)$$

Hopping Strength
 $J = 1$

GAAH Model

$$\alpha > 0, \lambda > 0$$

$$\hat{H}\psi_k = \omega_k \psi_k \quad \text{SPEs}$$

Mobility Edge

$$E = \mu + 2(J - \lambda)/\alpha$$

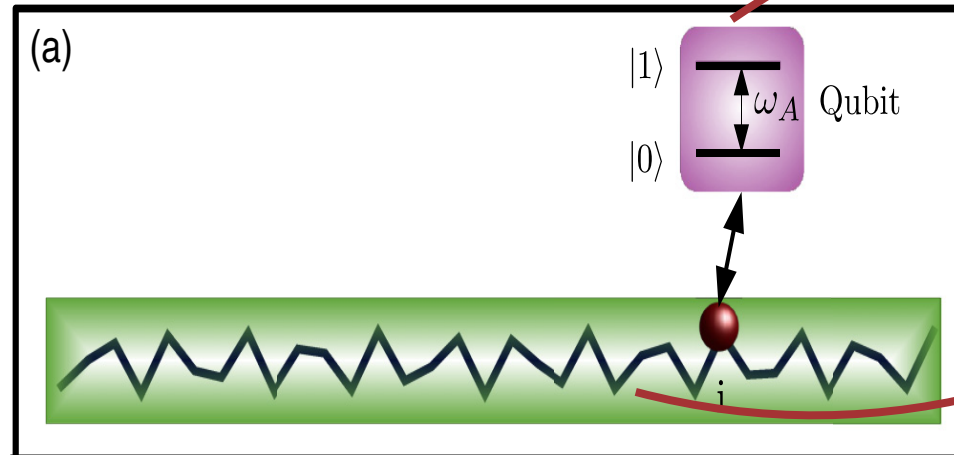
$$\omega_k < E$$

Extended

$$\omega_k > E$$

Localized

Single Qubit Coupled to GAAH Chain



$$\hat{H}_{1q} = \hat{H} + \frac{\omega_A}{2} \hat{\sigma}_z^i + g \hat{\sigma}_z^i (\hat{c}_i^\dagger + \hat{c}_i)$$

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{n=1}^N \left(\mu + \frac{2\lambda \cos[2\pi b n + \phi]}{1 + \alpha \cos[2\pi b n + \phi]} \right) \hat{c}_n^\dagger \hat{c}_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N-1} (\hat{c}_n^\dagger \hat{c}_{n+1} + \hat{c}_{n+1}^\dagger \hat{c}_n)$$

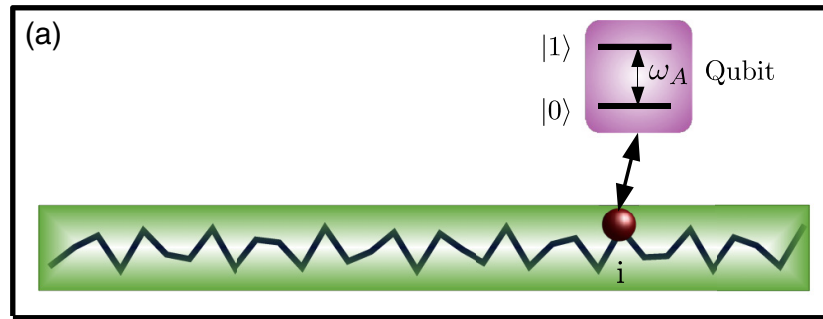
$$\hat{H} = \sum_{k=1}^N \omega_k \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger \hat{\eta}_k \quad \hat{c}_i = \sum_{k=1}^N S_{i,k} \hat{\eta}_k \quad g_k^i = g S_{i,k}$$

$$\hat{H}_{1q}^{SB} = \frac{\omega_A}{2} \hat{\sigma}_z^i + \sum_{k=1}^N \omega_k \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger \hat{\eta}_k + \sum_{k=1}^N \hat{\sigma}_z^i (g_k^i \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger + g_k^{i*} \hat{\eta}_k)$$

Spin-Boson Dephasing Coupling - can be exactly solved

Dephasing Spin-Boson model: Solution

$$\hat{c}_i = \sum_{k=1}^N S_{i,k} \hat{\eta}_k$$



$$\hat{H}_{1q}^{SB} = \frac{\omega_A}{2} \hat{\sigma}_z^i + \sum_{k=1}^N \omega_k \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger \hat{\eta}_k + \sum_{k=1}^N \hat{\sigma}_z^i (g_k^i \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger + g_k^{i*} \hat{\eta}_k)$$

$$\hat{\rho}(0) = \hat{\rho}_s(0) \otimes (e^{-\beta \hat{H}} / Z_\beta) \quad Z_\beta = \text{Tr}_B[e^{-\beta \hat{H}}]$$

$$\langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(t) \rangle = \langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(0) \rangle e^{-i\omega_A t - \Gamma_i(t)},$$

$$\Gamma_i(t) = 4 \sum_{k=1}^N |g_k^i|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta \omega_k}{2}\right) \frac{1 - \cos(\omega_k t)}{\omega_k^2}.$$

$$g_k^i = g S_{i,k}$$

$$\Gamma_i(t) = \Gamma_{i,\text{vac}}(t) + \Gamma_{i,\text{th}}(t)$$

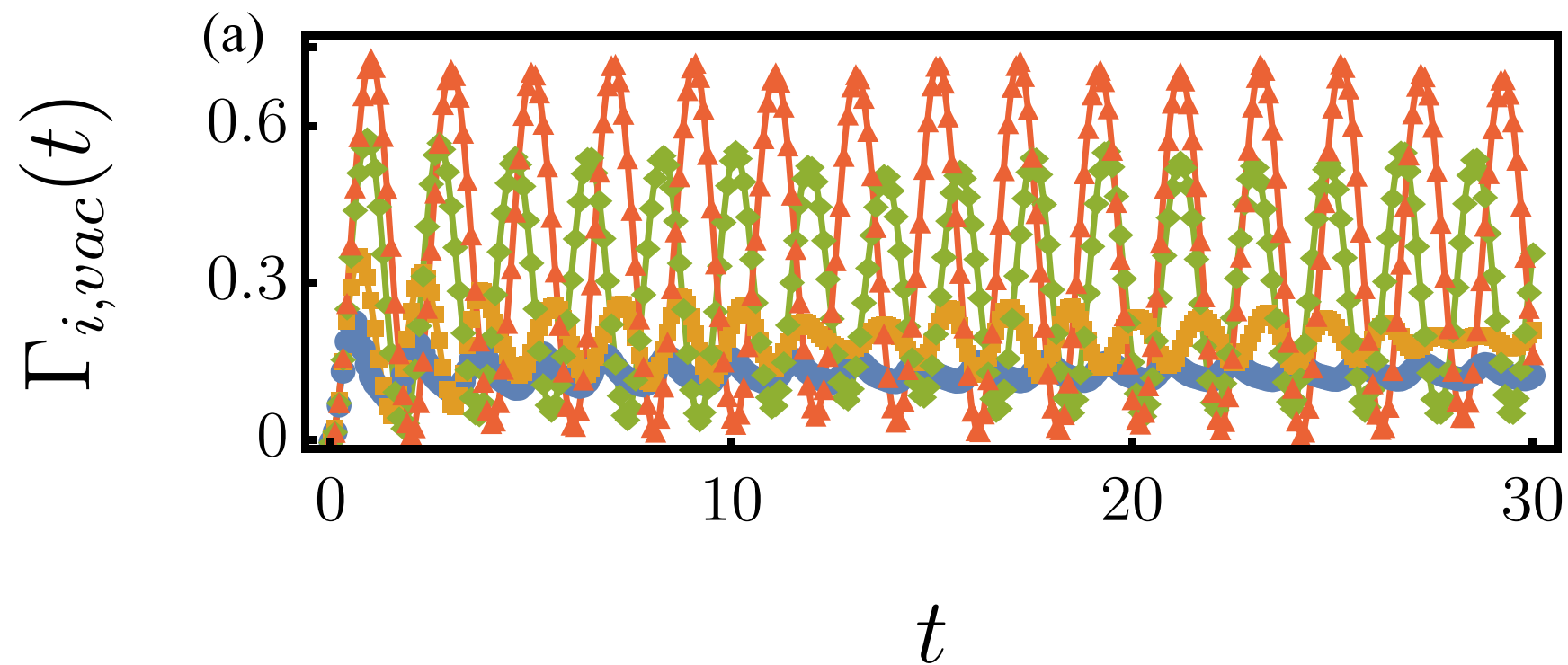
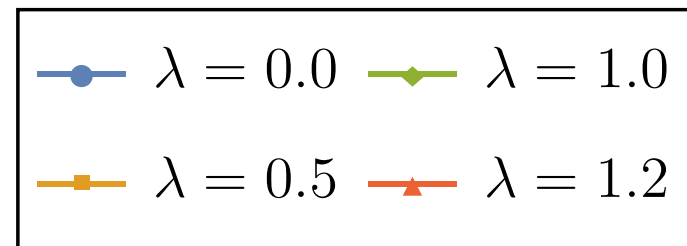
$$\Gamma_{i,\text{vac}}(t) = \sum_{k=1}^N \frac{|\alpha_k^i|^2}{2}$$

$$\Gamma_{i,\text{th}}(t) = \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{n}(\beta, \omega_k) |\alpha_k^i|^2$$

Results: Single Qubit Dephasing Dynamics

$$\langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(t) \rangle = \langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(0) \rangle e^{-i\omega_A t - \Gamma_i(t)}$$

$$\Gamma_i(t) = 4 \sum_{k=1}^N |g_k^i|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right) \frac{1 - \cos(\omega_k t)}{\omega_k^2}$$



AAH Model
 $N = 610$

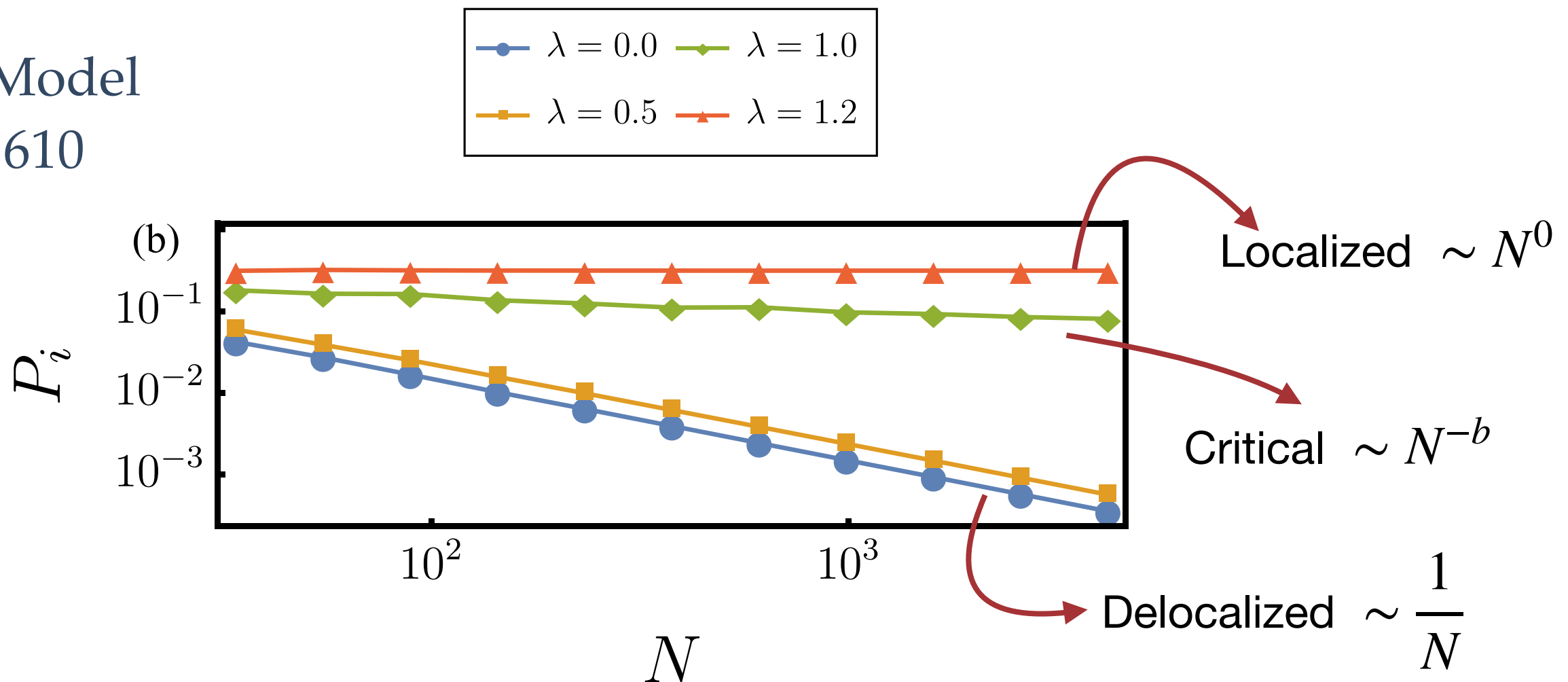
Single Qubit Dephasing Dynamics

$$\langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(t) \rangle = \langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(0) \rangle e^{-i\omega_A t - \Gamma_i(t)}$$

$$\Gamma_i(t) = 4 \sum_{k=1}^N |g_k^i|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right) \frac{1 - \cos(\omega_k t)}{\omega_k^2}$$

$$P_i \equiv \sum_{k=1}^N |g_k^i|^4$$

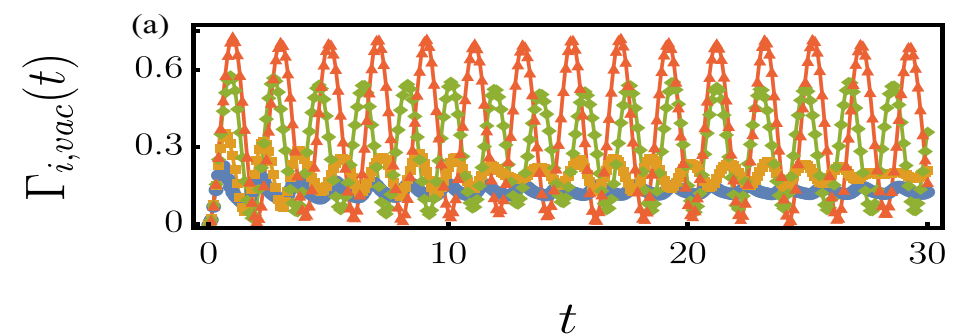
AAH Model
N = 610



Non-Markovianity as SPE indicator

$$\langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(t) \rangle = \langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(0) \rangle e^{-i\omega_A t - \Gamma_i(t)}$$

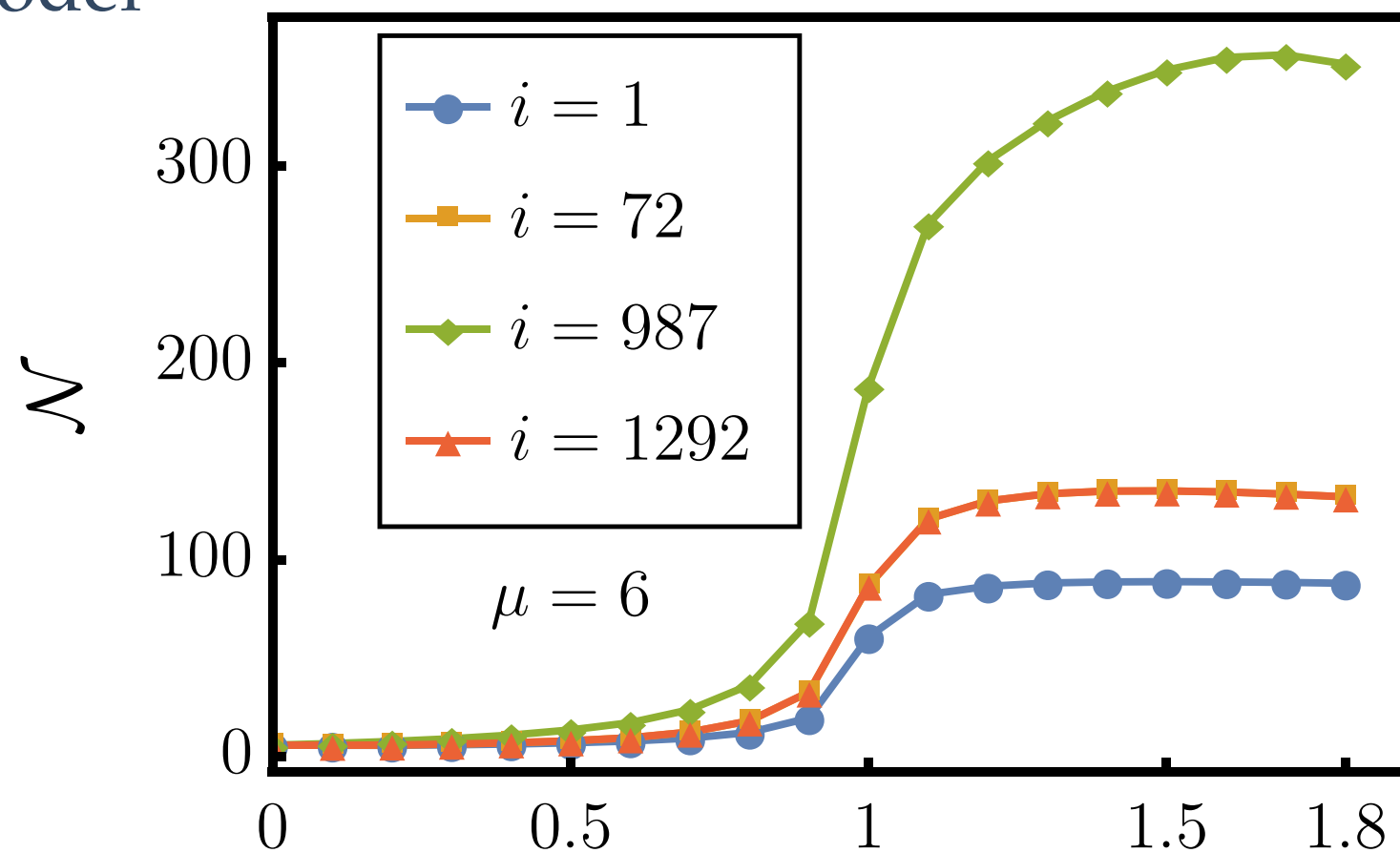
$$\Gamma_i(t) = 4 \sum_{k=1}^N |g_k^i|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right) \frac{1 - \cos(\omega_k t)}{\omega_k^2}$$



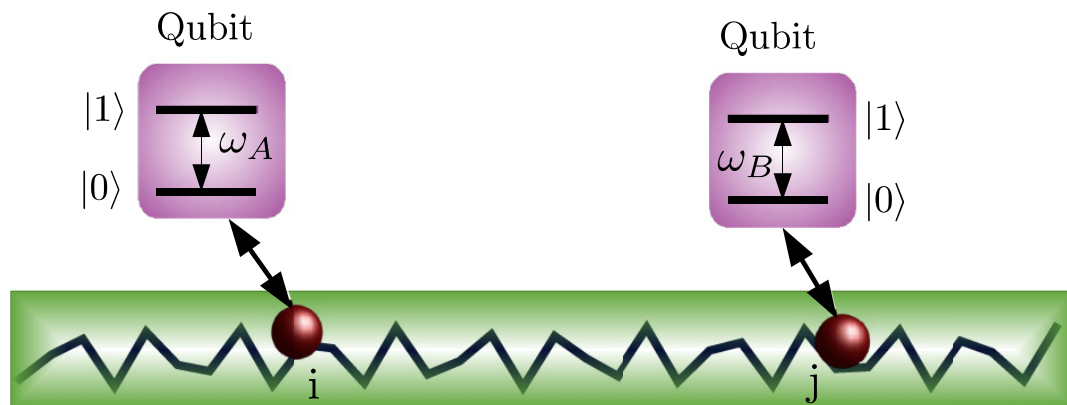
Sum is over all intervals $[t_p^i, t_p^f]$ wherein $\dot{\Gamma}(t) < 0$

$$\mathcal{N} = \sum_{p=1}^{N_{\max}} \left(e^{-\Gamma(t_p^f)} - e^{-\Gamma(t_p^i)} \right)$$

AAH Model



Two Qubits Coupled to GAAH



Motivation: non-local probe for transport

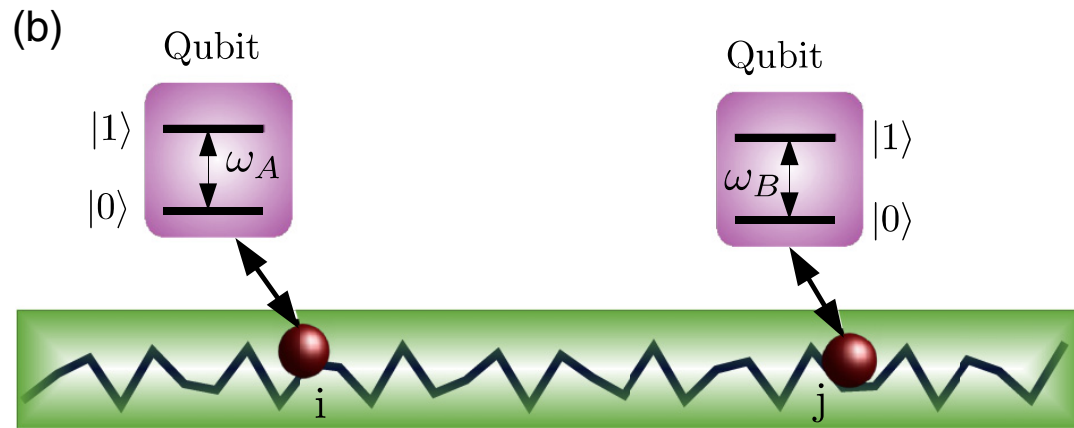
localized initial state
width evolution

$$w(t) \sim t^\eta \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \eta = 1 \\ \eta = 0.5 \\ \eta = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

Ballistic
Diffusive
Localized

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{H}_{2q}^{SB} = & \frac{\omega_A}{2} \hat{\sigma}_z^i + \frac{\omega_B}{2} \hat{\sigma}_z^j + \sum_{k=1}^N \omega_k \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger \hat{\eta}_k \\ & + \sum_{k=1}^N \hat{\sigma}_z^i (g_k^i \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger + g_k^{i*} \hat{\eta}_k) + \sum_{k=1}^N \hat{\sigma}_z^j (g_k^j \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger + g_k^{j*} \hat{\eta}_k) \end{aligned}$$

Two Qubits Dynamics Solution



$$\hat{H}_{2q}^{SB} = \frac{\omega_A}{2} \hat{\sigma}_z^i + \frac{\omega_B}{2} \hat{\sigma}_z^j + \sum_{k=1}^N \omega_k \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger \hat{\eta}_k$$

$$+ \sum_{k=1}^N \hat{\sigma}_z^i (g_k^i \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger + g_k^{i*} \hat{\eta}_k) + \sum_{k=1}^N \hat{\sigma}_z^j (g_k^j \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger + g_k^{j*} \hat{\eta}_k)$$

$$\text{Cov}(\hat{\sigma}_-^i \hat{\sigma}_+^j) = e^{-i(\omega_A - \omega_B)t} \left(\langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(0) \hat{\sigma}_+^j(0) \rangle e^{-\Gamma_{ij}(t)} \right.$$

$$\left. - \langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(0) \rangle \langle \hat{\sigma}_+^j(0) \rangle \langle e^{-i\Delta\Omega_-(t) \hat{\sigma}_z^j + i\Delta\Omega_+(t) \hat{\sigma}_z^i} \rangle e^{-[\Gamma_i(t) + \Gamma_j(t)]} \right)$$

$$\Delta\Omega_{\pm}(t) = \sum_{k=1}^N \frac{4}{\omega_k^2} \left([\sin(\omega_k t) - \omega_k t] \text{Re}[g_k^i g_k^{j*}] \right.$$

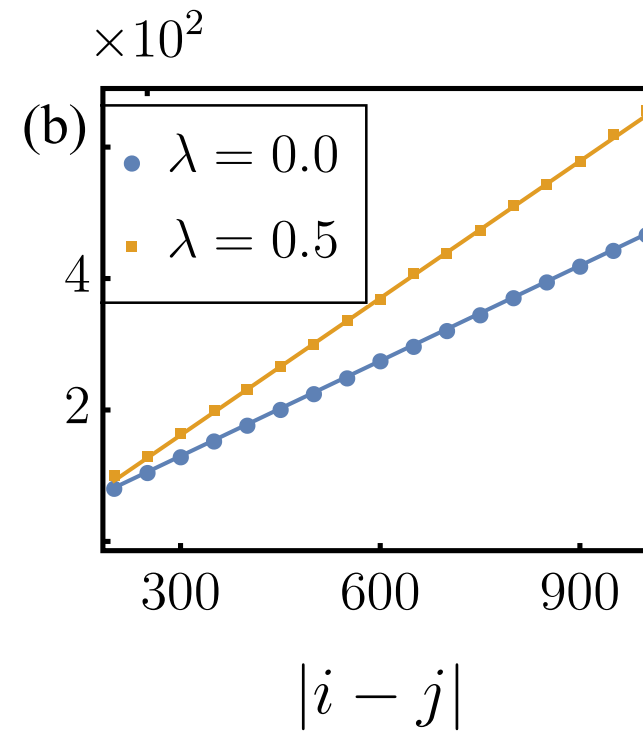
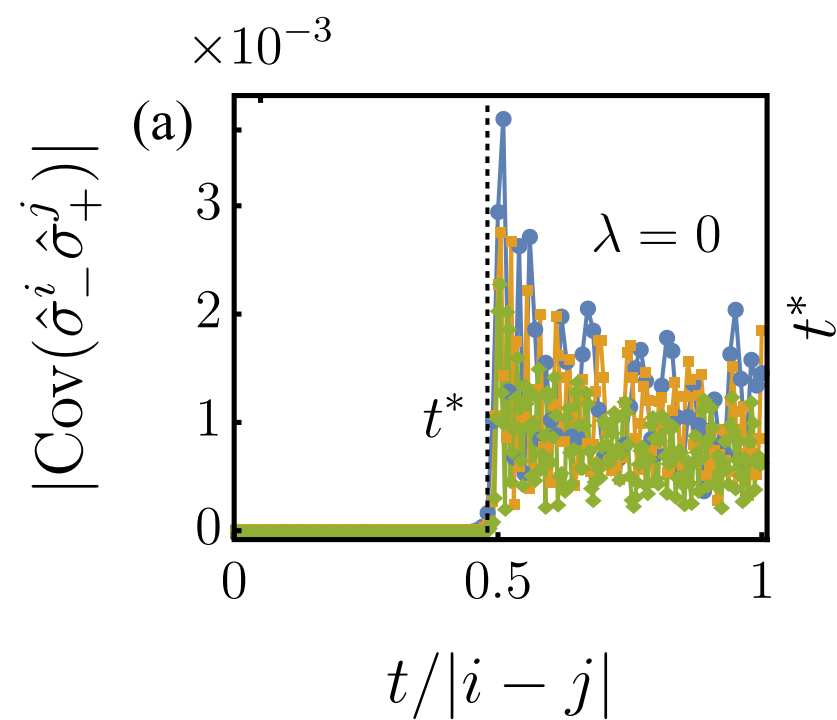
$$\left. \pm [1 - \cos(\omega_k t)] \text{Im}[g_k^i g_k^{j*}] \right).$$

Gen. Lamb Shift

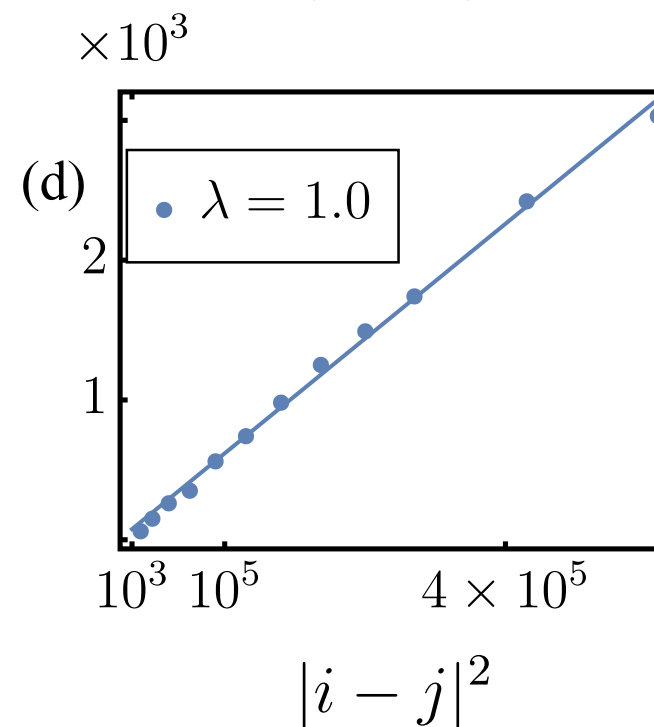
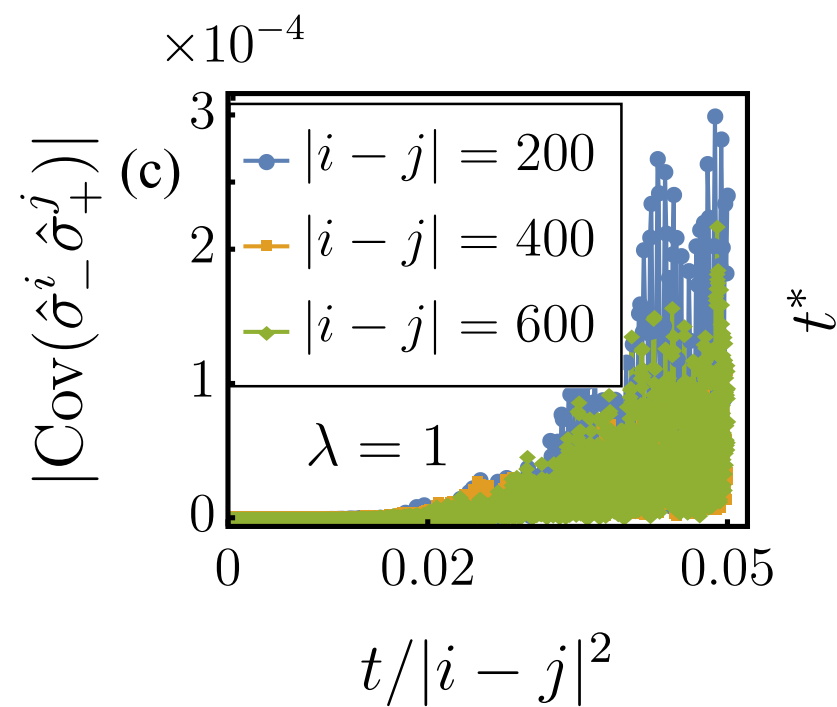
$$\Gamma_{ij}(t) = 4 \sum_{k=1}^N |g_k^i - g_k^j|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right) \frac{1 - \cos(\omega_k t)}{\omega_k^2}$$

Correlated Dephasing

Transport Readout: Two qubit correlations



Ballistic

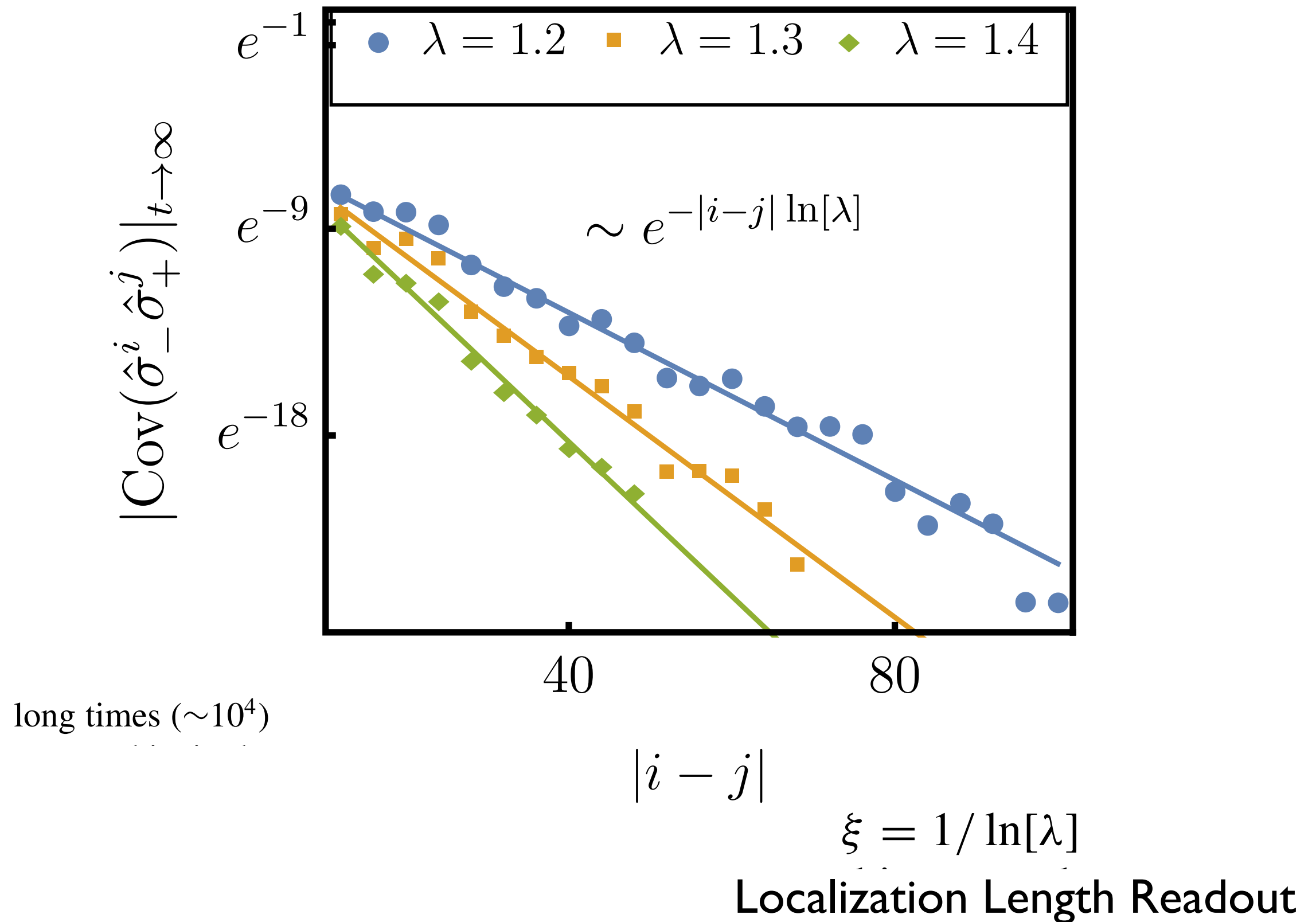


Diffusive

$N = 400, 800, \text{ and } 1200$

$i = N/4 \quad j = 3N/4$

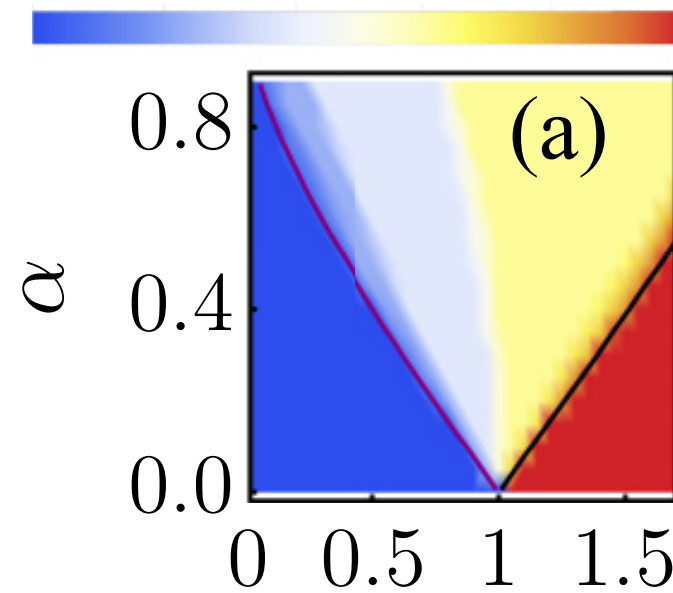
Correlations: Localized Regime



Generalized AAH Model : Non-Markovianity

Fraction of localized states

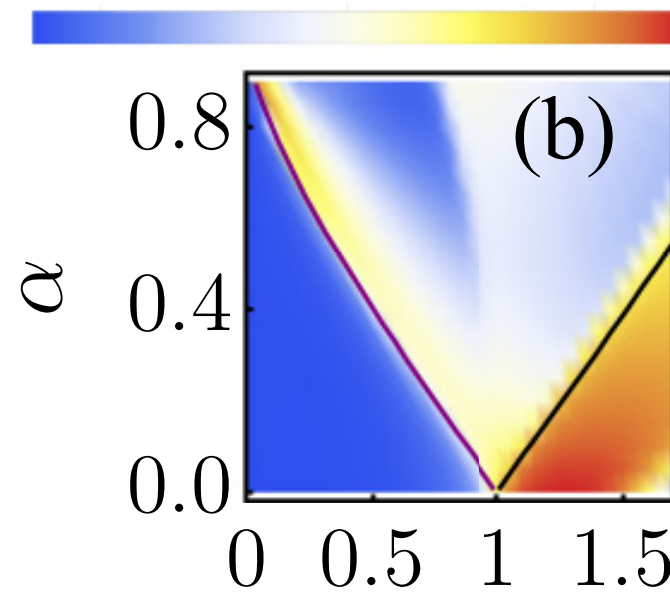
0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8



λ

$\mathcal{N} \quad i = 1$

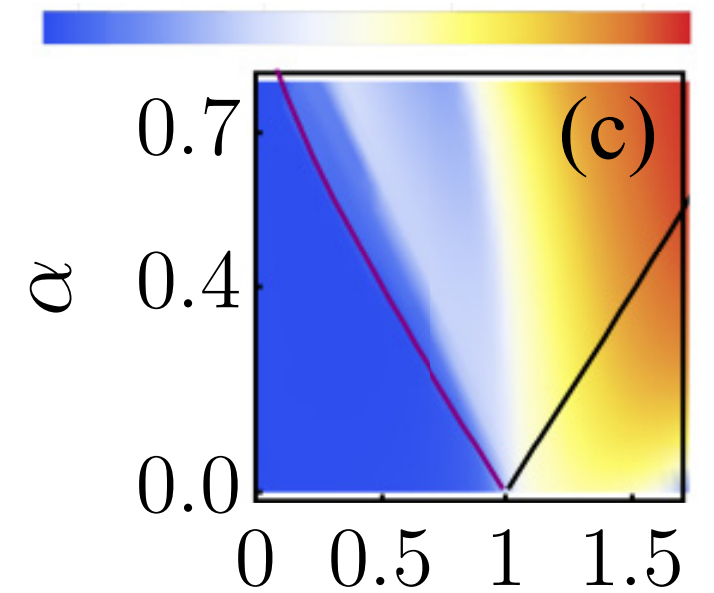
20 60 100



λ

$\mathcal{N} \quad i = 19$

20 80 140 200



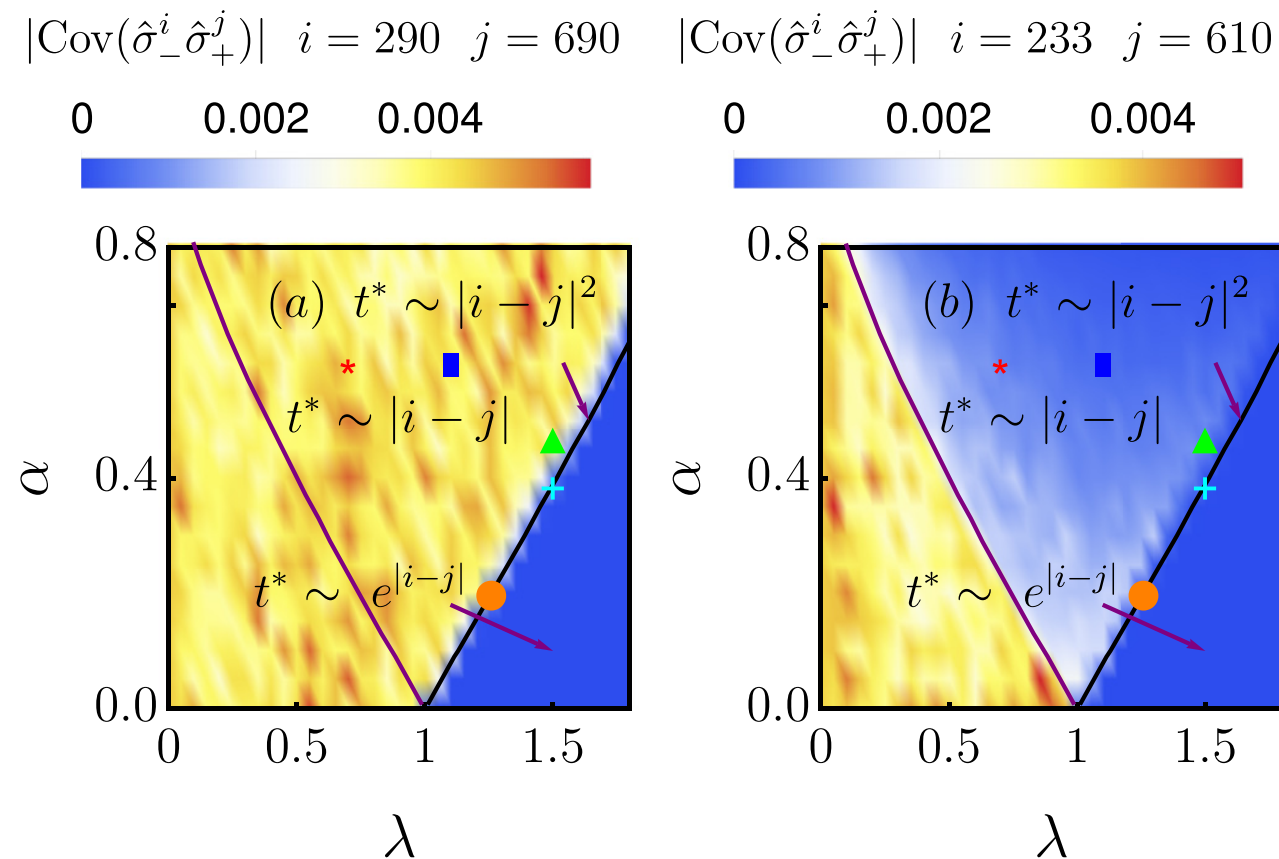
λ

with mobility edge: site dependence of \mathcal{N}

$$E = \mu + 2(J - \lambda)/\alpha$$

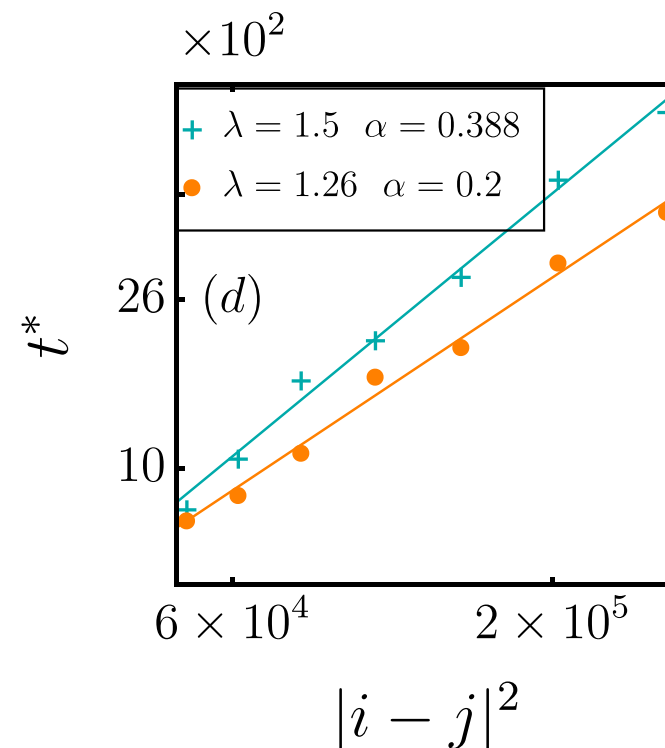
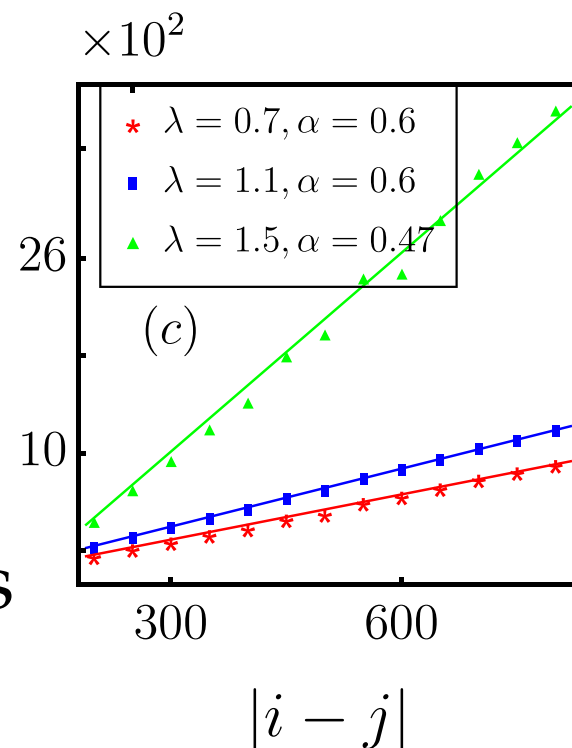
Generalized AAH Model: Two qubit Correlations

long-time
correlations



site-dependence
with mobility edge

slope increases
with λ

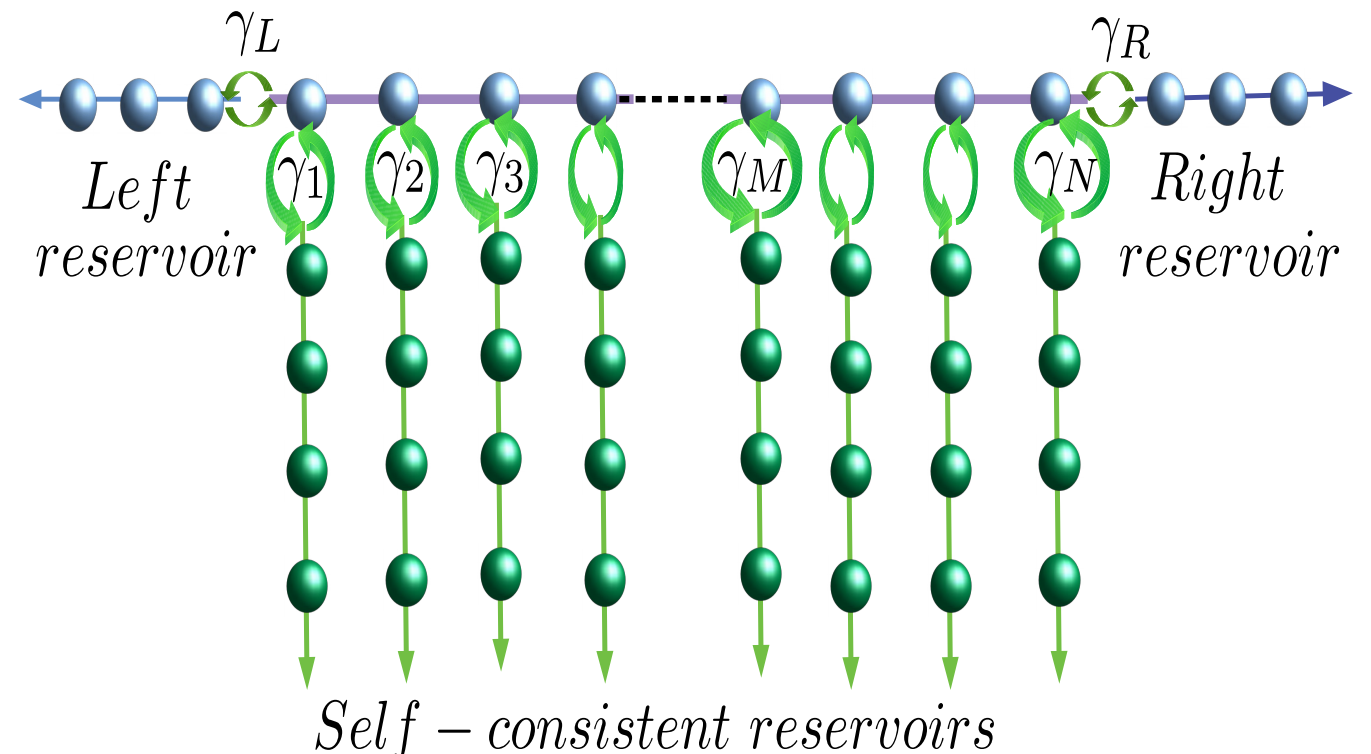
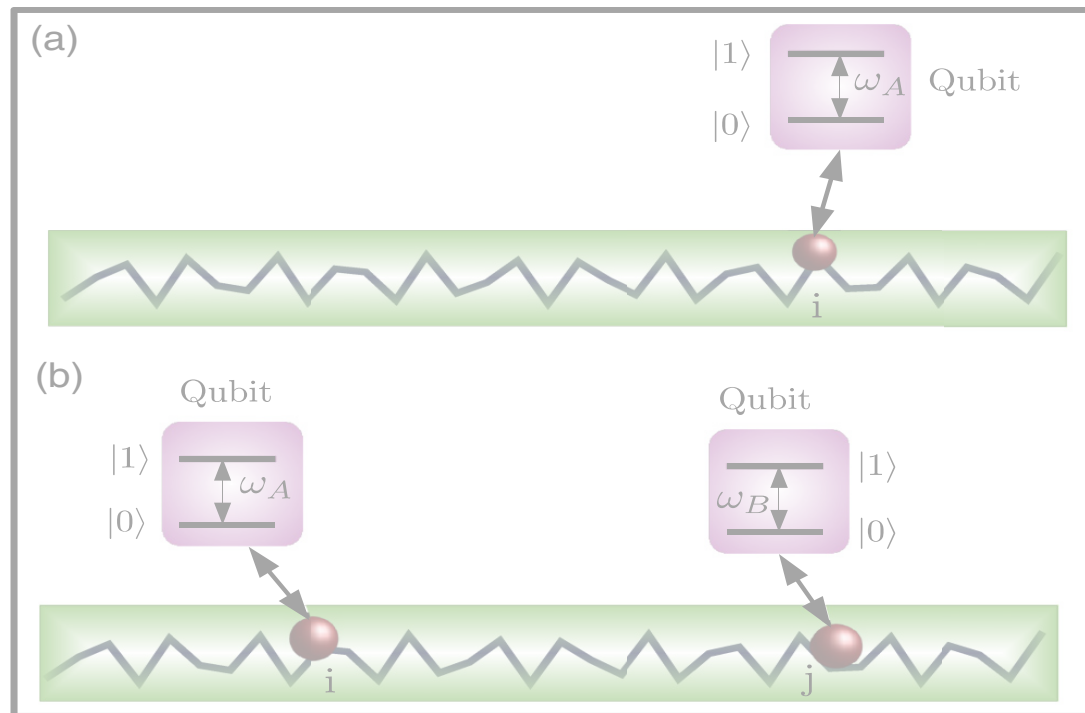


mixture of
critical+localized

Summary Part 1

- Readout of GAAH chain by coupling to qubits
- Single Qubit: Non-markovianity of dephasing, nature of SPEs
- Two Qubits: Transport properties from correlations
- Experimental Implementation: Single qubit good prospect with ultracold atoms.
- Non-dephasing coupling: AAH and GAAH Bath Thermodynamics, readout of current (direct signature of transport)
- Back-action of qubit on chain?

This Talk

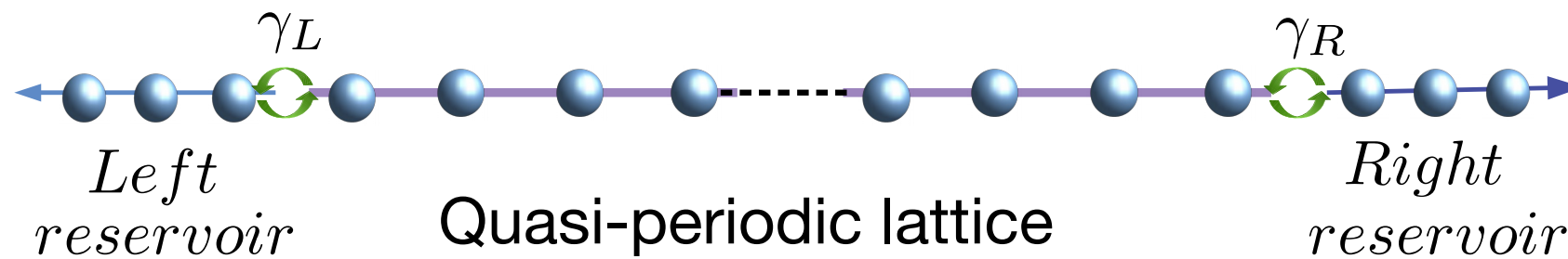


- Couple Qubit(s) to quasi-periodic GAAH lattice
- Read out nature of SPEs
- Read out transport properties

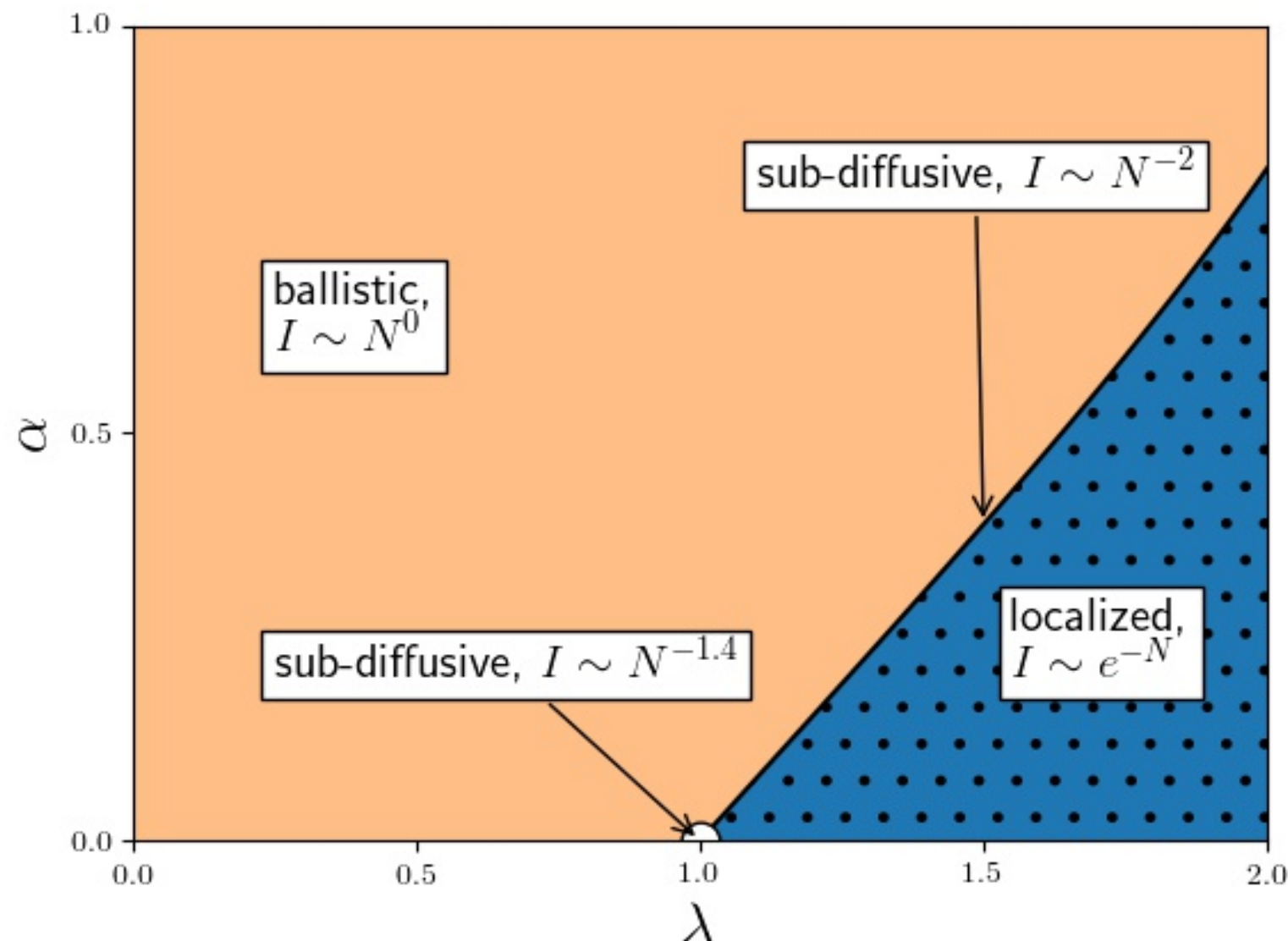
- Transport properties in presence of voltage probes— *Environment assisted transport*

arXiv: 2202.14033

Known results without the probes for GAAH



$$\hat{H} = \sum_{n=1}^N \left(\mu + \frac{2\lambda \cos[2\pi b n + \phi]}{1 + \alpha \cos[2\pi b n + \phi]} \right) \hat{c}_n^\dagger \hat{c}_n + \sum_{n=1}^{N-1} (\hat{c}_n^\dagger \hat{c}_{n+1} + \hat{c}_{n+1}^\dagger \hat{c}_n)$$



Non-equilibrium phase diagram: Scaling of current with system size

Universal subdiffusive behavior at band edges from transfer matrix exceptional points

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¹*Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Science Education and Research Pune,
Dr. Homi Bhabha Road, Ward No. 8, NCL Colony, Pashan, Pune, Maharashtra 411008, India*

²*International Centre for Theoretical Sciences, Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, Bangalore 560089, India*

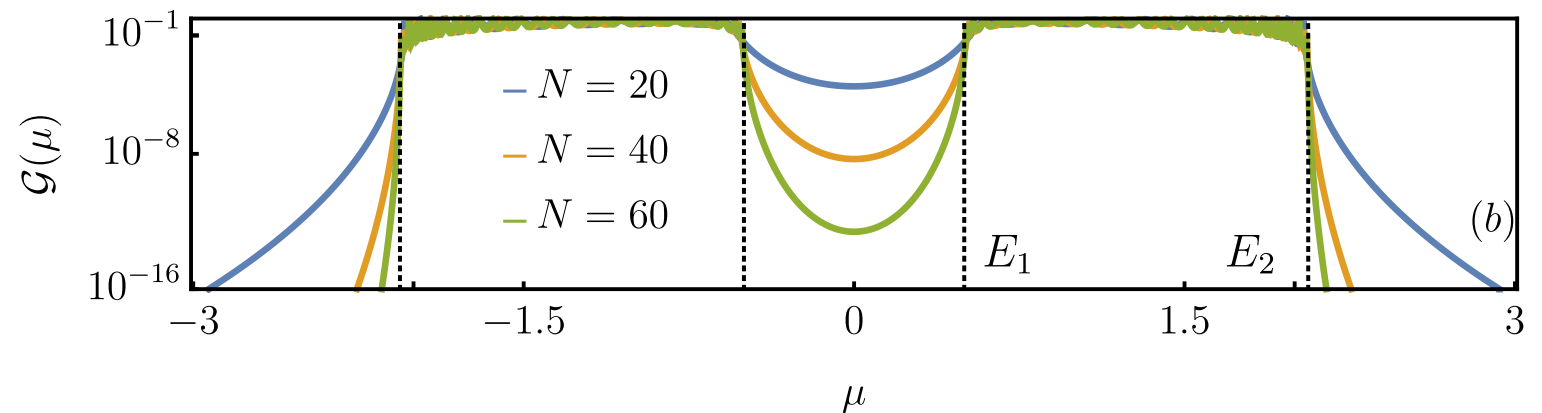
³*School of Physics, Trinity College Dublin, Dublin 2, Ireland*

⁴*Centre for complex quantum systems, Aarhus University, Nordre Ringgade 1, 8000 Aarhus C, Denmark*

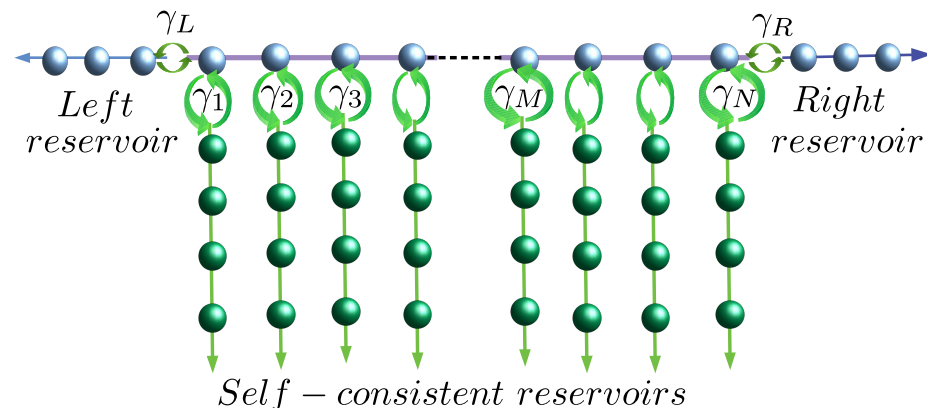
(Dated: May 5, 2022)

arXiv: 2205.02214

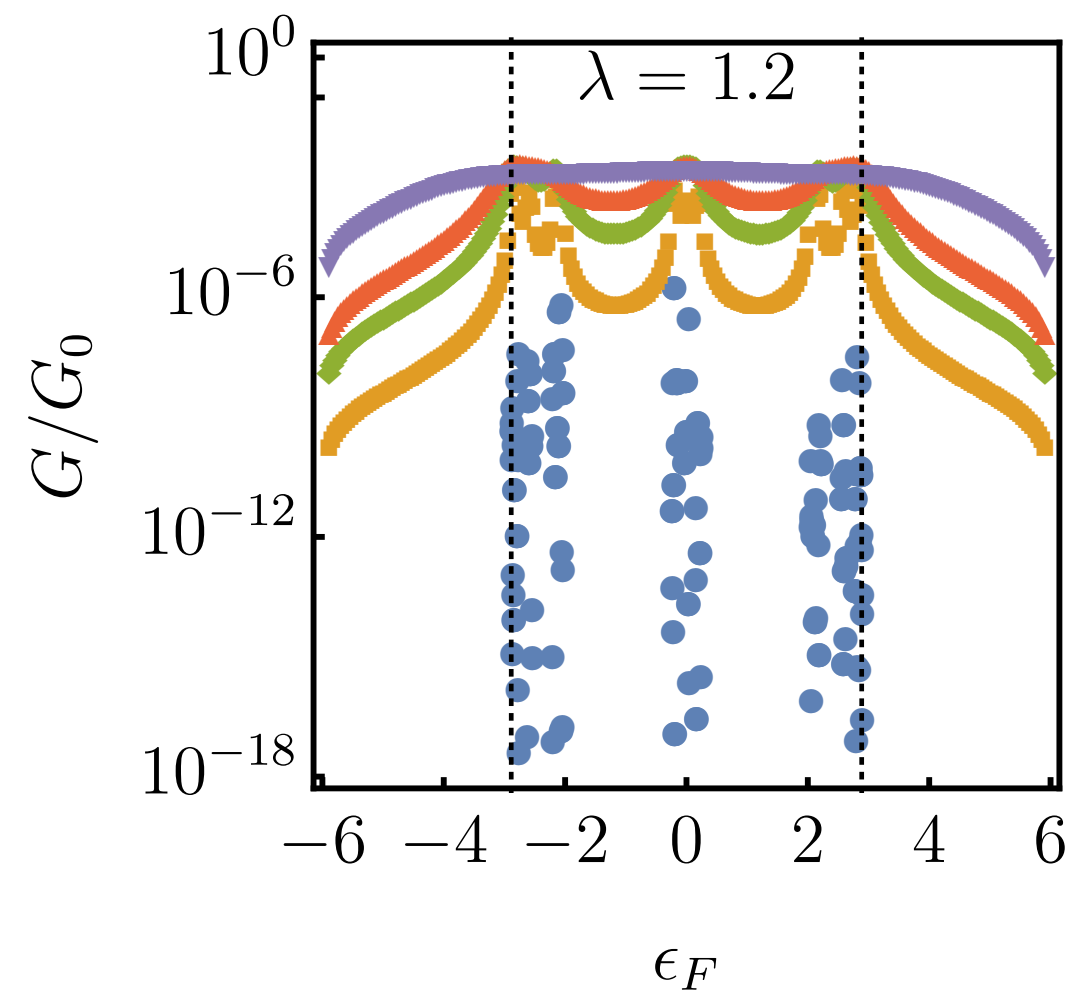
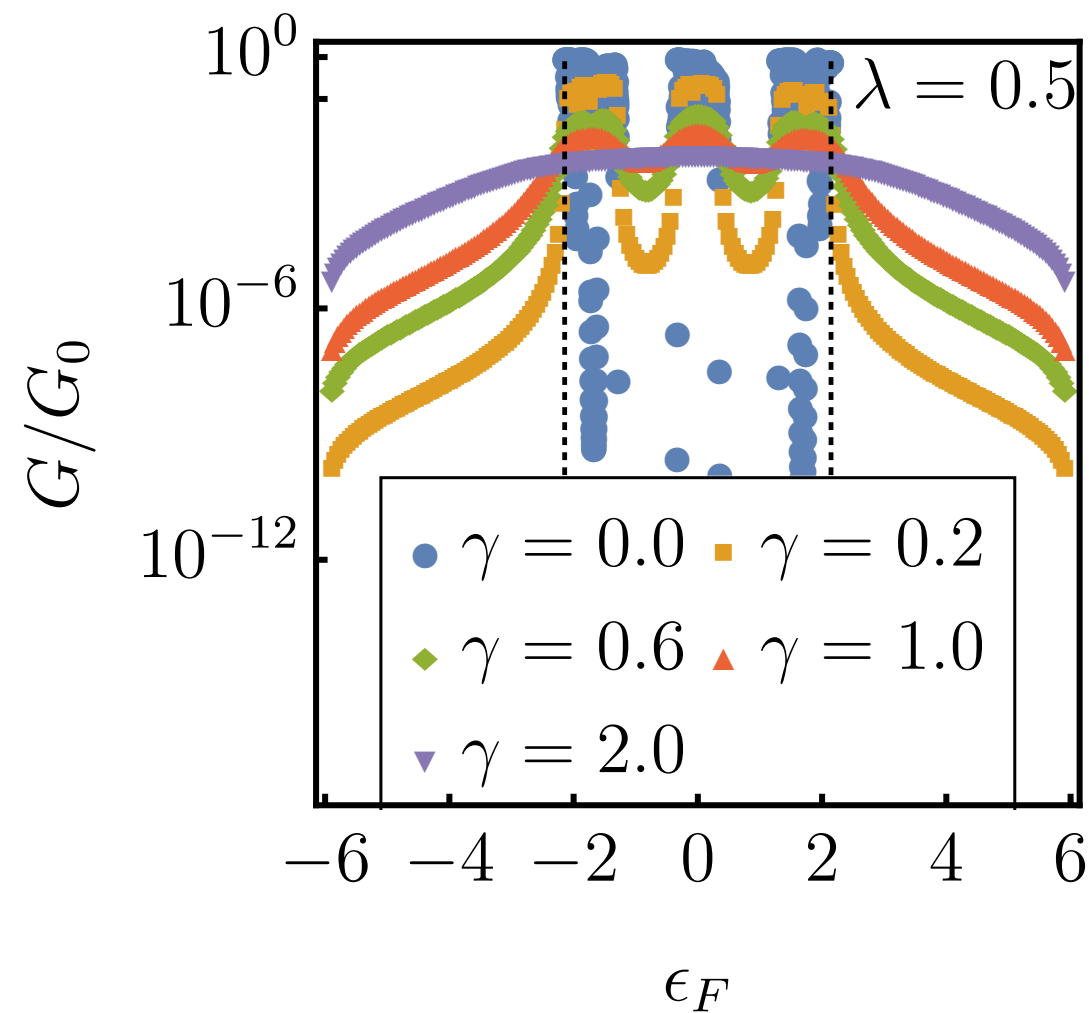
	$T_q(\mu)$	$\mathcal{G}(\mu)$
μ in system bands	$\lambda_{\pm} = e^{\pm ik}$ symmetry broken regime	$\mathcal{G}(\mu) \sim N^0$ ballistic transport
μ outside system bands	$\lambda_{\pm} = e^{\pm \kappa}$ symmetric regime	$\mathcal{G}(\mu) \sim e^{-N/\xi}$ 'localized' localization length ξ
μ at band edges	$\lambda_{\pm} = 1$ exceptional point	$\mathcal{G}(\mu) \sim N^{-2}$ subdiffusive transport



Electrical Conductance: Zero temperature



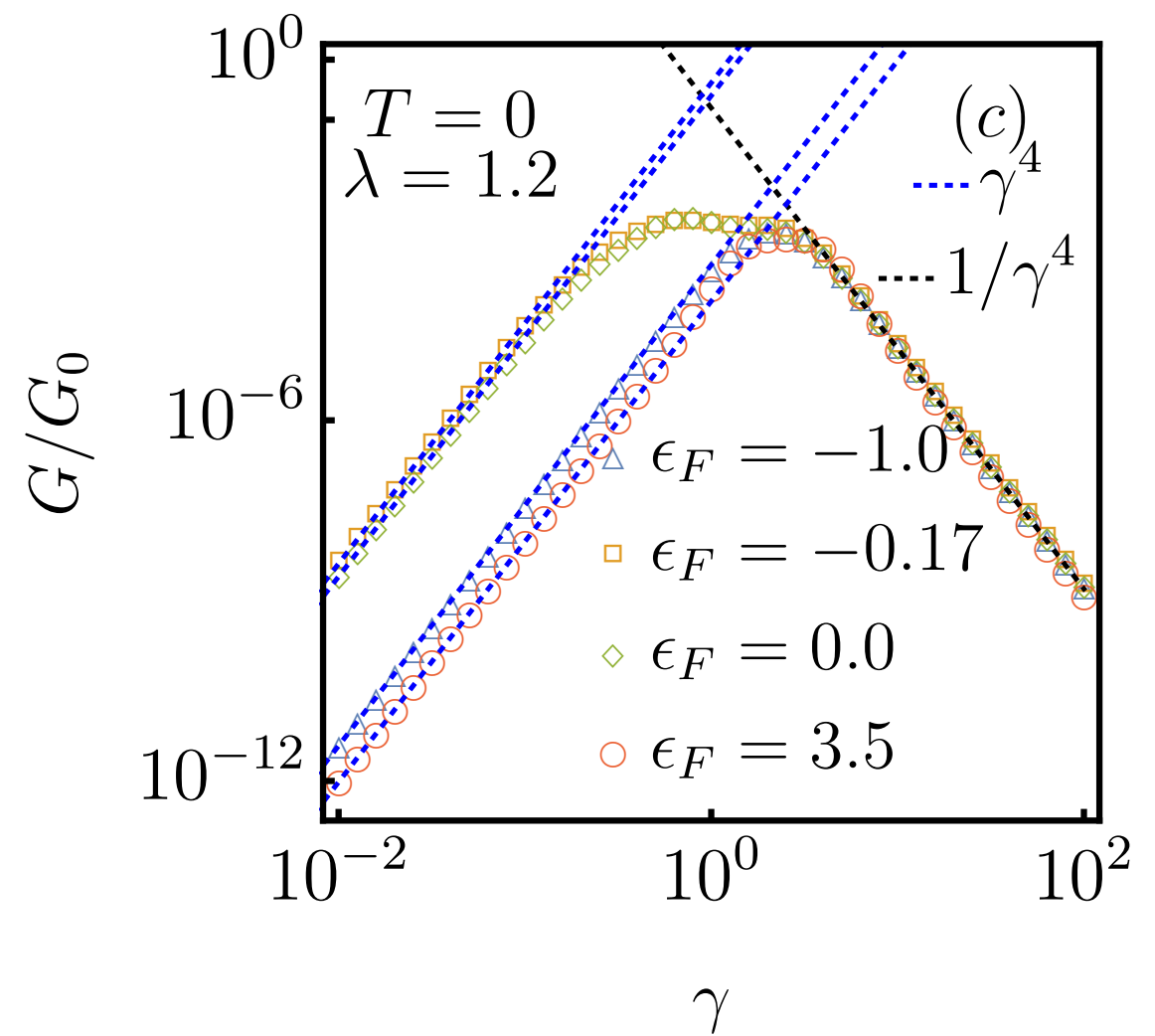
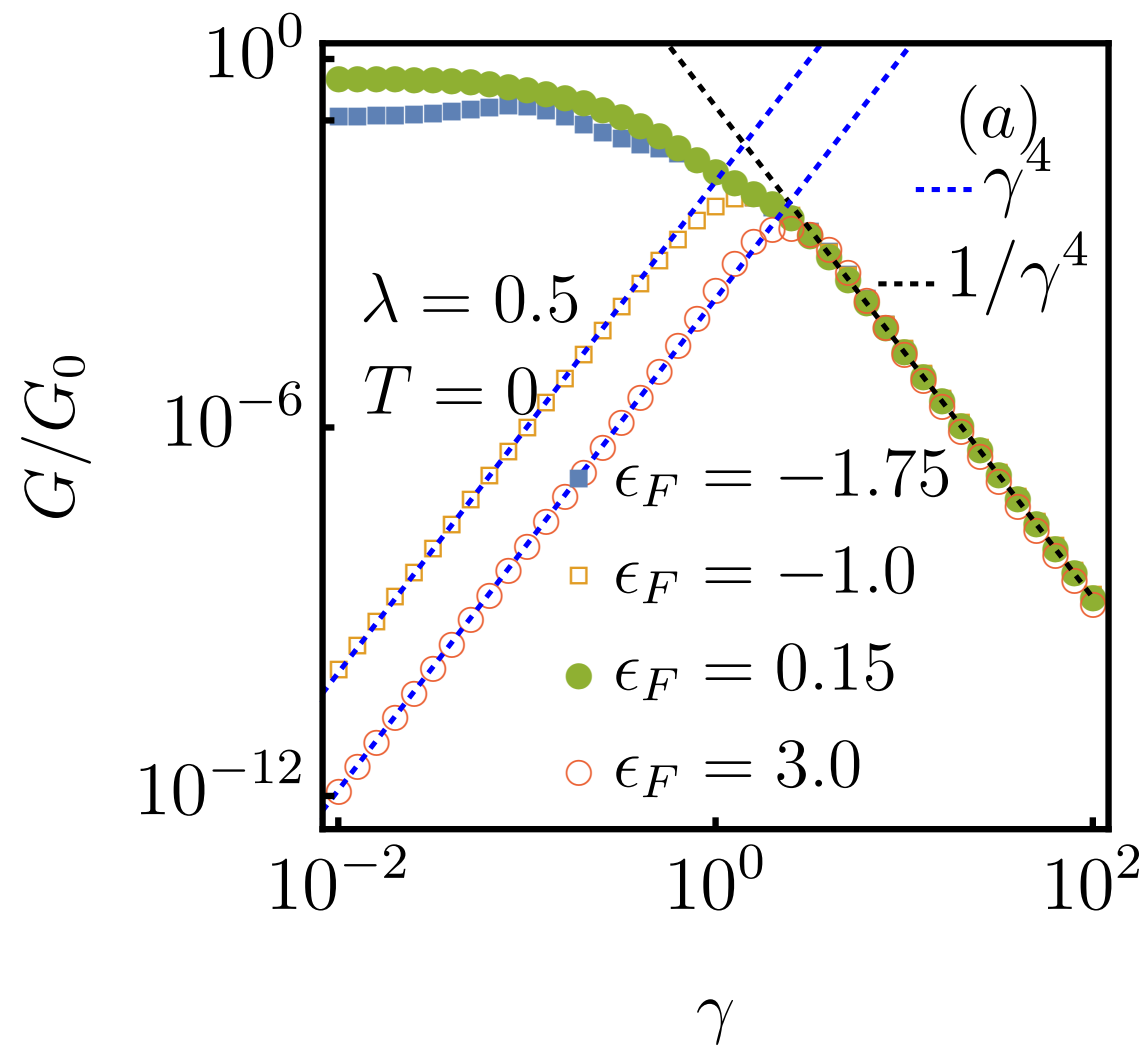
Results for AAH model



Probe coupling strength γ

Universal decay $1/\gamma^4$ and enhancement as γ^4

Results for AAH model

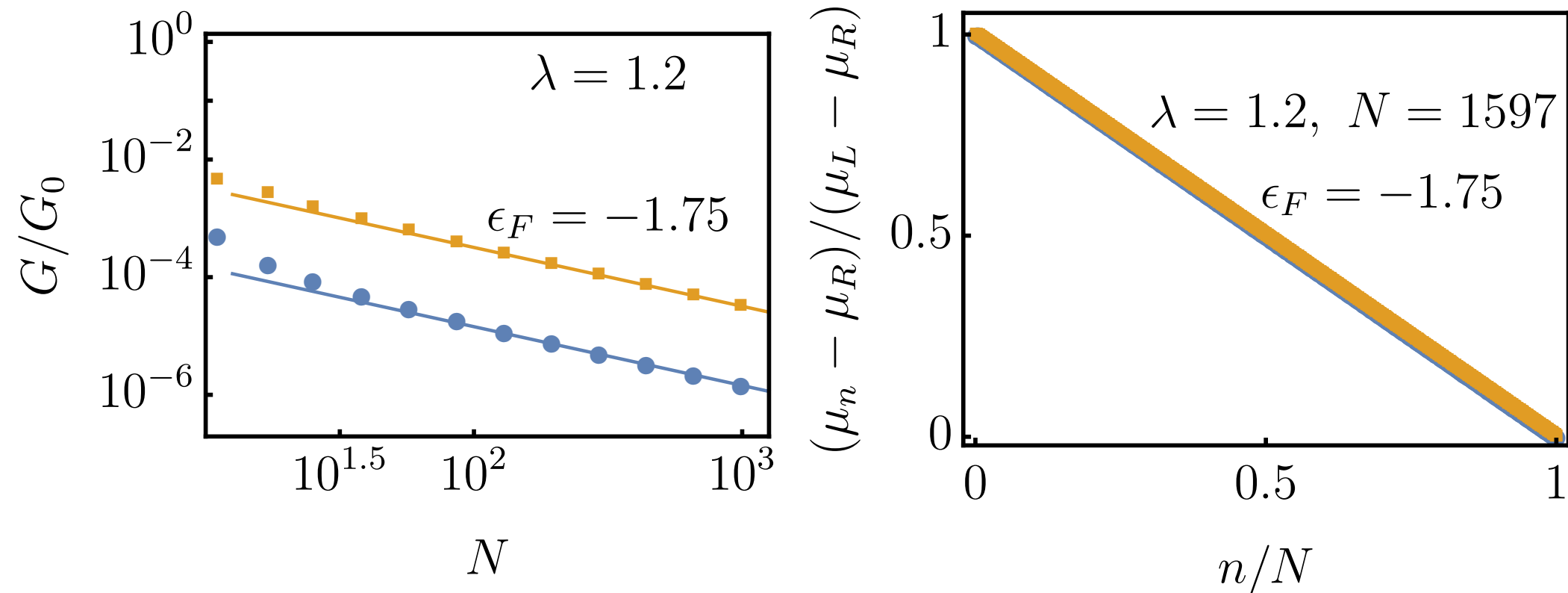


conductance for large coupling $\sim \frac{1}{N\gamma^4}$

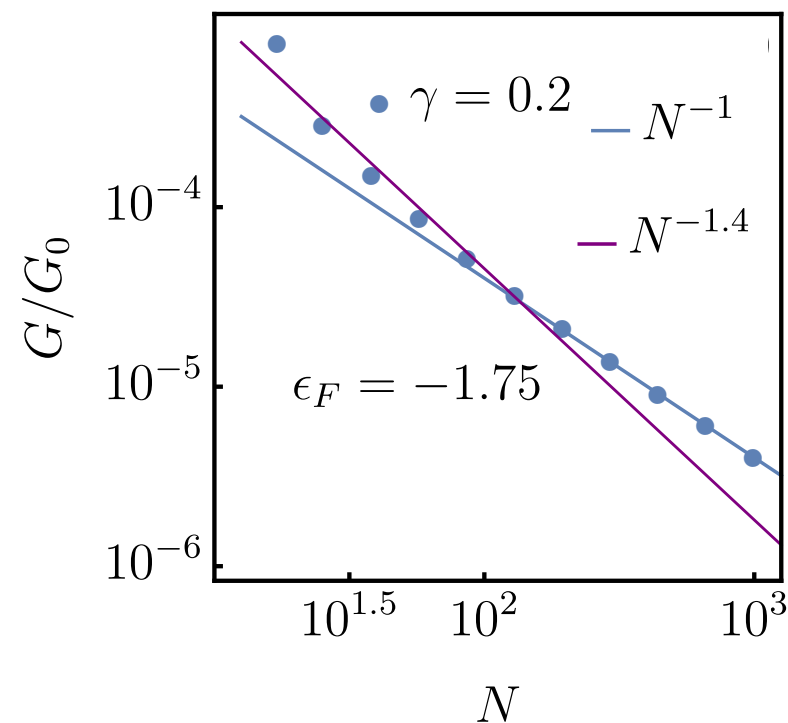
Diffusive scaling with system size for conductance

Diffusive behaviour in presence of probes

Localised regime



Critical regime



Summary Part 2

- Environment assisted quantum transport at all localised regimes
- Power law scaling in conductance with probe coupling
- For sufficiently strong coupling transport eventually becomes diffusive at all regimes

Thank you!



MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT

Max Planck India
Mobility Grant

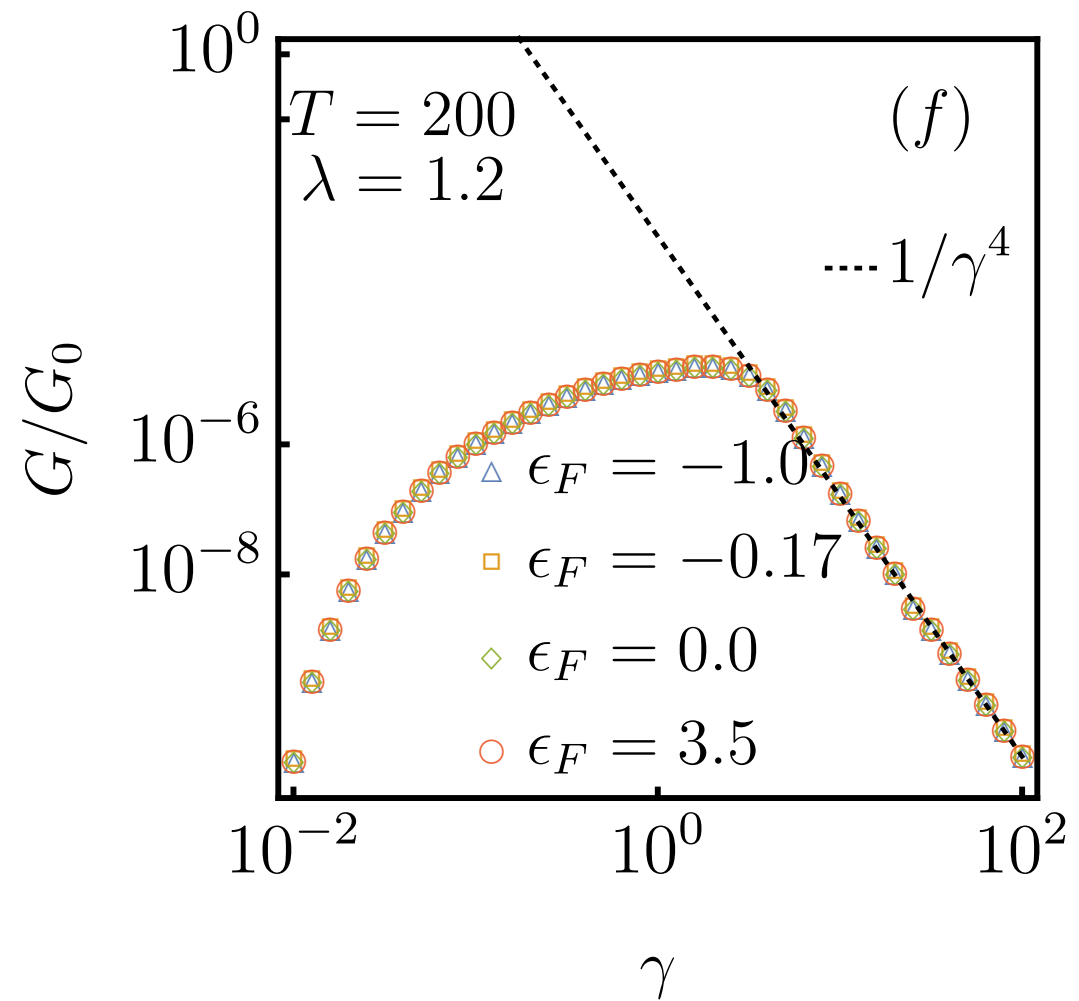
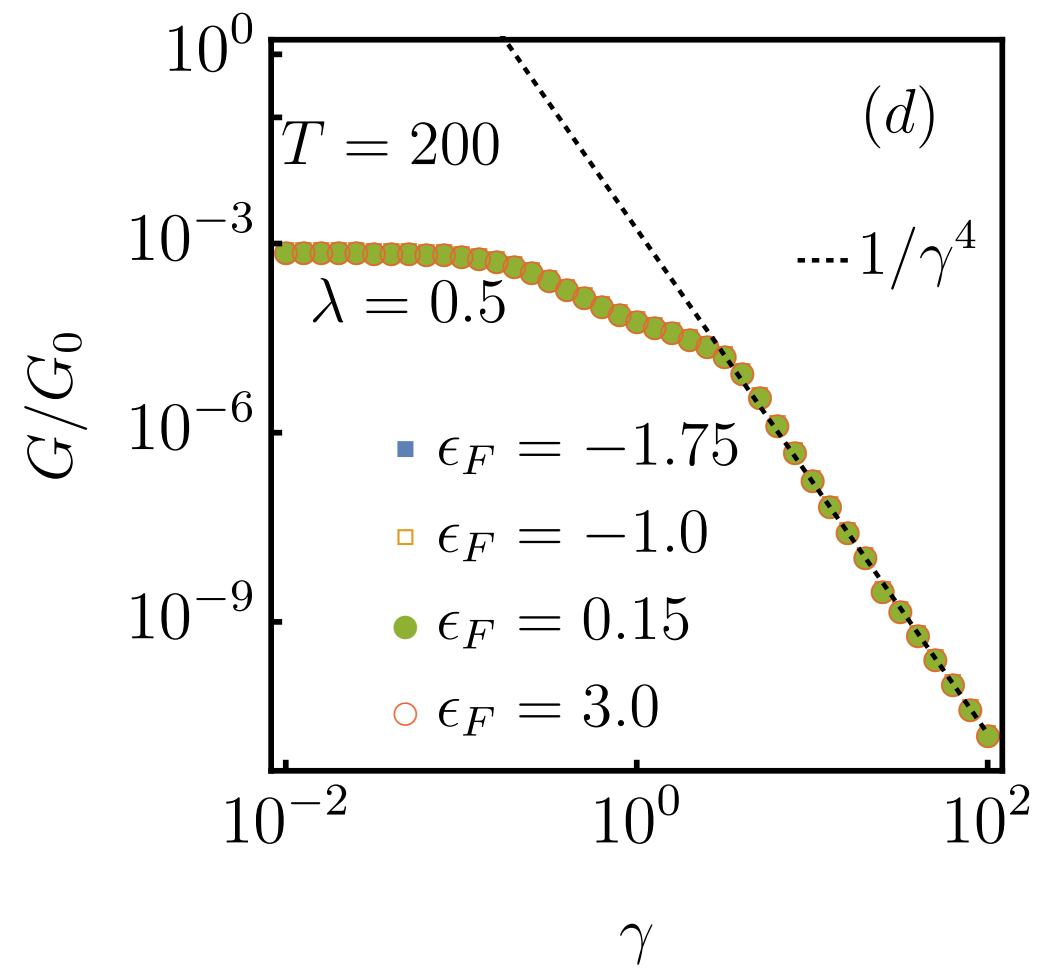


SERB, India



Shastri Indo-Canada
research grant

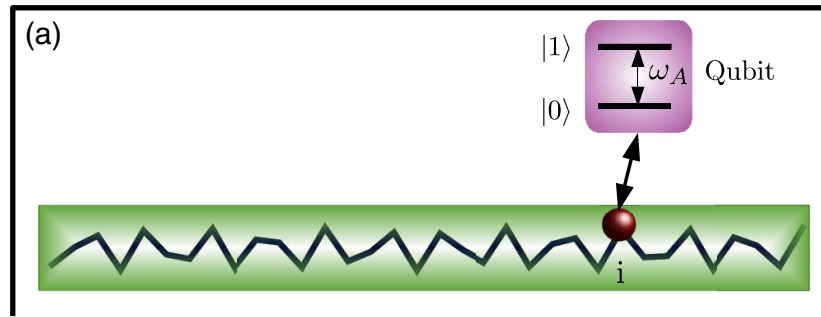
Results at finite temperature





Dephasing Spin-Boson Solution

$$\hat{c}_i = \sum_{k=1}^N S_{i,k} \hat{\eta}_k$$



$$g_k^i = g S_{i,k}$$

$$\hat{H}_{1q}^{SB} = \frac{\omega_A}{2} \hat{\sigma}_z^i + \sum_{k=1}^N \omega_k \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger \hat{\eta}_k + \sum_{k=1}^N \hat{\sigma}_z^i (g_k^i \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger + g_k^{i*} \hat{\eta}_k)$$

$$\hat{\rho}(0) = \hat{\rho}_s(0) \otimes (e^{-\beta \hat{H}} / Z_\beta) \quad Z_\beta = \text{Tr}_B[e^{-\beta \hat{H}}]$$

Solution:

$$\hat{\sigma}_-^i(t) = e^{-i\omega_A t} \hat{\sigma}_-^i(0) \otimes \prod_{k=1}^N \hat{D}_k(\alpha_k^i)$$

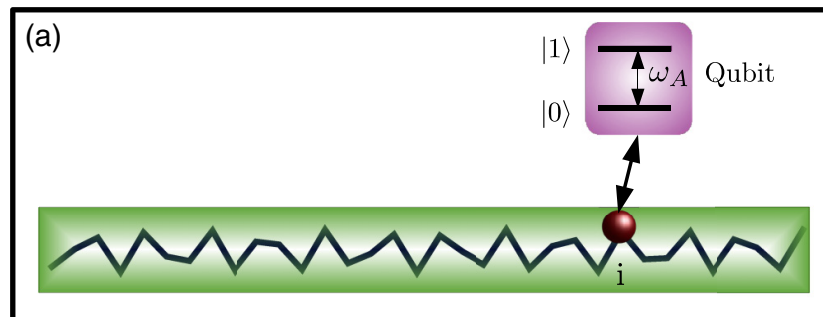
$$\hat{\sigma}_z(t) = \hat{\sigma}_z(0)$$

$$\alpha_k^i = \frac{2g_k^i(1 - e^{i\omega_k t})}{\omega_k}$$

$$\hat{D}_k(\alpha) = \exp[\alpha \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger(0) - \alpha^* \hat{\eta}_k(0)]$$

Dephasing Spin-Boson Solution

$$\hat{c}_i = \sum_{k=1}^N S_{i,k} \hat{\eta}_k$$



$$g_k^i = g S_{i,k}$$

$$\hat{H}_{1q}^{SB} = \frac{\omega_A}{2} \hat{\sigma}_z^i + \sum_{k=1}^N \omega_k \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger \hat{\eta}_k + \sum_{k=1}^N \hat{\sigma}_z^i (g_k^i \hat{\eta}_k^\dagger + g_k^{i*} \hat{\eta}_k)$$

$$\langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(t) \rangle = \langle \hat{\sigma}_-^i(0) \rangle e^{-i\omega_A t - \Gamma_i(t)},$$

$$\Gamma_i(t) = 4 \sum_{k=1}^N |g_k^i|^2 \coth\left(\frac{\beta\omega_k}{2}\right) \frac{1 - \cos(\omega_k t)}{\omega_k^2}.$$

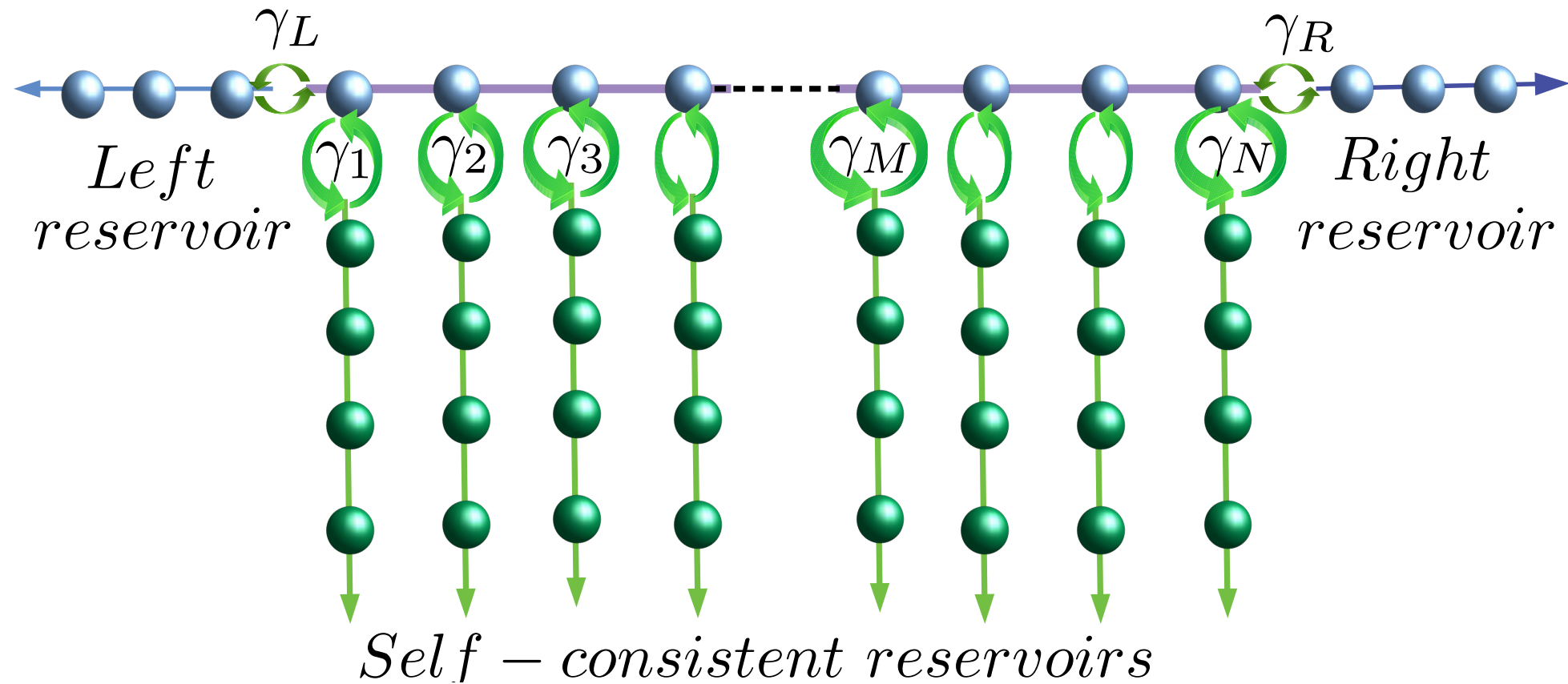
$$\Gamma_i(t) = \Gamma_{i,\text{vac}}(t) + \Gamma_{i,\text{th}}(t)$$

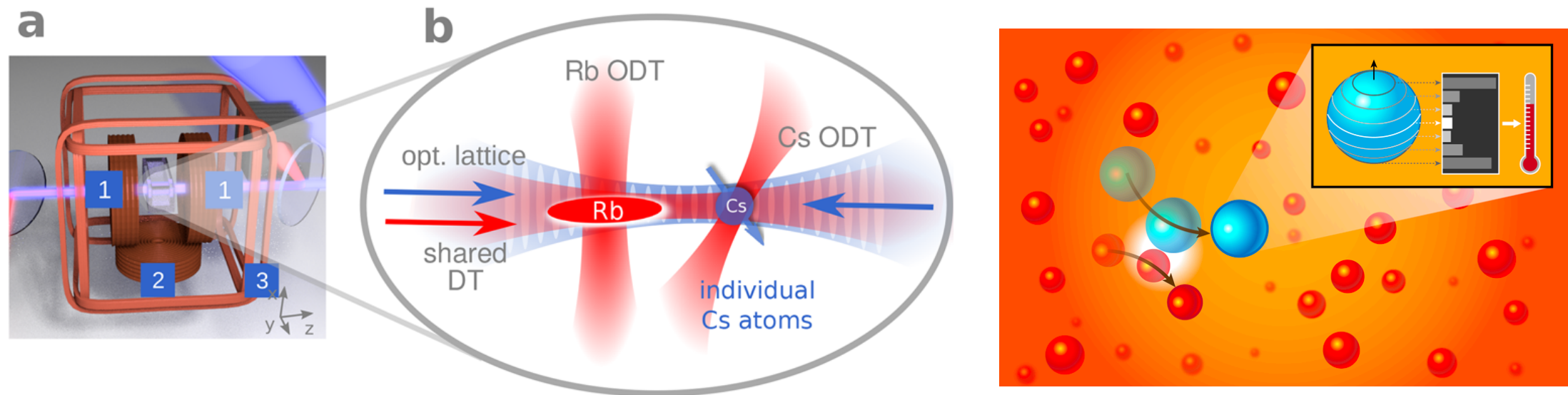
$$\Gamma_{i,\text{vac}}(t) = \sum_{k=1}^N \frac{|\alpha_k^i|^2}{2}$$

$$\Gamma_{i,\text{th}}(t) = \sum_{k=1}^N \bar{n}(\beta, \omega_k) |\alpha_k^i|^2$$

Second Set-up

Quasi-periodic lattice + Buttiker probes





Artur Widera Group, Mainz, Phys. Status Solidi B 2019, 256, 1800710; [Phys. Rev. X 10, 011018 \(2020\)](#);
 Stephen Clark, Physics Viewpoint 13, 7