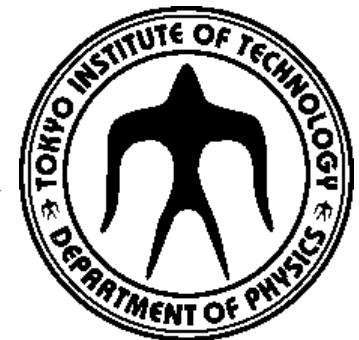


Probing Neutron Halo Nuclei by Breakup Reactions

Takashi Nakamura
Tokyo Institute of Technology



Advances in Nuclear Physics 2011, Goa, India (Nov.5-7,2011)

Contents

1

Introduction

----Halo, Drip Line, and Shell Evolution

Probe of Halo Nuclei:

Coulomb Breakup & Nuclear Breakup

Eg. ^{11}Be , ^{11}Li , ^{14}Be

2

Coulomb/Nuclear Breakup of ^{31}Ne and ^{22}C

at RI Beam Factory, RIKEN

^{31}Ne : T. Nakamura, N.Kobayashi et al., PRL 103, 262501 (2009).

3

Coulomb/Nuclear Breakup of ^{29}Ne , $^{33,35,37}Mg$, and $^{39,41}Si$

at RI Beam Factory, RIKEN

Preliminary

4

Summary and Outlook

Evolution Towards the Stability Limit

Where is the neutron drip line?

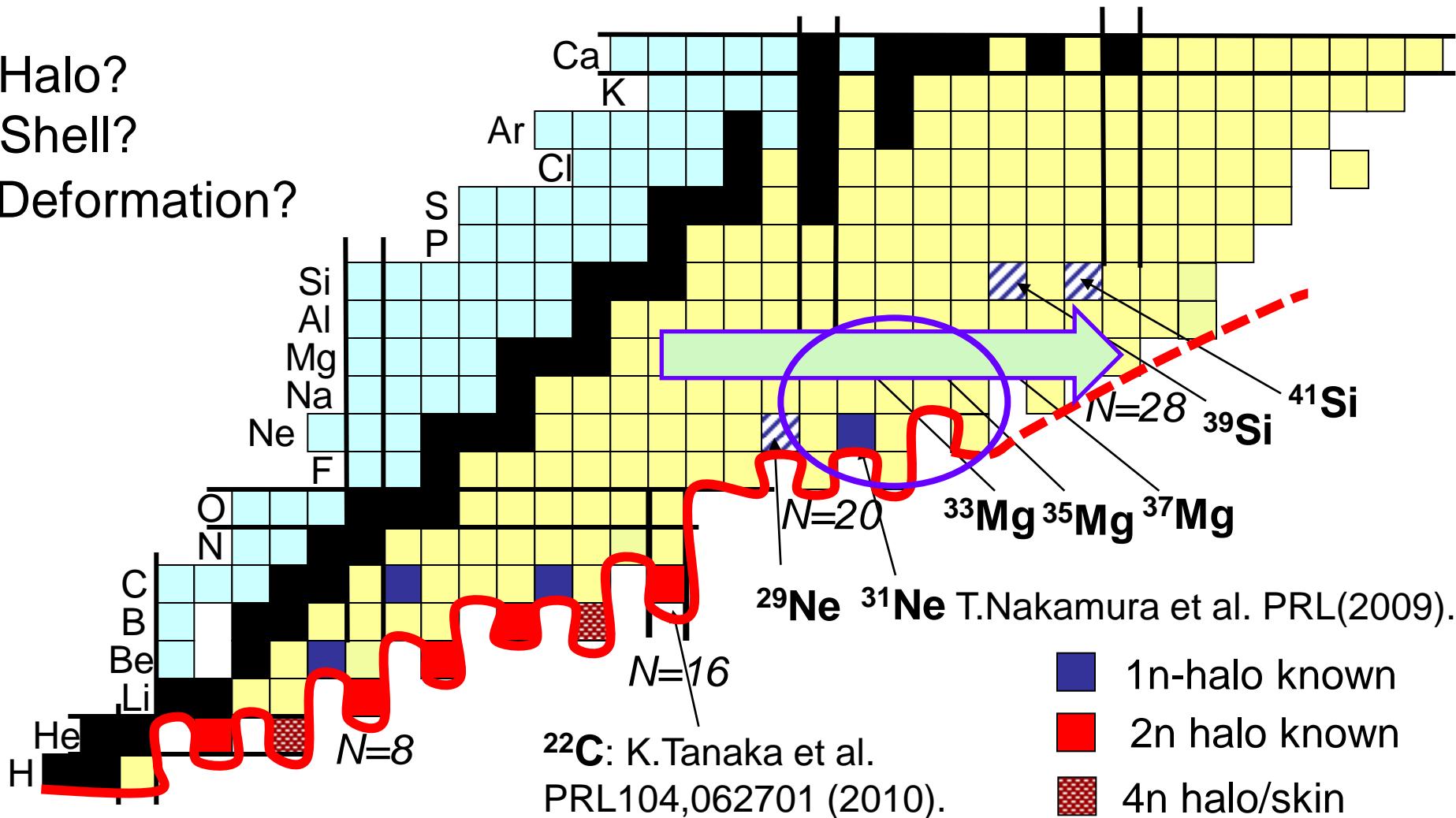
What are characteristic features of drip-line nuclei?

How does nuclear structure evolve towards the drip line?

Halo?

Shell?

Deformation?



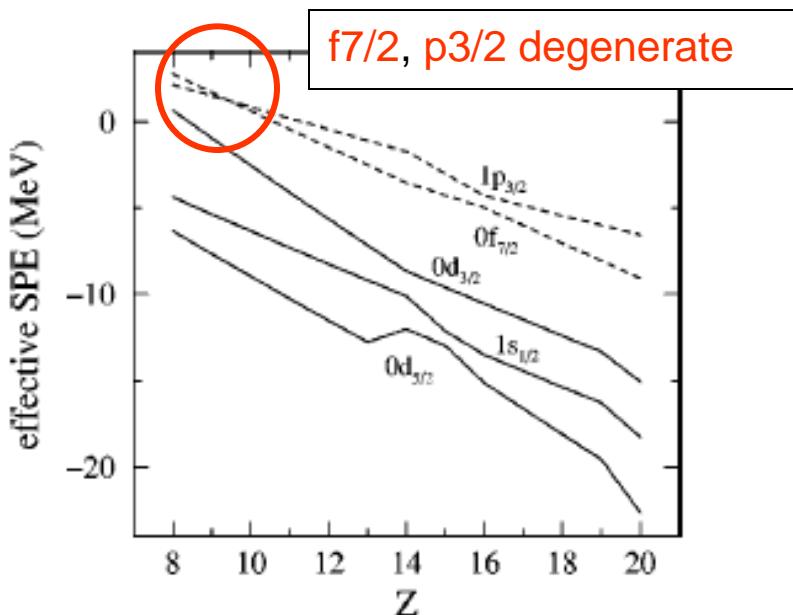
Condition of Halo Formation (1n halo nuclei)

- Low S_n value ($<\sim 1$ MeV)
- Dominance of **s** or **p** orbital for the valence neutron

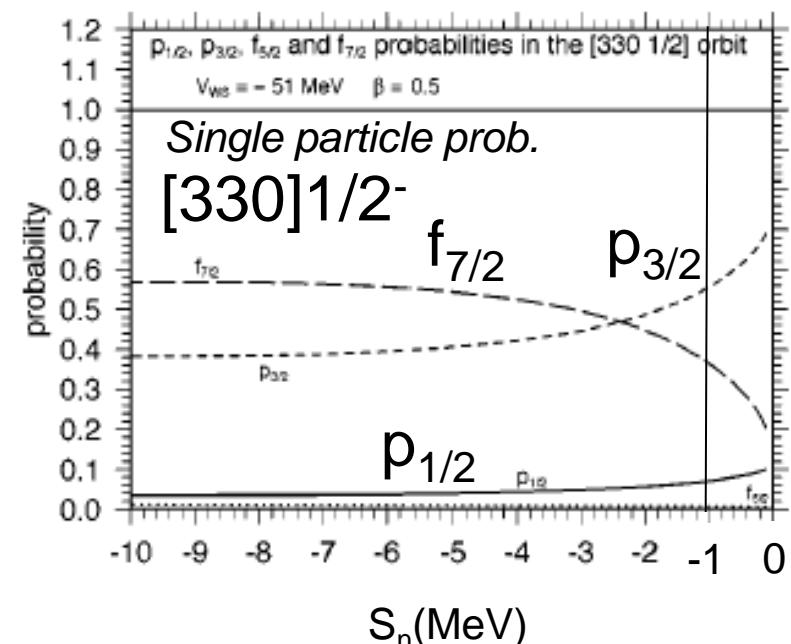
$20 < N < 28 \rightarrow$ valence neutron: $f_{7/2}$

Conventional Shell order forbids the formation of halo

Shell-melting, Deformation \rightarrow Halo formation?



Y.Utsuno, T.Otsuka et al.
PRC 054315 (1999).

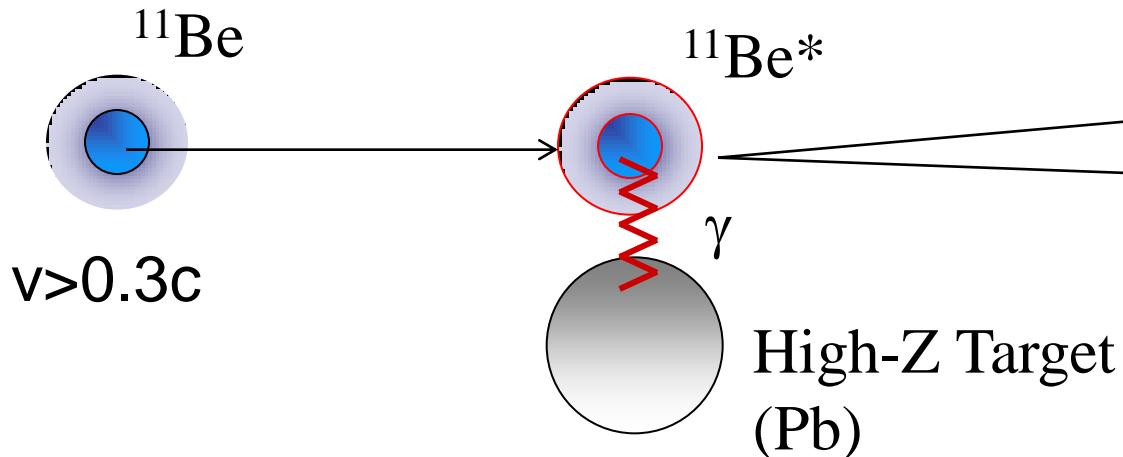


Loosely-bound \rightarrow Low I orbit dominance

I.Hamamoto PRC69, 041306(R)(2004).
Misu et al. NPA614, 44(1997).

Probe-1: Coulomb Breakup

→ Photon absorption of a fast projectile

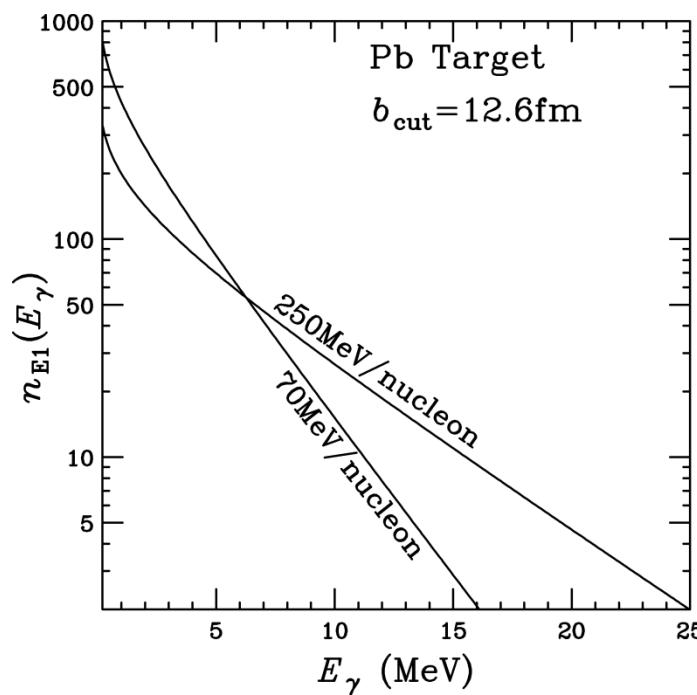
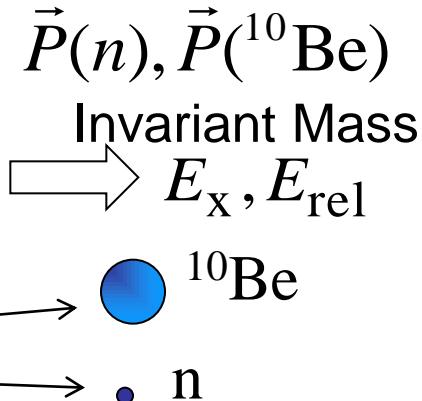


Equivalent Photon Method

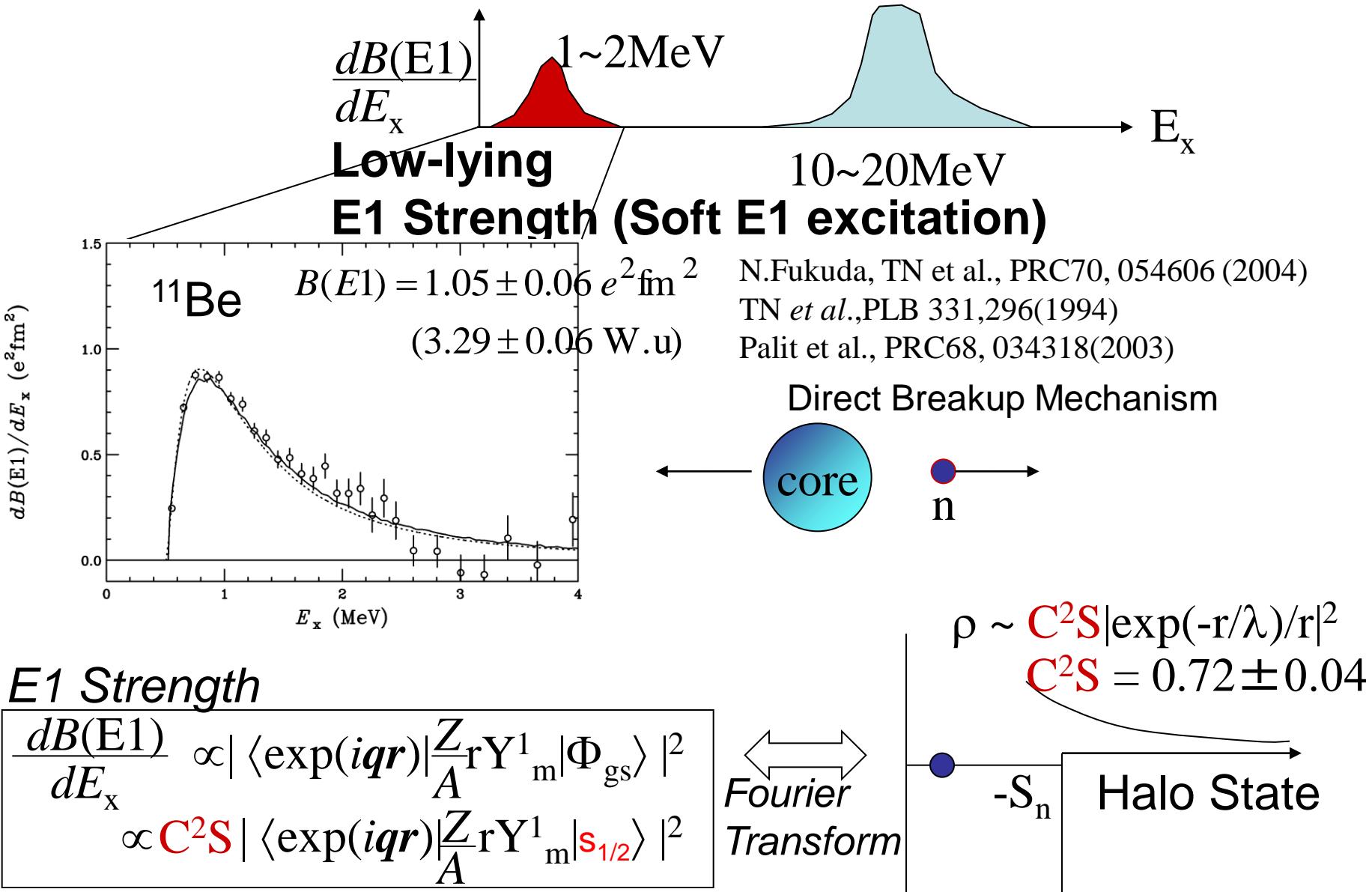
$$\frac{d\sigma_{CB}}{dE_x} = \frac{16\pi^3}{9\hbar c} N_{E1}(E_x) \frac{dB(E1)}{dE_x}$$

Cross section = (Photon Number) x (Transition Probability)

C.A. Bertulani, G. Baur, Phys. Rep. 163, 299(1988).



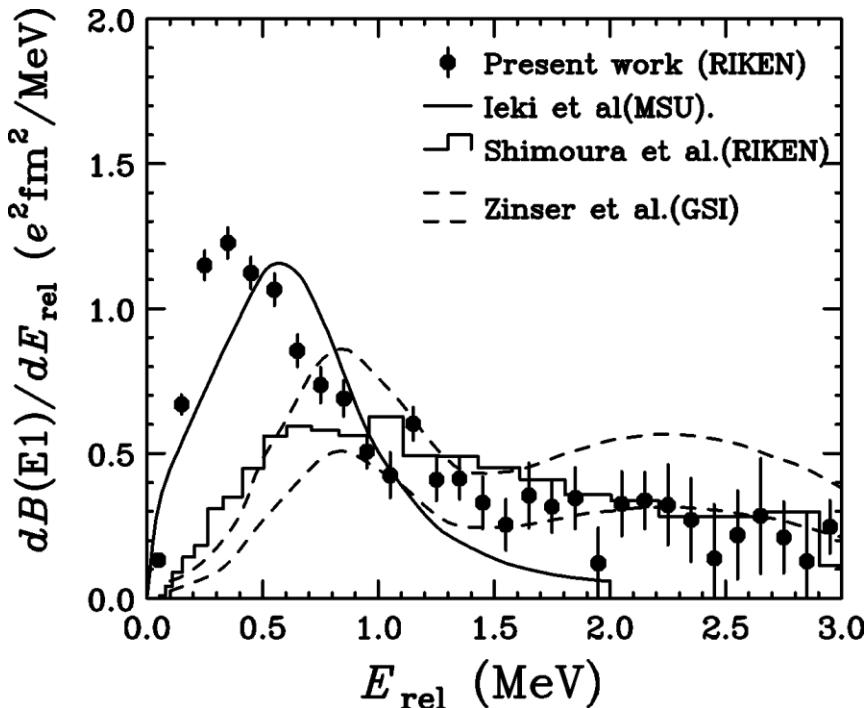
E1 Response of halo nuclei (Coulomb Breakup of 1n halo)



Dineutron Correlation in ^{11}Li (Coulomb Breakup of 2n halo)

T.Nakamura

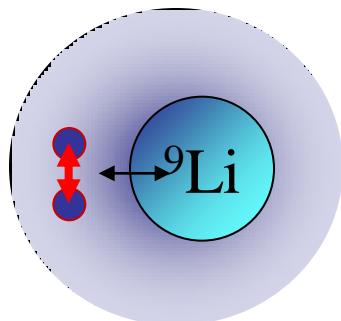
et al. PRL96,252502(2006).



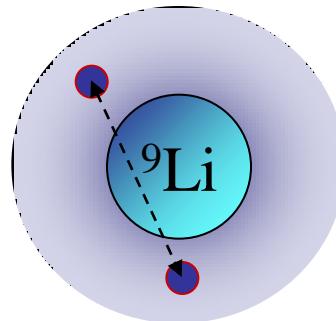
$$B(E1) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dB(E1)}{dE_x} dE_x$$

$$= \frac{3}{4\pi} \left(\frac{Ze}{A} \right)^2 \left\langle r_1^2 + r_2^2 + 2(\vec{r}_1 \cdot \vec{r}_2) \right\rangle$$

$$B(E1) = 1.42 \pm 0.18 \text{ } e^2 \text{ fm}^2 (E_{\text{rel}} \leq 3 \text{ MeV})$$
$$\rightarrow 1.78(22) \text{ } e^2 \text{ fm}^2 \rightarrow \theta_{12} = 48^{+14}_{-18} \text{ deg.}$$

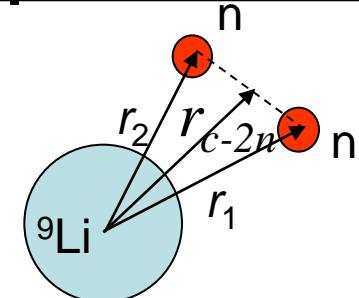


Dineutron Correlation
→Strongly Polarized
→ **Strong E1 Excitation**



Weak 2n correlation
→Weakly Polarized
→ **Weak E1 Excitation**

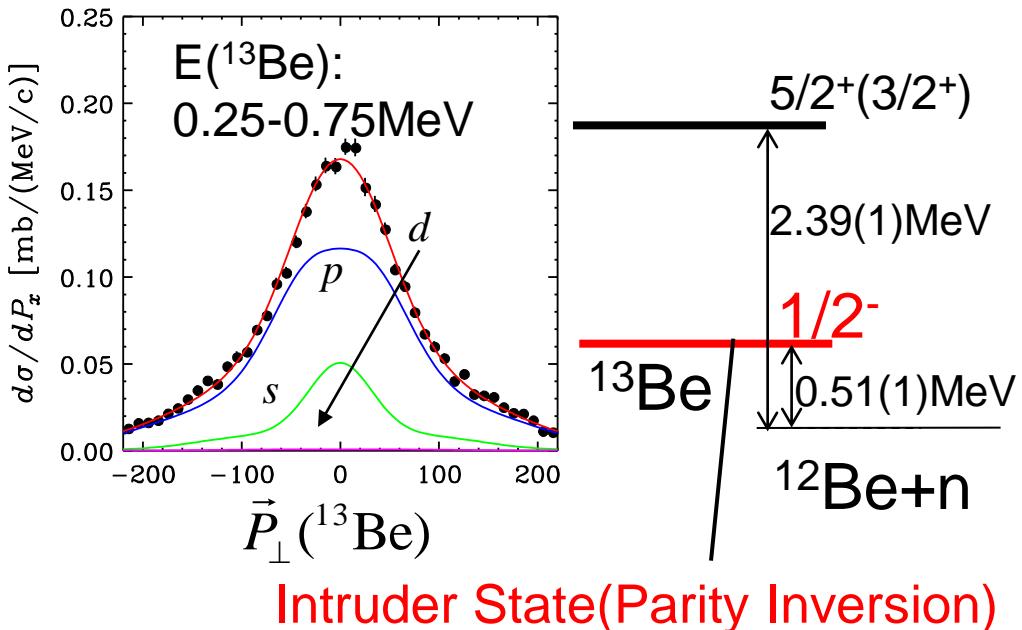
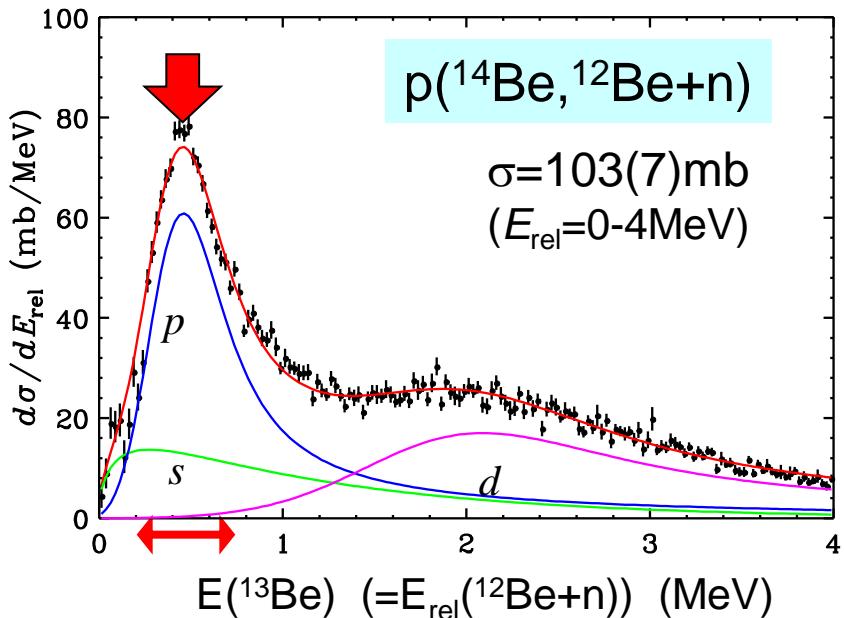
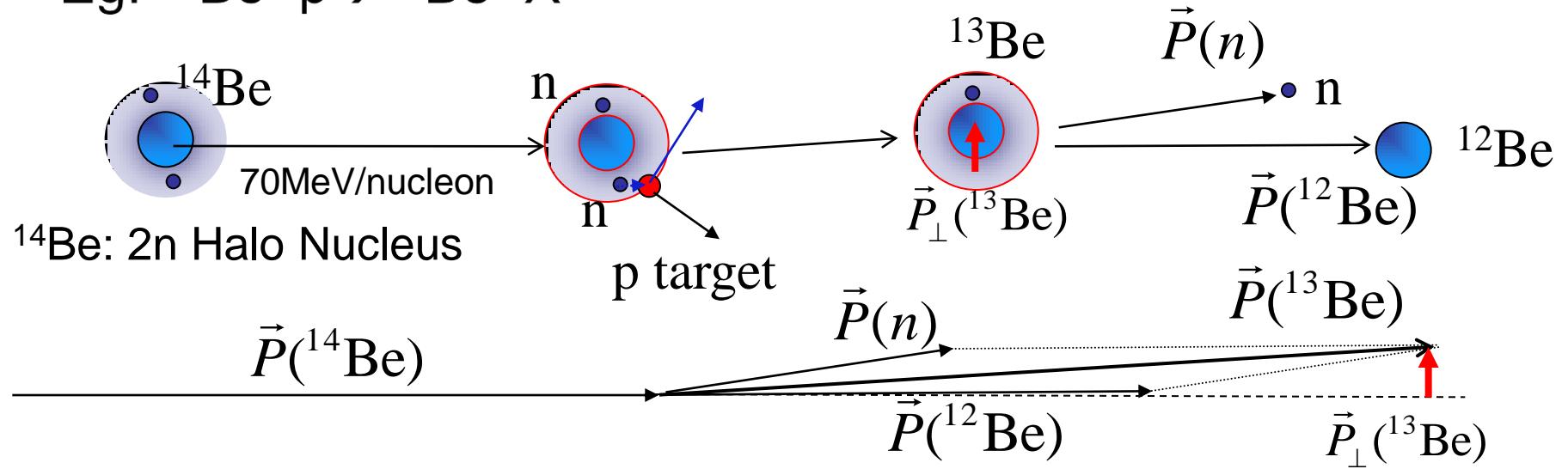
Soft E1 Excitation of 2n-halo—+dineutron-like correlation



Probe-II: Nuclear Breakup (momentum distribution)

Eg. $^{14}\text{Be} + p \rightarrow ^{13}\text{Be} + X$

Y.Kondo, TN et al. PLB 690, 245 (2010).



Coulomb Breakup of ^{31}Ne and ^{22}C Nuclear Breakup of ^{31}Ne

@ RI Beam Factory, RIKEN

^{31}Ne Coulomb Breakup:

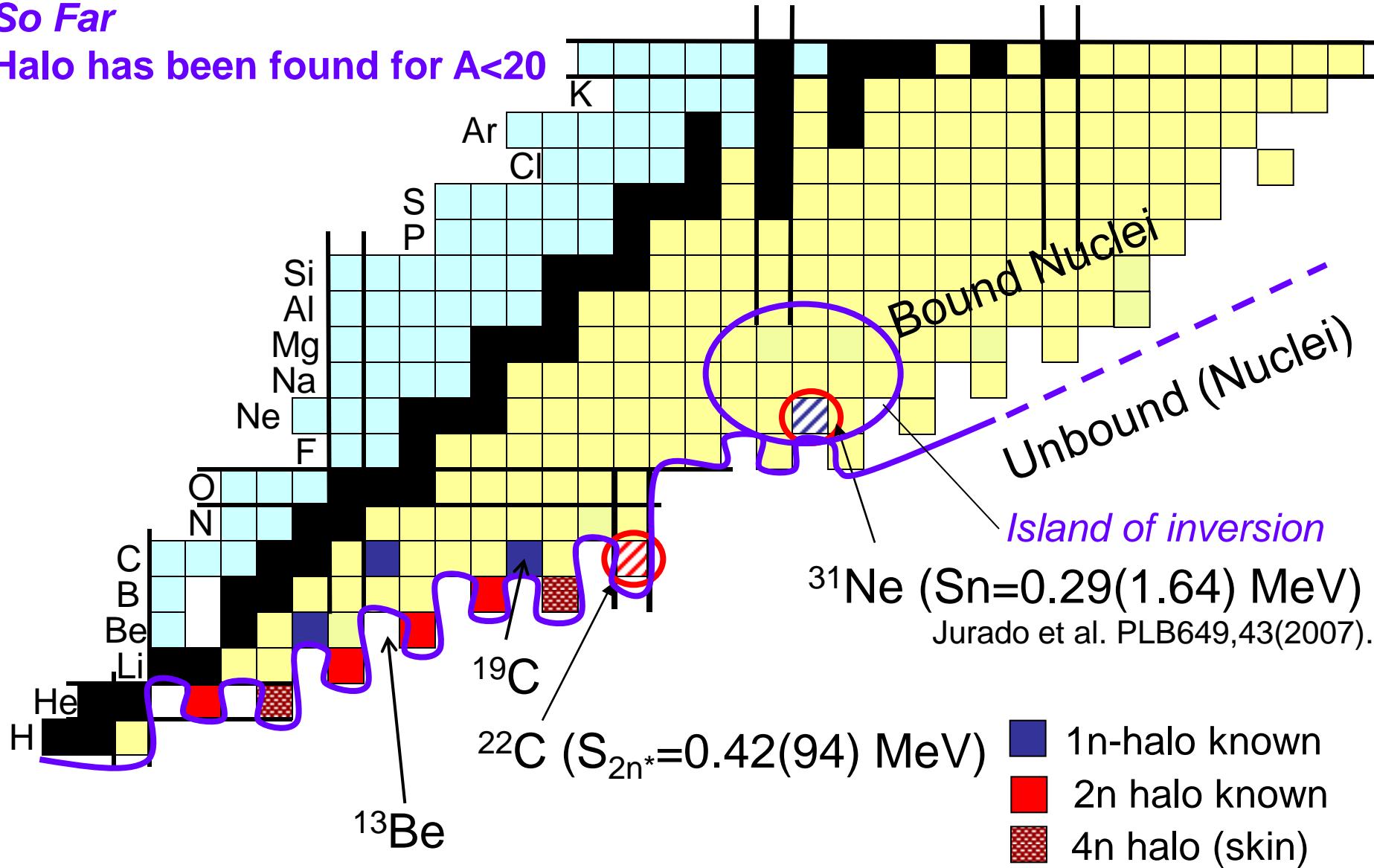
T. Nakamura, N.Kobayashi et al., PRL 103, 262501 (2009).

How Halo is formed in heavy drip-line nuclei?

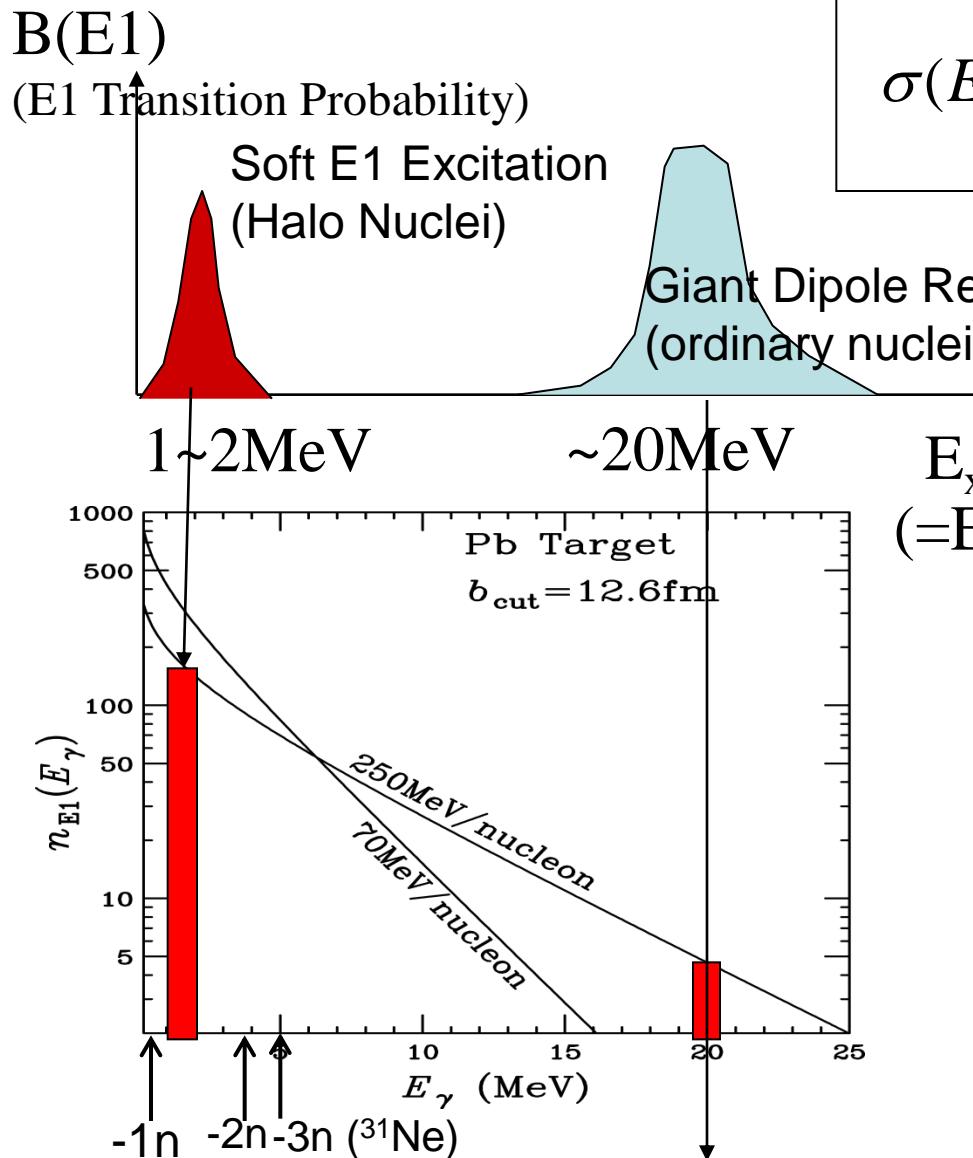
Halo is abundant?

So Far

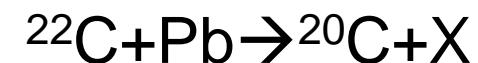
Halo has been found for $A < 20$



Inclusive Coulomb Breakup



$$\sigma(E1) = \int_{Eth}^{\infty} \frac{16\pi^3}{9\hbar c} N_{E1}(E_x) \frac{dB(E1)}{dE_x} dE_x$$



Halo/Non Halo can be distinguished only from the inclusive cross section !

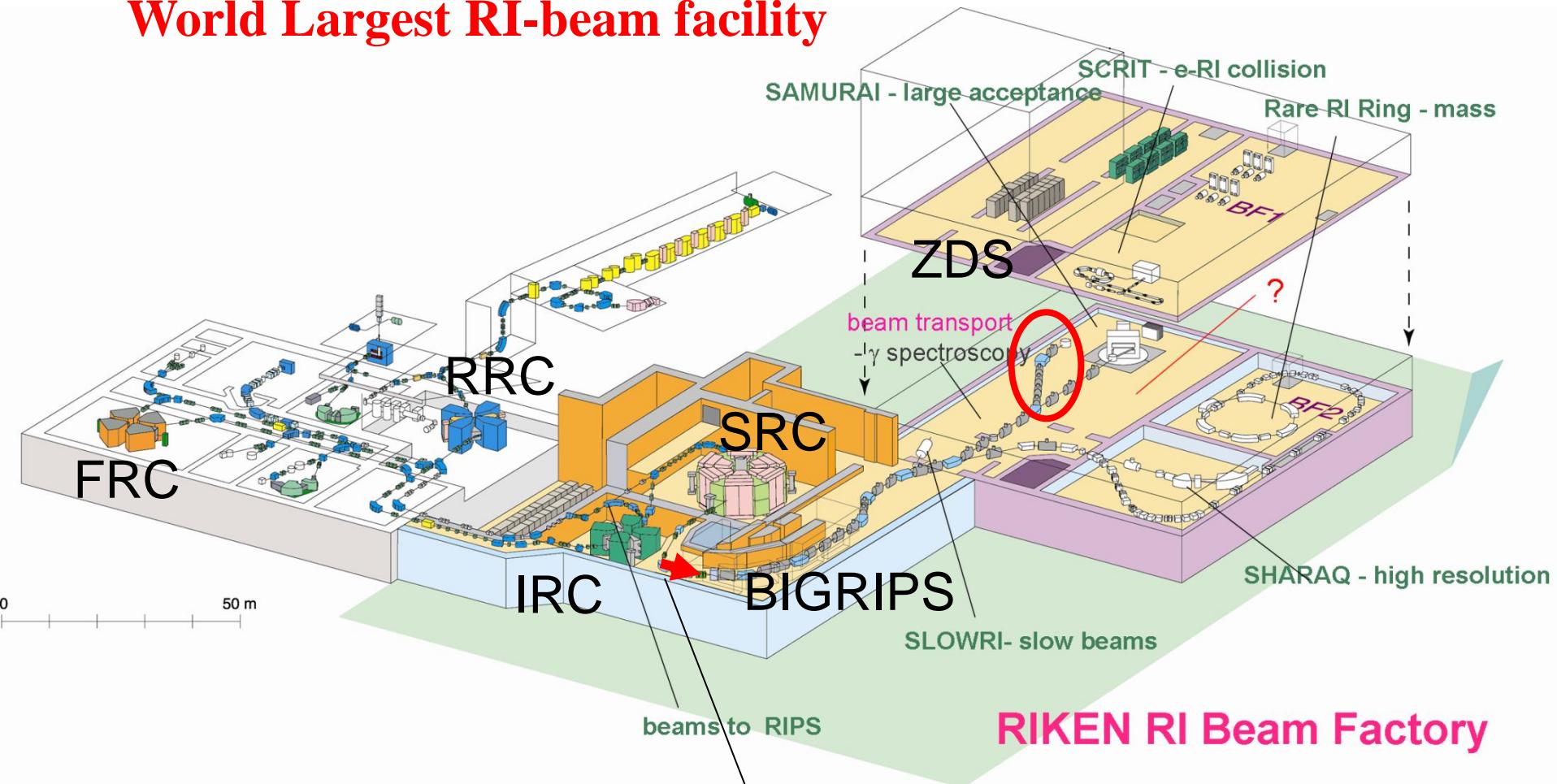
$$\sigma(E1) \sim 0.5\text{--}1\text{b}$$

$$<\sim 0.1\text{b}$$

RIKEN RI Beam Factory (RIBF)

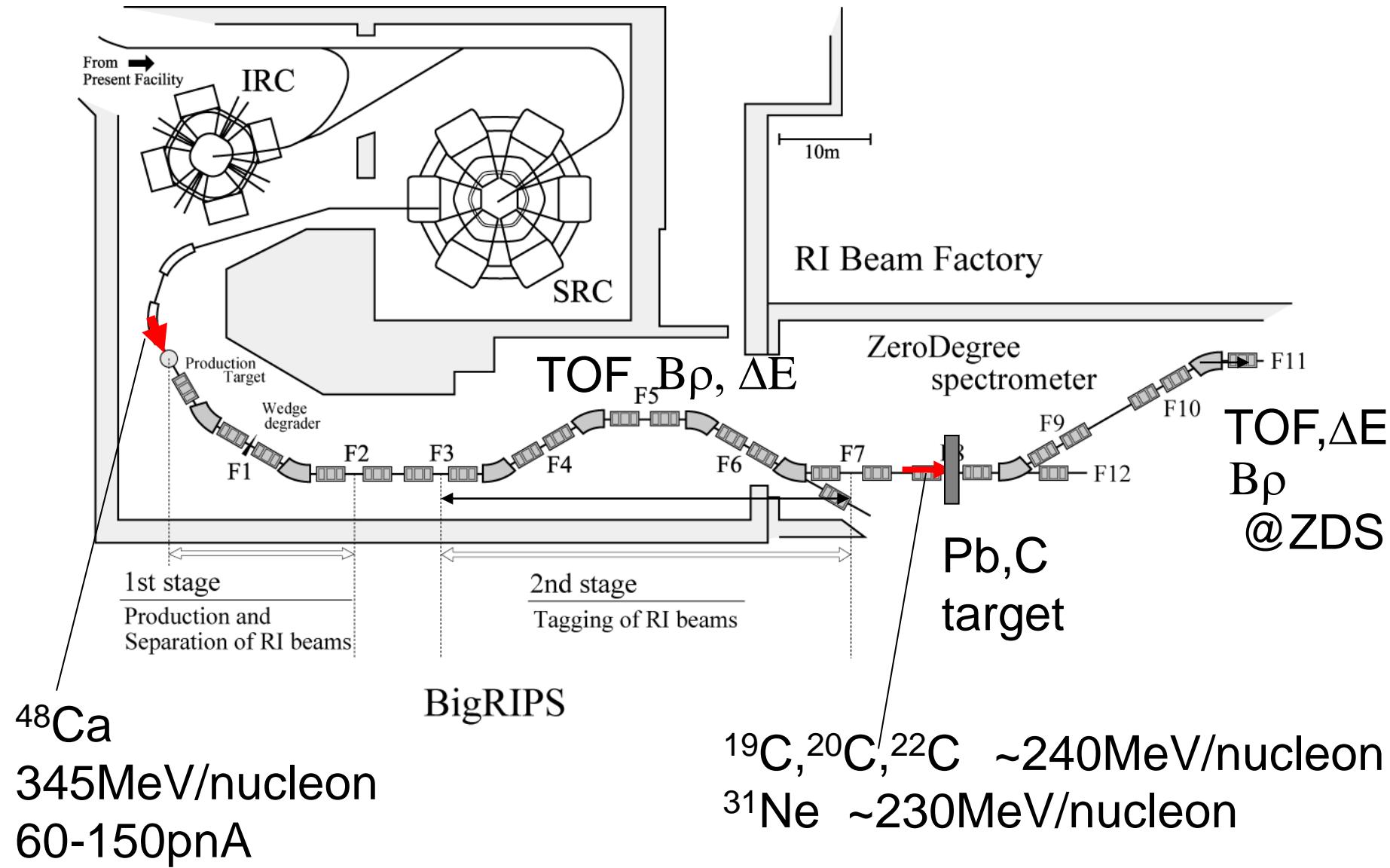
Completed in 2007

World Largest RI-beam facility

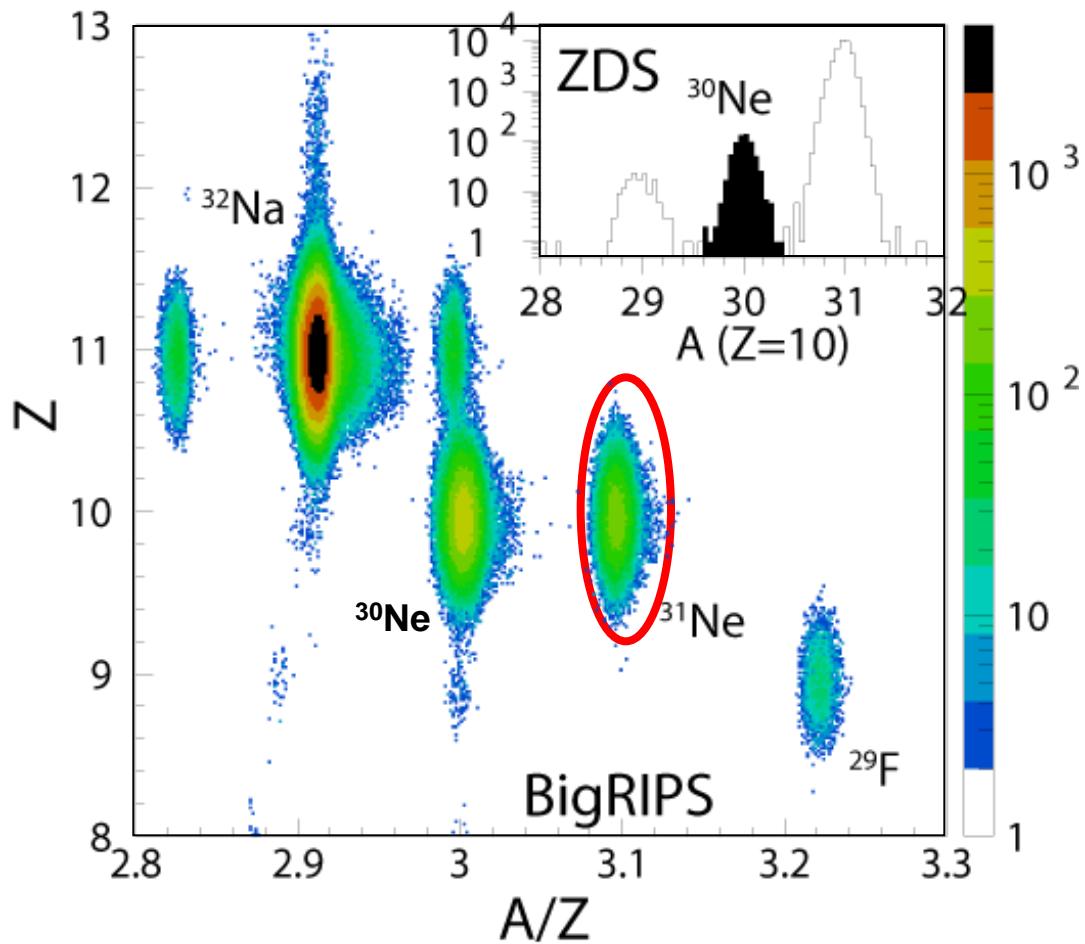


^{48}Ca 345MeV/nucleon
~60pnA (Typical)

Experiment at BigRIPS & ZDS at RIBF



Particle Identification: $^{31}\text{Ne} \rightarrow ^{30}\text{Ne}$



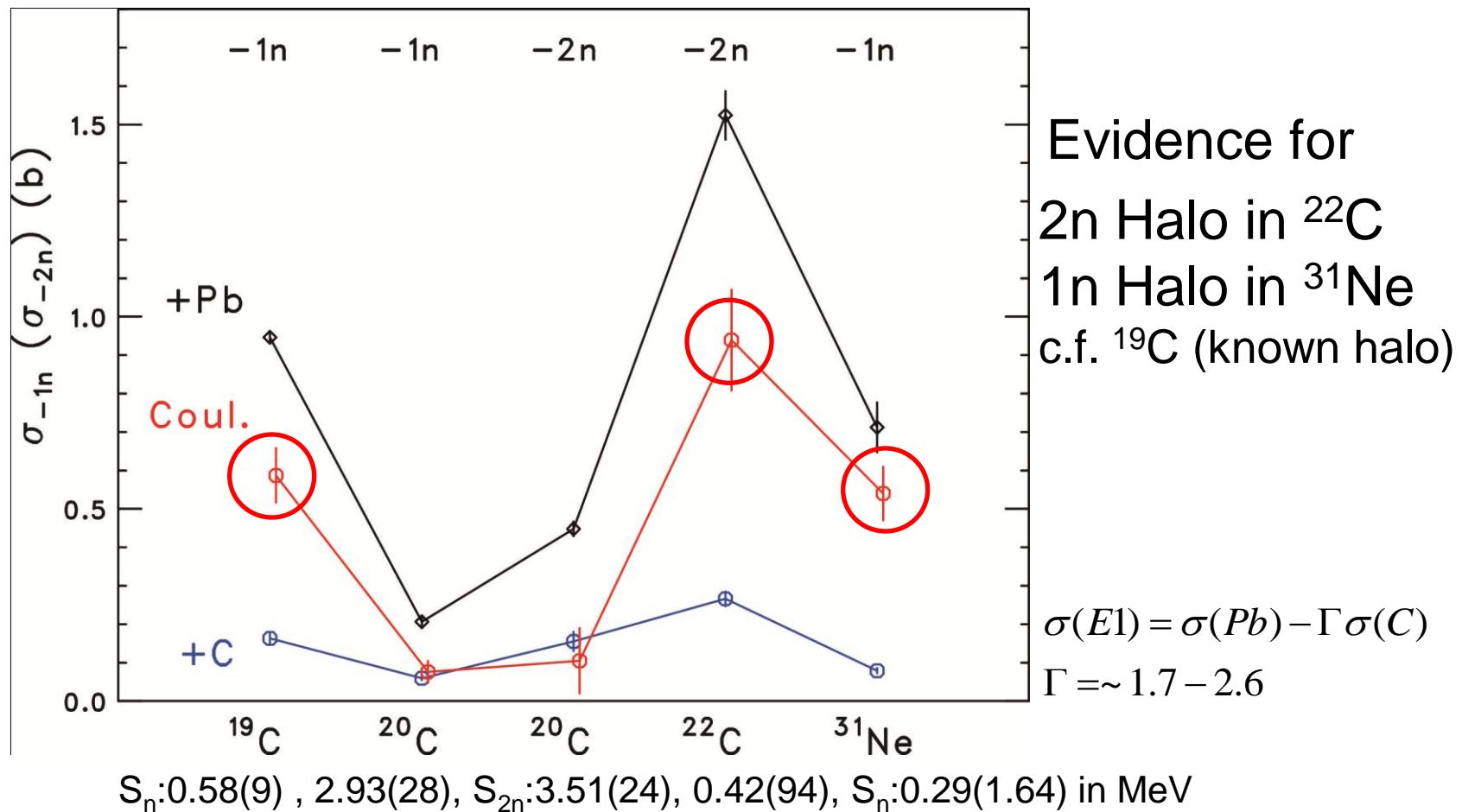
RI beam Intensity
@RIBF
 $\sim 10^3\text{-}10^4$ times/RIPS

$^{31}\text{Ne} \sim 5$ counts/s
 $^{22}\text{C} \sim 6$ counts/s

c.f. About 10 years ago...
 ^{31}Ne -- 4 counts/day
@RIPS
H.Sakurai et al.,
PRC54,2802R(1996).

1n(or 2n) removal cross section

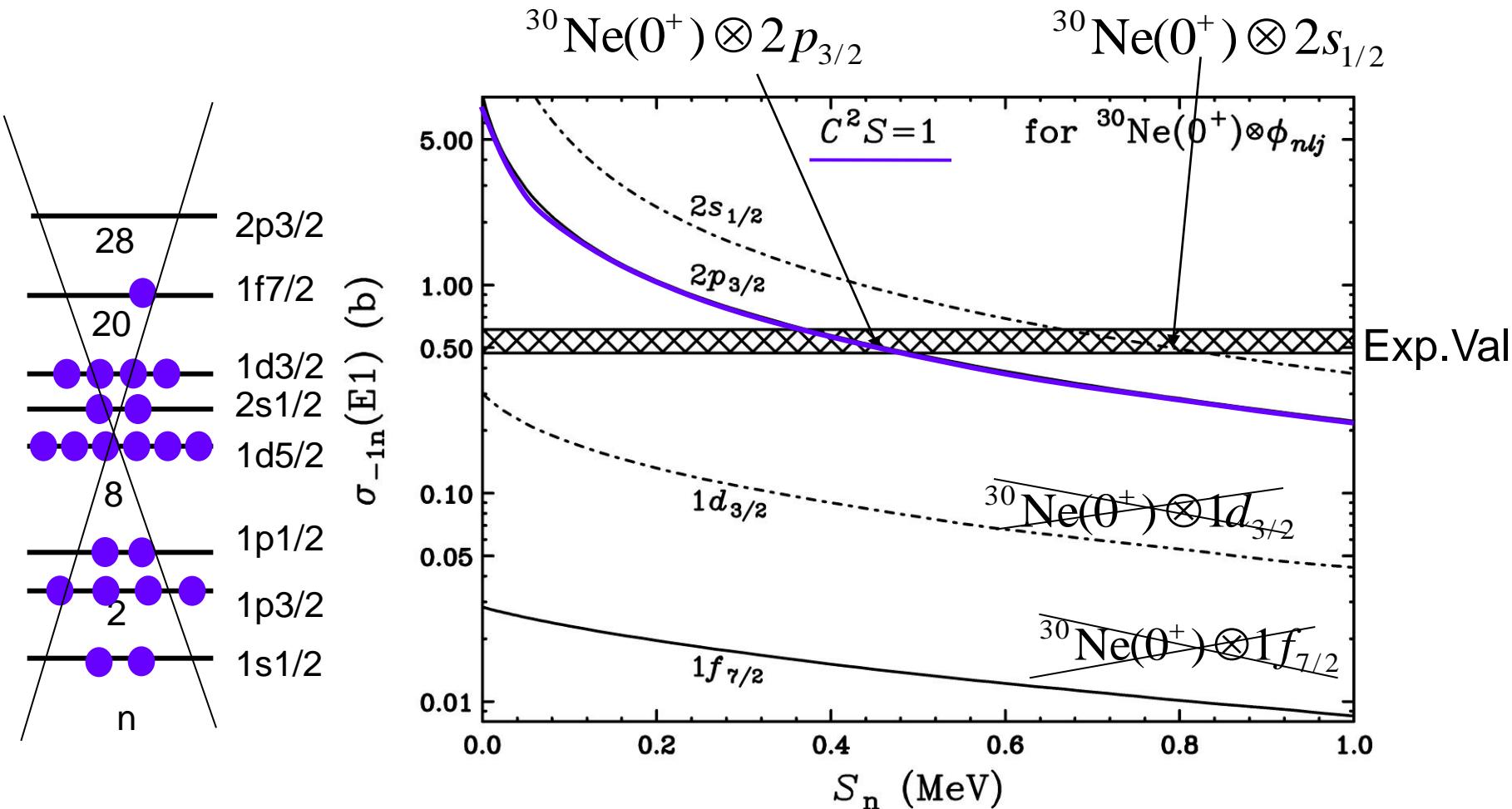
→Coulomb breakup cross section



^{22}C : Reaction cross section, K.Tanaka et al.PRL104,062701 (2010).

^{31}Ne : Reaction cross section, M. Takechi et al.(2011)

^{31}Ne ($N=21$) Shell Configuration



$2p_{3/2}$ or $2s_{1/2}$ Low-L orbits \rightarrow Large E1 \rightarrow 1n-halo structure of ^{31}Ne
 $^{30}\text{Ne}(0^+) \otimes 1f_{7/2}$ Excluded \rightarrow Shell gaps(20,28) vanish at ^{31}Ne
 \rightarrow Island of inversion

Still Unknown: Sn/Configuration Mixing $C^2 S < 1$

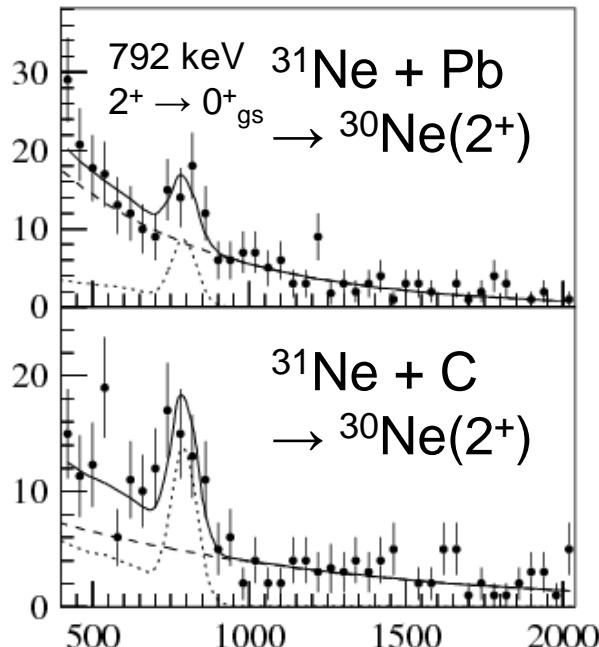
How the ^{31}Ne g.s. is made of ?

→ γ and Nuclear Breakup data

Monte Carlo Shell Model
by Utsuno ,Otsuka
→ $3/2^-$ g.s.

$$\begin{aligned} {}^{30}\text{Ne}(0^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2} & C^2S = 0.12 \\ {}^{30}\text{Ne}(2^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2} & C^2S = 0.27 \\ {}^{30}\text{Ne}(2^+) \otimes 1f_{7/2} & C^2S = 0.25 \end{aligned}$$

Possible Large Proportion for the ${}^{30}\text{Ne}(2^+)$ Configuration



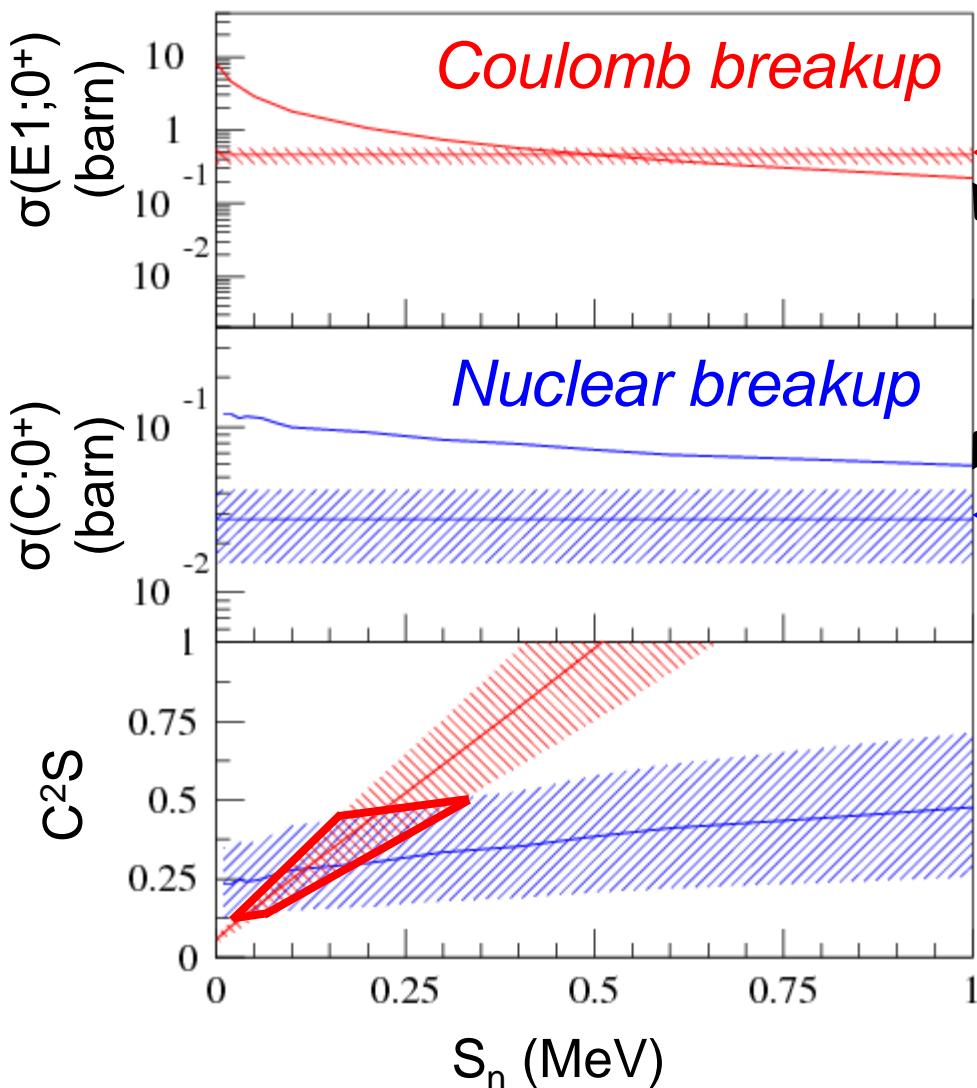
${}^{31}\text{Ne} + \text{Pb} \rightarrow {}^{30}\text{Ne}(0^+) : 0.515(103) \text{ barn}$
 ${}^{31}\text{Ne} + \text{Pb} \rightarrow {}^{30}\text{Ne}(2^+) : 0.197(79) \text{ barn}$
 $\rightarrow \sigma(E1; 0^+) = 0.45(11) \text{ barn}$
 (~90% of Total $\sigma(E1) = 0.54(7) \text{ barn}$)

${}^{31}\text{Ne} + \text{C} \rightarrow {}^{30}\text{Ne}(0^+) : 0.028(13) \text{ barn}$ ~35%
 ${}^{31}\text{Ne} + \text{C} \rightarrow {}^{30}\text{Ne}(2^+) : 0.051(12) \text{ barn}$ ~65%



Estimation of C^2S & S_n

Channel: $^{31}\text{Ne} \rightarrow ^{30}\text{Ne}(0^+)$



Exp. 0.45(11) barn

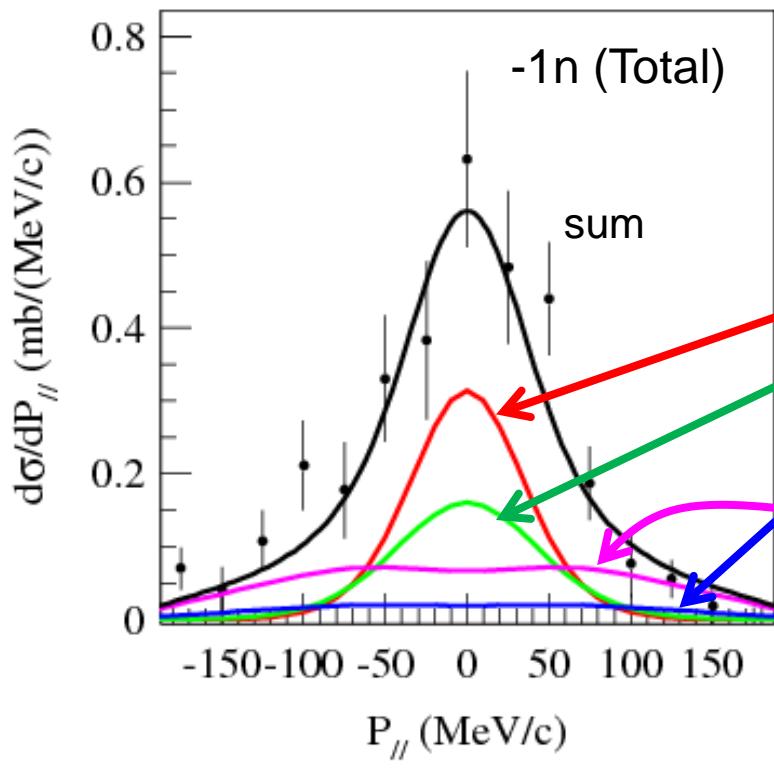
Theoretical curves:
 $|^{31}\text{Ne}_{\text{g.s.}}\rangle = |^{30}\text{Ne}(0^+) \otimes p_{3/2}\rangle$
 $(C^2S = 1)$

Exp. 0.028(13) barn

$$S_n = 0.12^{+0.21}_{-0.09} \text{ MeV}$$
$$C^2S = 0.28^{+0.23}_{-0.15}$$

Preliminary

Momentum distribution of ^{30}Ne fragment (**C target**)



$S_n = 0.12 \text{ MeV}$

| state | C^2S | $\sigma(\text{barn})$ |
|--|--------|------------------------|
| $ ^{30}\text{Ne}(0^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2}\rangle$ | 0.28 | 0.028 |
| $ ^{30}\text{Ne}(2^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2}\rangle$ | 0.27 | 0.018 |
| $ ^{30}\text{Ne}(2^+) \otimes 1f_{7/2}\rangle$ | 0.25 | 0.0058 |
| $ ^{30}\text{Ne}(4^+) \otimes 1f_{7/2}\rangle$ | 1.06 | 0.021 |
| total | | 0.073 b (0.079(7)b) |

Exp.

Shell model calculation
by using SDPF-M interaction

Preliminary

“p-wave neutron halo composed of two components”

3

Inclusive Coulomb Breakup of ^{29}Ne , $^{33,35,37}\text{Mg}$, and $^{39,41}\text{Si}$ @ RIKEN RI BEAM FACTORY

^{48}Ca

345MeV/nucleon

~120pnA

(~Double compared to Day-one exp)

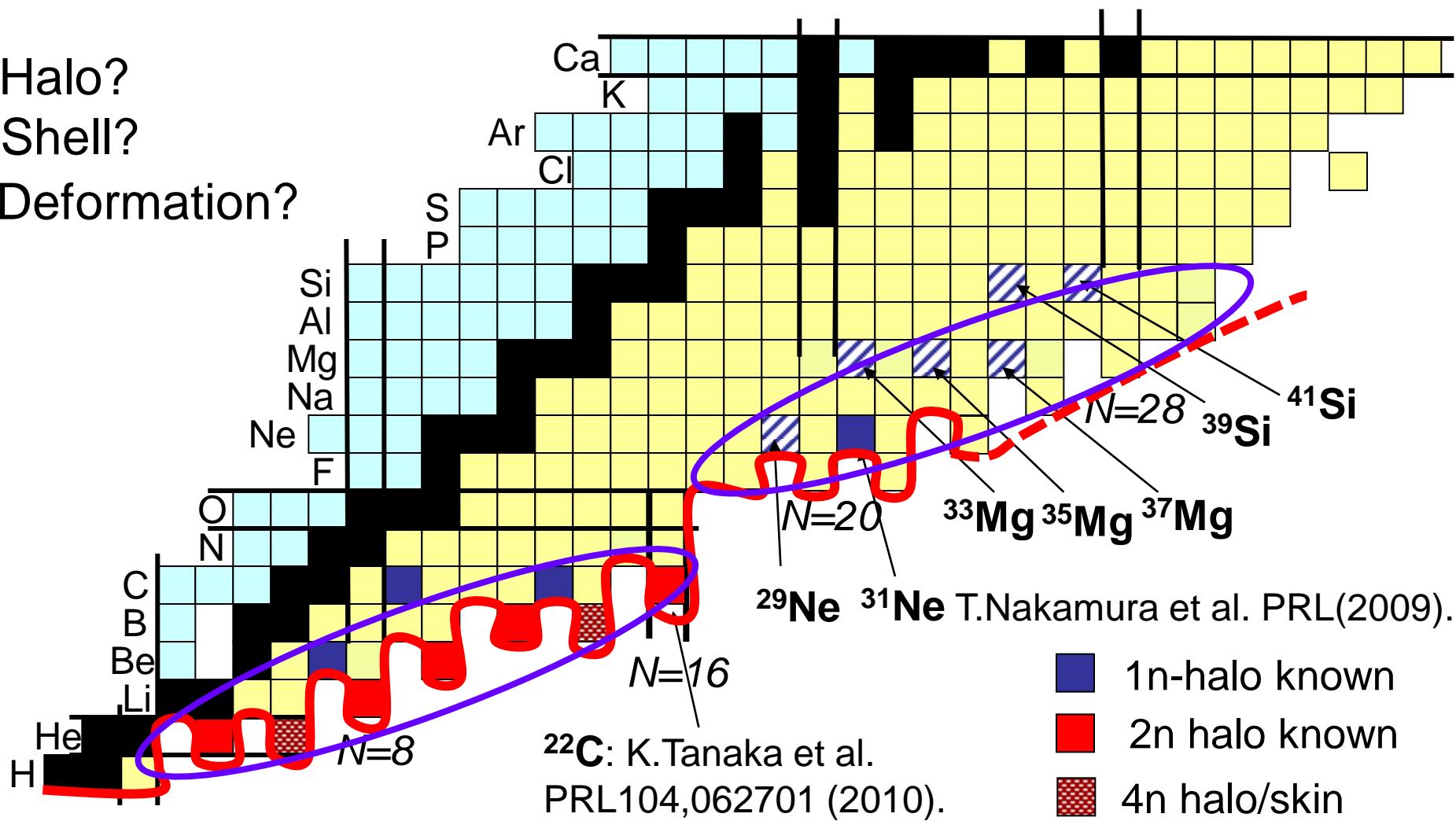
Evolution Towards the Stability Limit

A 30~40 ($20 < N < 28$)

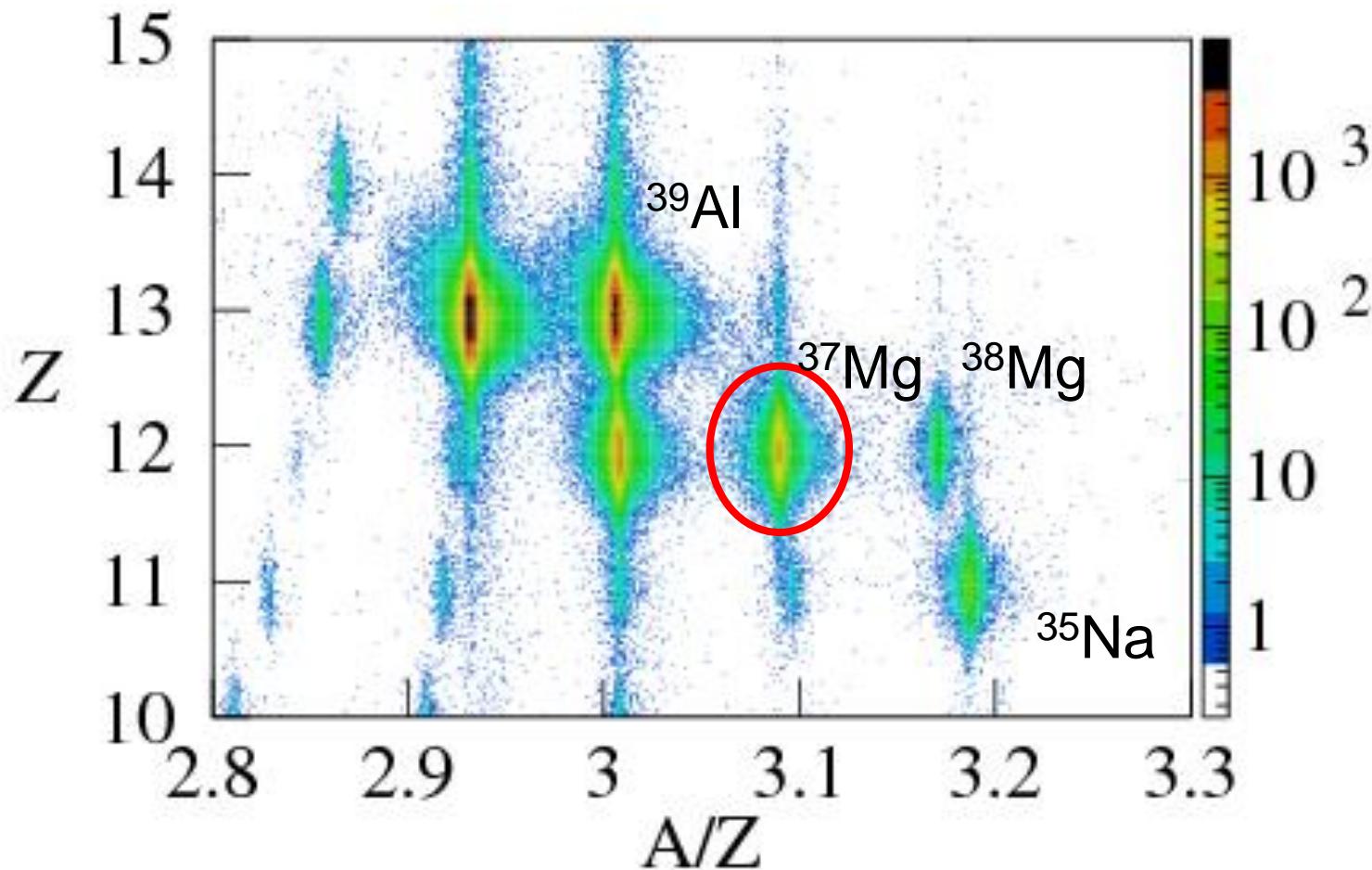
Halo?

Shell?

Deformation?



Particle Identification: ^{37}Mg

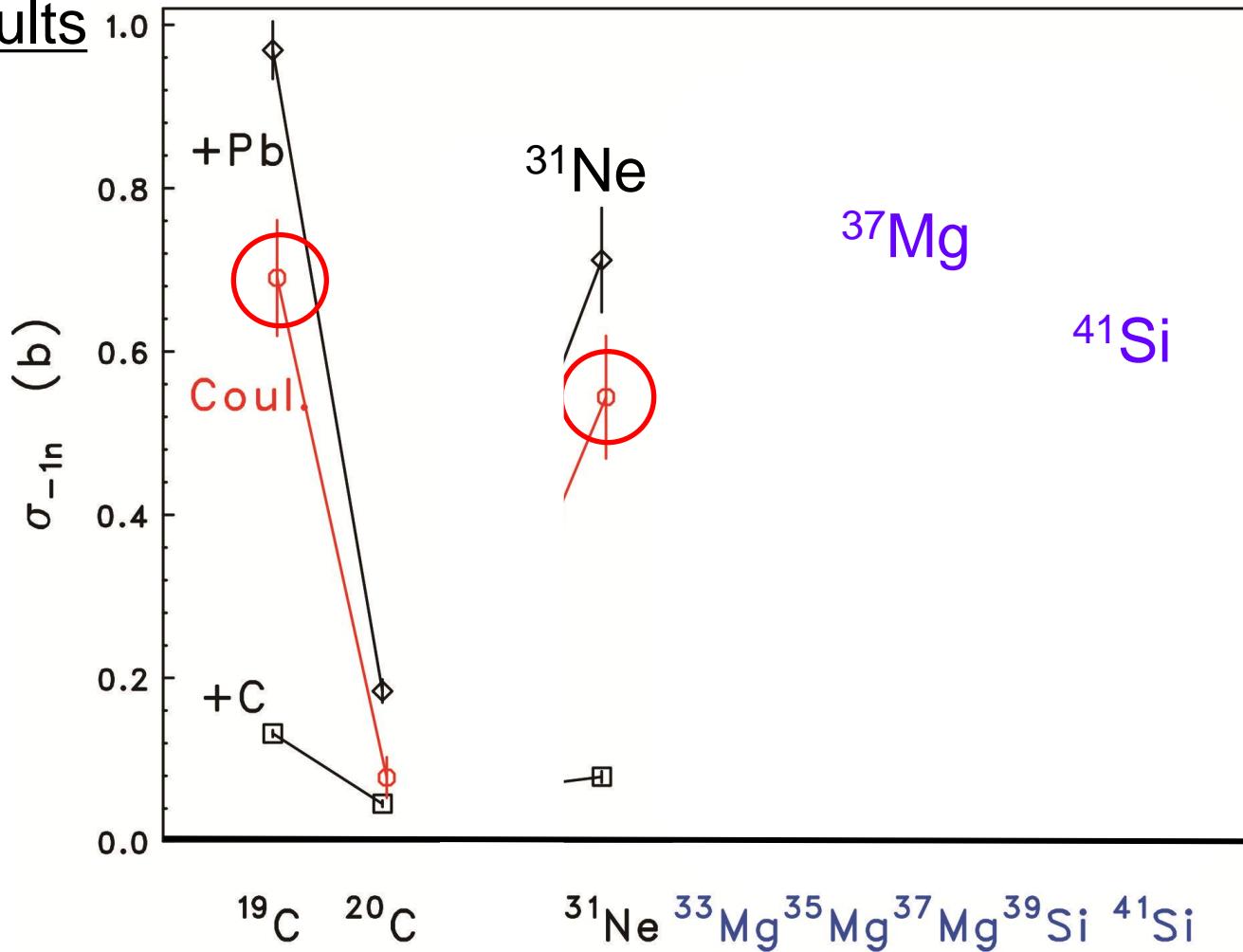


^{37}Mg : 244 MeV/nucleon

~6 cps

^{35}Mg : 245 MeV/nucleon ~100cps
 ^{41}Si : 229 MeV/nucleon ~230cps

Results



^{37}Mg : $\sigma(E1)=500(50)$ mb (*preliminary*)

\rightarrow ^{37}Mg : Possible 1n-Halo State

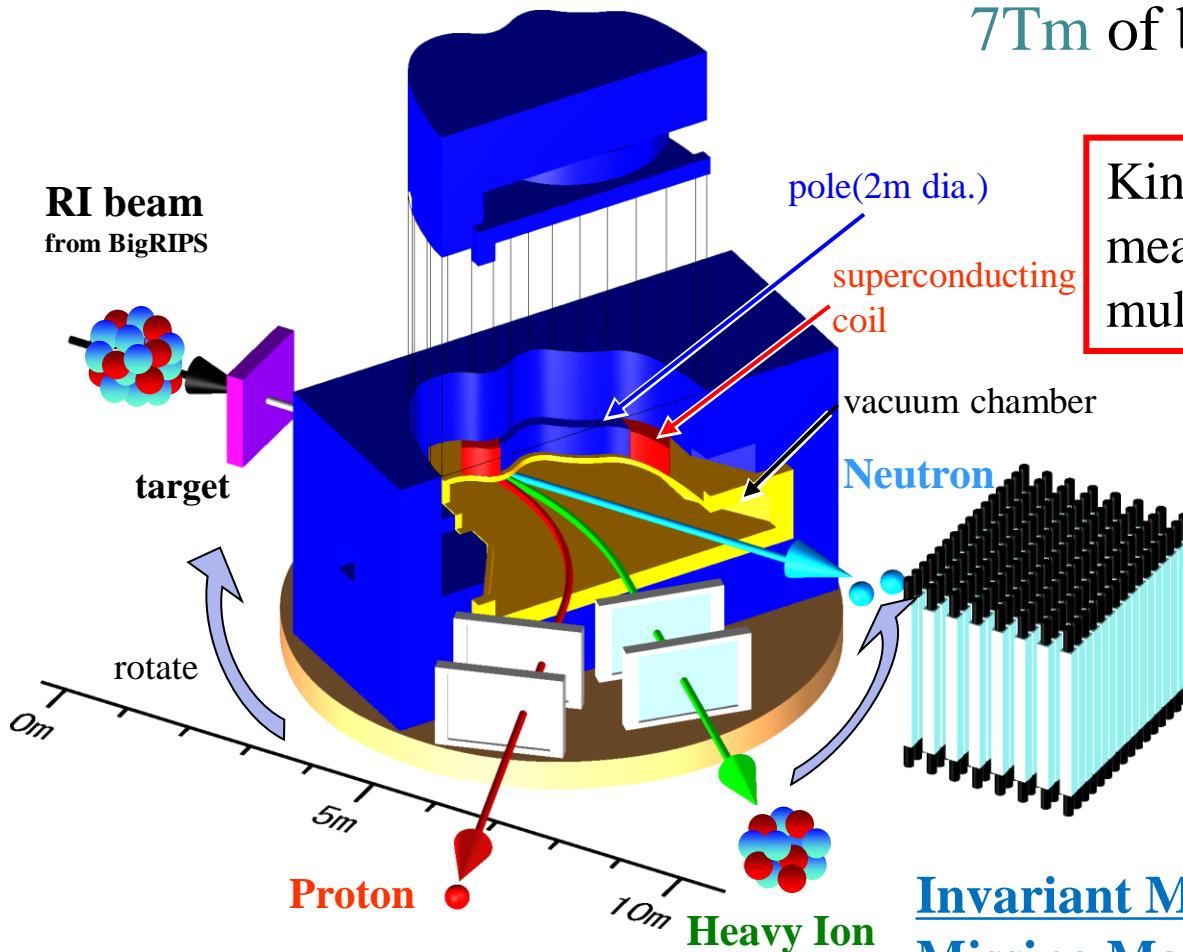
c.f. ^{31}Ne $\sigma(E1)=540(70)$ mb

$^{29}\text{Ne}, ^{33,35}\text{Mg}, ^{39}\text{Si}$ $\sigma(E1)\sim 200$ mb ^{41}Si $\sigma(E1)\sim 300$ mb

SAMURAI

-- new spectrometer in RIBF --

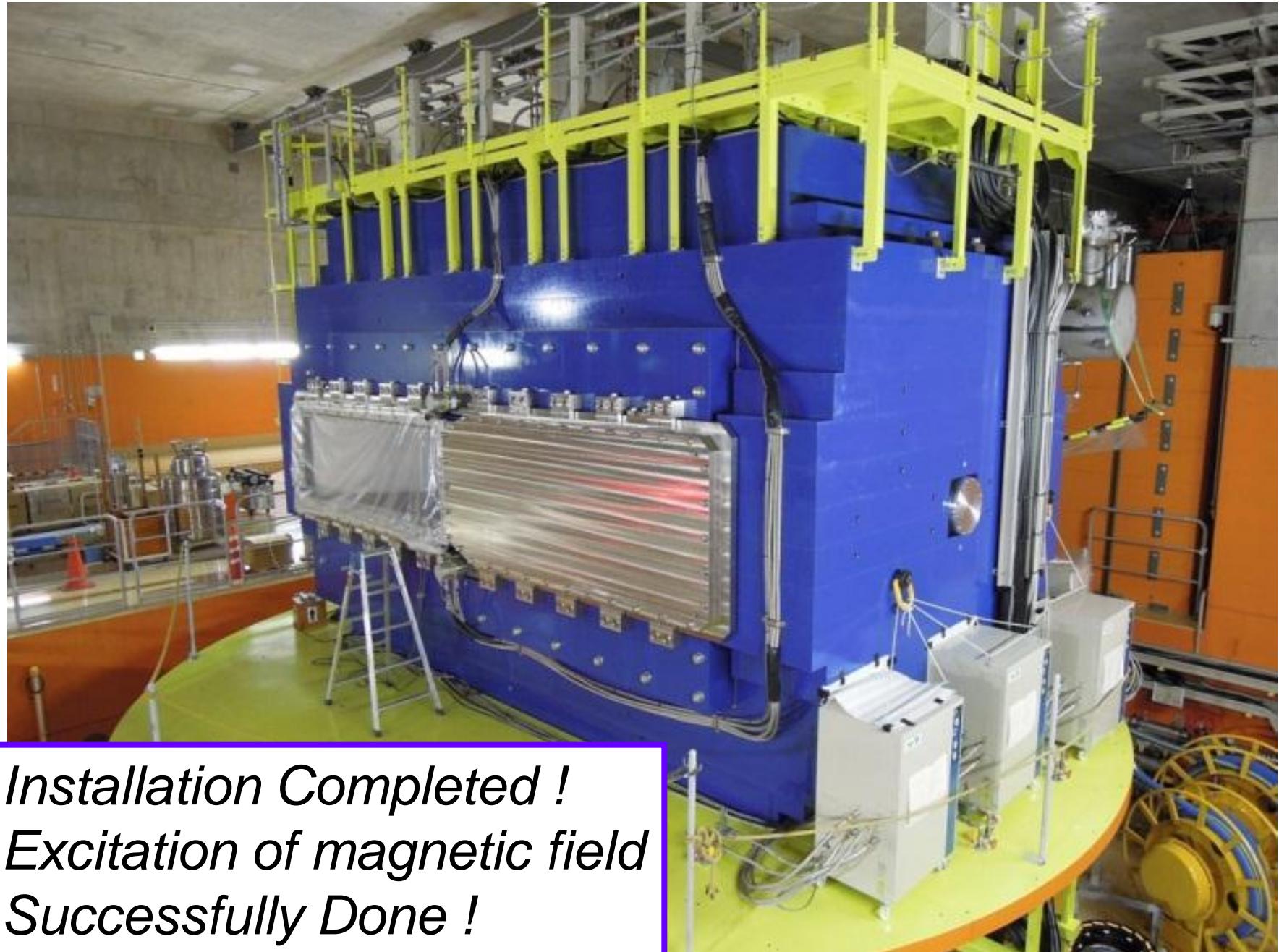
Superconducting Analyzer for Multi-particle from RAdio Isotope Beam with 7Tm of bending power



Kinematically complete measurements by detecting multiple particles in coincidence

- Superconducting Magnet 3T with 2m dia. pole (designed resolution 1/700) 80cm gap (vertical)
- Heavy Ion Detectors
- Proton Detectors
- Neutron Detectors
- Large Vacuum Chamber
- Rotational Stage

Invariant Mass Measurement
Missing Mass Measurement



*Installation Completed !
Excitation of magnetic field
Successfully Done !*

Summary

1

Introduction (Coulomb and Nuclear Breakup)

Coulomb breakup → Soft E1 excitation of halo nuclei

Spectral-Shape, Strength of $B(E1)$ ---- Sensitive to ℓ, S_n, C^2S

(Exclusive Measurement) +di-neutron like correlation

Nuclear breakup (Momentum distribution)

---Probe of single particle state

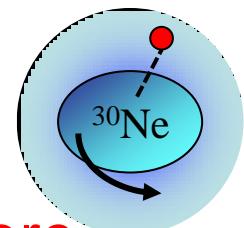
2

Coulomb/Nuclear Breakup of ^{31}Ne and ^{22}C (inclusive)

Strong soft E1 excitation at $^{31}\text{Ne}(\sim 0.5\text{b})$ and $^{22}\text{C}(\sim 1\text{b})$

→ 1n Halo structure in ^{31}Ne , 2n Halo structure in ^{22}C

^{31}Ne conventional shell order vanishing ~~1f7/2~~



---"Island of inversion" → Halo with Deformed Core

3

Coulomb/Nuclear Breakup of ^{29}Ne , $^{33,35,37}\text{Mg}$ and $^{39,41}\text{Si}$:

Strong Soft E1 excitation for $^{37}\text{Mg}(\sim 0.5\text{b})$ – New halo nucleus?

Moderately strong E1 excitations for others (0.2—0.3b)

Evolution of Halo towards the drip line

Collaborators

Inclusive Coulomb Breakup of ^{31}Ne and ^{22}C

(^{31}Ne Coulomb BU: PRL103,262501(2009)

^{22}C Coulomb BU/Nuclear BU: In preparation)

T.Nakamura, N.Kobayashi, Y.Kondo, Y.Satou, N.Aoi, H.Baba, S.Deguchi,
N.Fukuda, J.Gibelin, N.Inabe, M.Ishihara, D.Kameda, Y.Kawada, T.Kubo,
K.Kusaka, A.Mengoni, T.Motobayashi, T.Ohnishi, M.Ohtake, N.A.Orr, H.Otsu,
T.Otsuka, A.Saito, H.Sakurai, E. Simpson, S.Shimoura, T.Sumikama, H.Takeda,
E.Takeshita,M.Takechi, S.Takeuchi, K.Tanaka, K.N.Tanaka, N.Tanaka,
Y.Togano, J.A. Tostevin, Y.Utsuno,K. Yoneda, A.Yoshida, K.Yoshida,

Inclusive Coulomb Breakup of ^{29}Ne , $^{33,35,37}\text{Mg}$, $^{39,41}\text{Si}$

T.Nakamura, N.Kobayashi, Y.Kondo, Y.Satou, N.Aoi, H.Baba, R. Barthelemy,
S.Deguchi, M. Famiano, N.Fukuda, J.Gibelin, Lee Giseung, N.Inabe, M.Ishihara,
D.Kameda, R.Kanungo, Y.Kawada, T.Kubo, M. Matsushita, T. Motobayashi, T.Ohnishi,
K. Nikolski, N.A.Orr, H.Otsu, T. Otsuka, T. Sako, H.Sakurai, Lee H. Sang,
T.Sumikama, K. Sunji, H.Takeda, K. Takahashi, S.Takeuchi, N.Tanaka, R. Tanaka,
Y.Togano, Y. Utsuno, K. Yoneda

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Rikkyo U., West MI U, St.Mary's U, JAEA, U. of Surrey*

