

# Status and perspectives of FAIR and NUSTAR



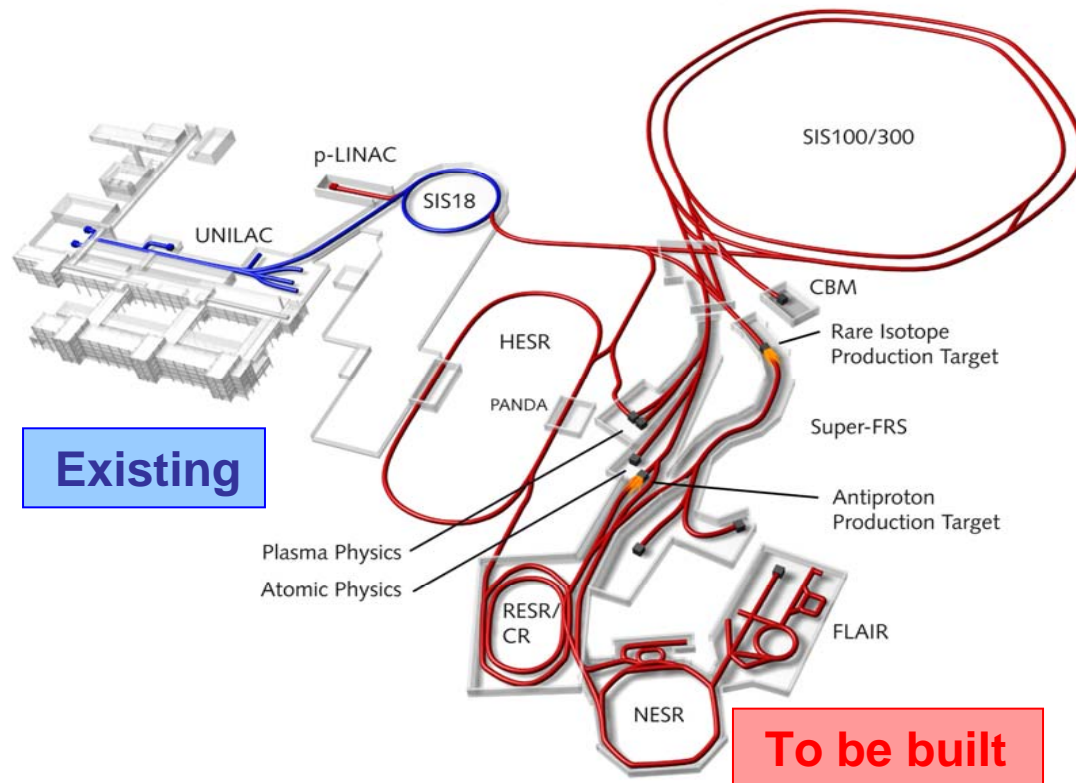
J. Gerl

*GSI – Darmstadt, Germany*

ANUP11

ICTS Goa, India, November 7, 2011

# FAIR – The Facility



Existing

To be built

## Key Technical Features

- Cooled beams
- Rapidly cycling superconducting magnets

## Primary Beams

- $10^{12}/s$ ; 1.5-2 GeV/u;  $^{238}\text{U}^{28+}$
- Factor 100-1000 over present in intensity
- $2(4) \times 10^{13}/s$  30 GeV protons
- $10^{10}/s$   $^{238}\text{U}^{73+}$  up to 25 (- 35) GeV/u

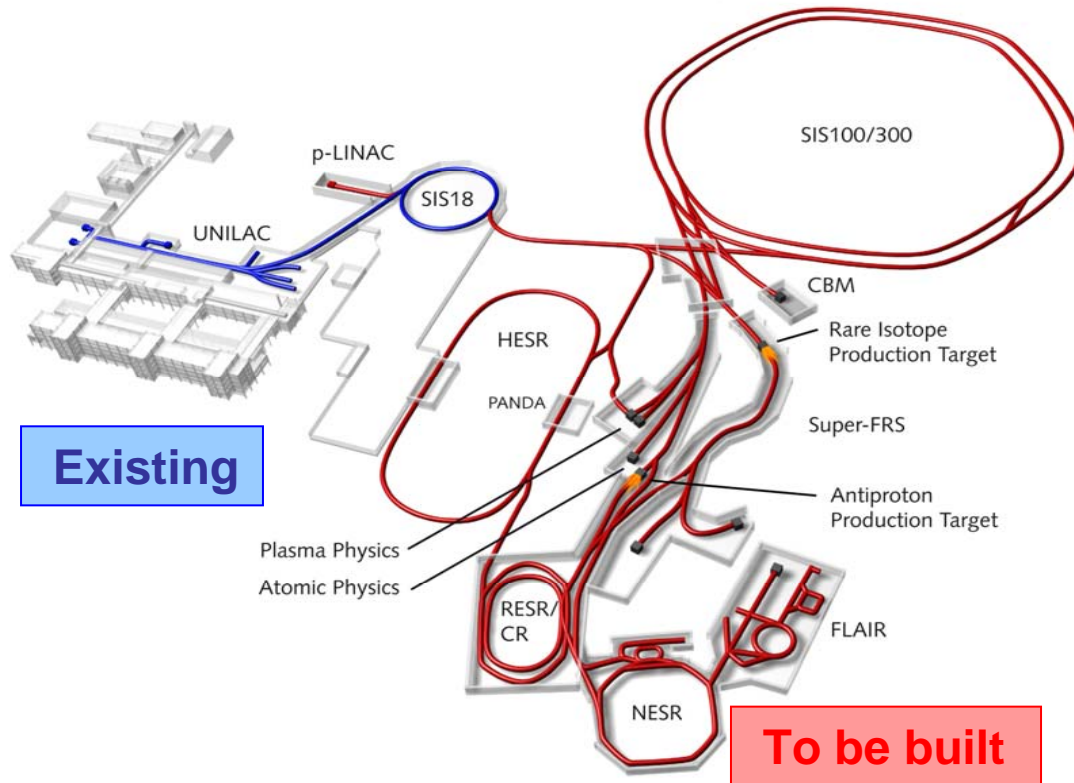
## Secondary Beams

- Broad range of radioactive beams up to 1.5 - 2 GeV/u; up to factor 10 000 in intensity over present
- Antiprotons 3 - 30 GeV

## Storage and Cooler Rings

- Radioactive beams
- e – A collider
- $10^{11}$  stored and cooled 0.8 - 14.5 GeV antiprotons

# FAIR – The Science



## Nuclear Structure Physics and Nuclear Astrophysics with RIBs

Structure of exotic nuclei far off stability;  
Nuclear synthesis in stars and star explosions;  
Fundamental interactions and symmetries

## Hadron Physics with Antiproton Beams

Quark gluon structure and dynamics of “strong” interacting particles;  
Origin of the confinement and mass of hadrons  
Transversity measurement via polarized antiprotons and pol. protons

## Plasma Physics with highly Bunched Beams

Bulk matter at very high pressures, densities, and temperatures

## Atomic Physics and Applied Science

Highly charged atoms; Low energy anti-protons  
Laser cooling

## Physics of Nuclear Matter with Relativistic Nuclear Collisions

Studies of hadronic matter at high densities;  
Phase transitions in quark matter;  
Properties of neutron stars

# Development of Project Staging



2003	Recommendation by WissenschaftsRat – FAIR Realisation in three stages						
2005	Entire Facility Baseline Technical Report						
2007	Phase A						Phase B SIS300
2009	<b>Module 0</b> SIS100	<b>Module 1</b> expt areas CBM/HADES and APPA	<b>Module 2</b> Super-FRS fixed target area NuSTAR	<b>Module 3</b> pbar facility, incl. CR for PANDA, options for NuSTAR <b>LEB in HEB</b>	<b>Module 4</b> LEB for NuSTAR, NESR for NuSTAR and APPA, FLAIR for APPA	<b>Module 5</b> RESR P+ beam line nominal intensity for PANDA & parallel operation with NuSTAR and APPA	<b>Module 6</b> SIS300 BIOMAT Hall HESR cooler EC ring

MSV - Modularized Start Version

# Signing the Application for the Building Permit



Günther Rosner and Boris Sharkow

Construction applications have been submitted to the 13 building authorities in charge, on 31/8/2011 (1400 folders).

# First two Test-Pillars Drilled and Casted



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# How the Construction of Buildings will Proceed?



Model

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# Key Figures from Civil Construction

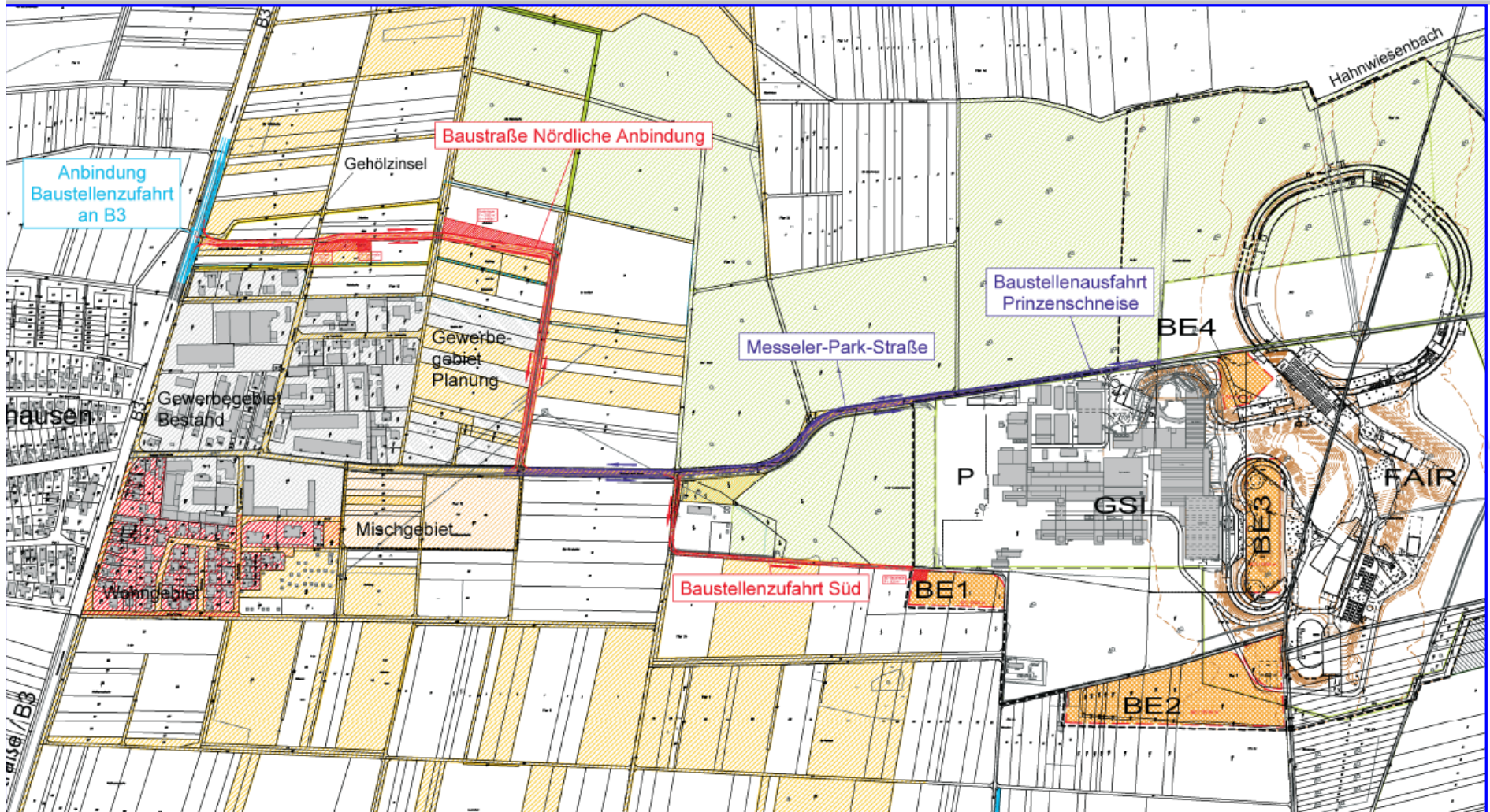


Type			Mass (t)	Fraction
Sum			5.835.000	100%
Soil out	1.154.000	m3	2.077.200	<b>36%</b>
Soil in	1.078.000	m3	1.940.400	<b>33%</b>
Concrete	519.000	m3	1.283.400	22%
Steel for concrete	34.000	t	34.000	0,6%
Other	500.000	t	500.000	9%

In order to optimize time and costs logistics is an item  
-> professional construction logistics company is contracted



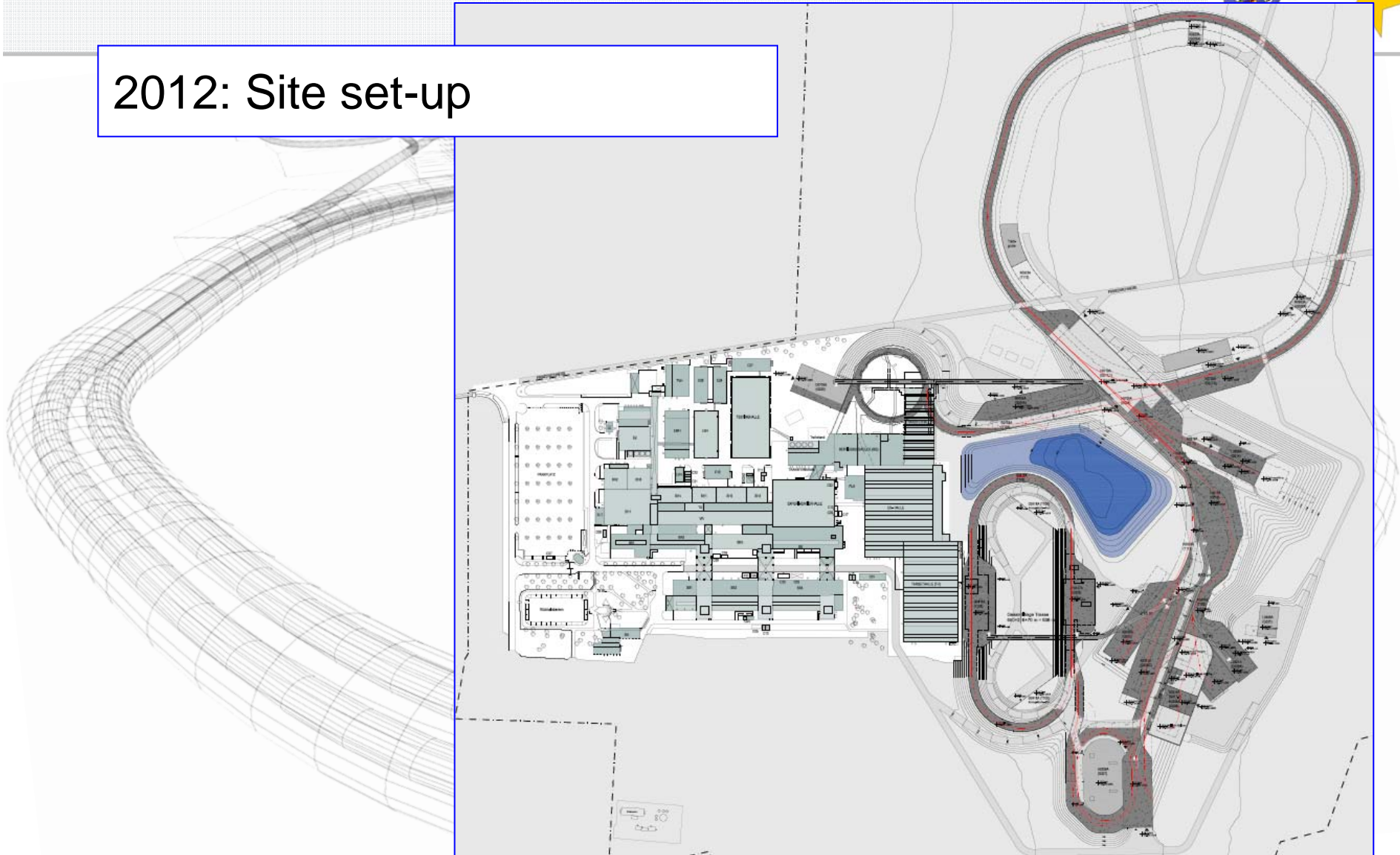
# New Road to Build – Application Issued



# Construction Cycle I



2012: Site set-up



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# Construction Cycle II



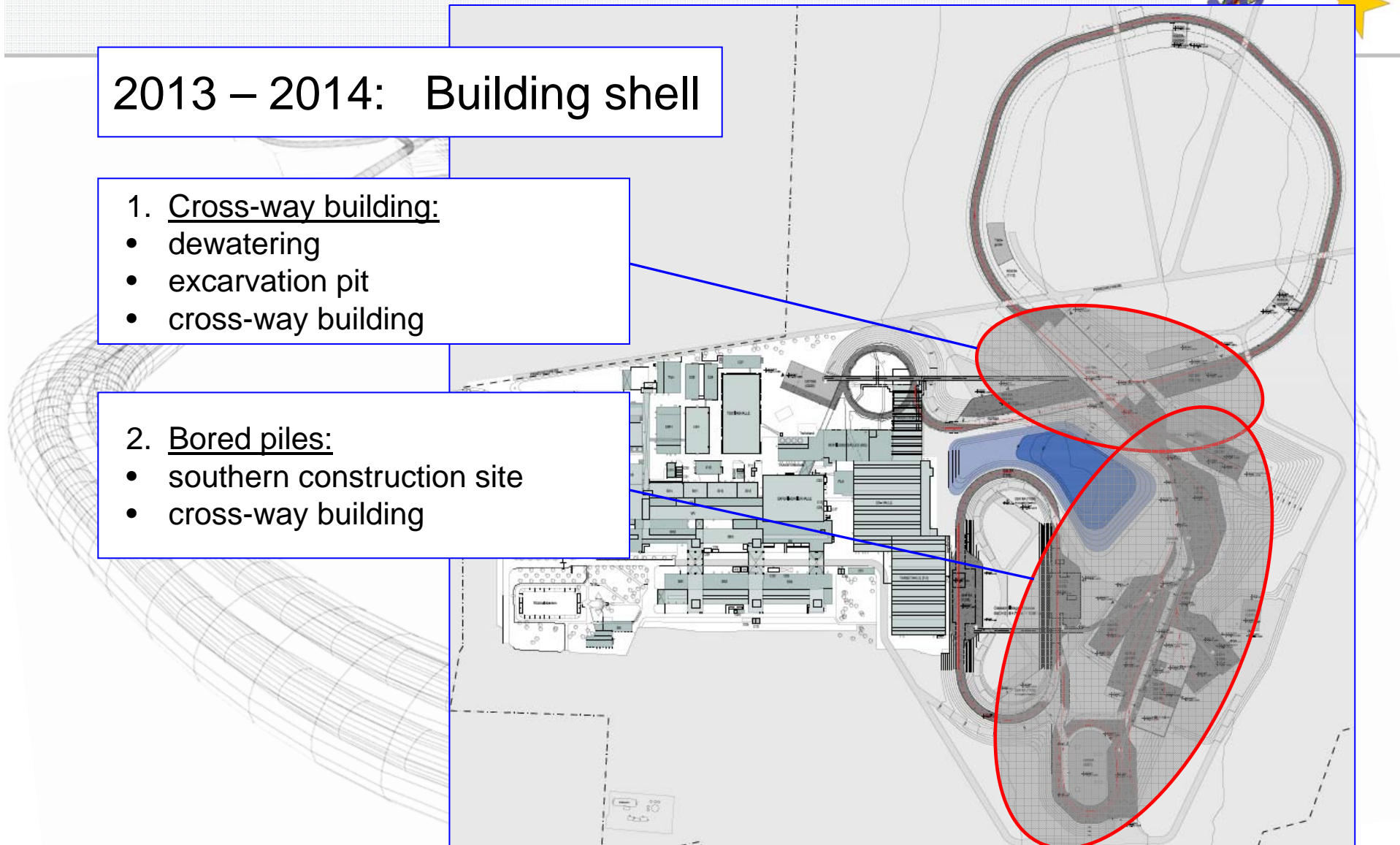
2013 – 2014: Building shell

1. Cross-way building:

- dewatering
- excavation pit
- cross-way building

2. Bored piles:

- southern construction site
- cross-way building



# Construction Cycle III



2015 – 2016: Building shell + finishings

3. Syncrotron tunnel:

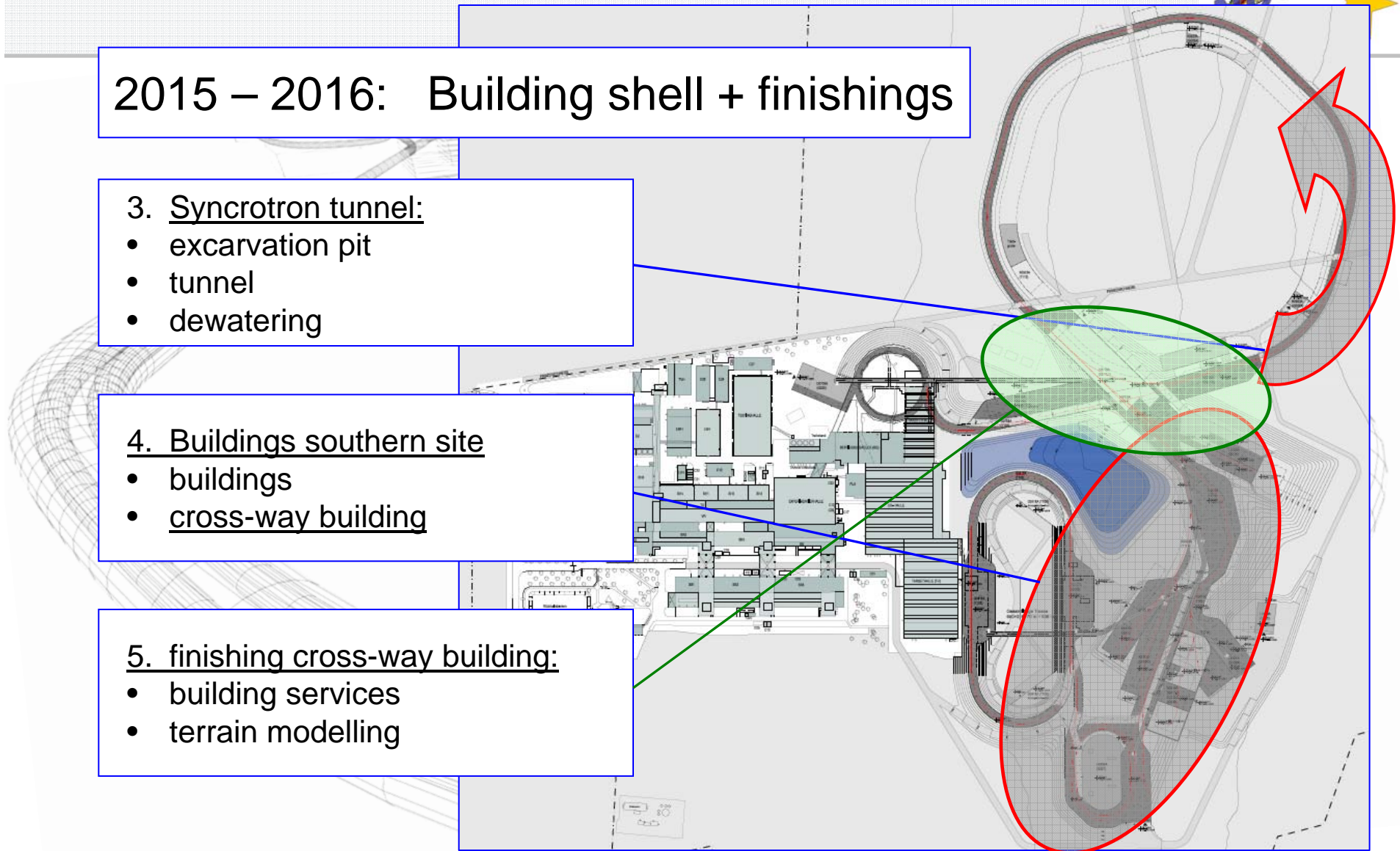
- excavation pit
- tunnel
- dewatering

4. Buildings southern site

- buildings
- cross-way building

5. finishing cross-way building:

- building services
- terrain modelling



# Construction Cycle IV



2016 – 2017: Finishing, (shell building)

3. Synchrotron tunnel:

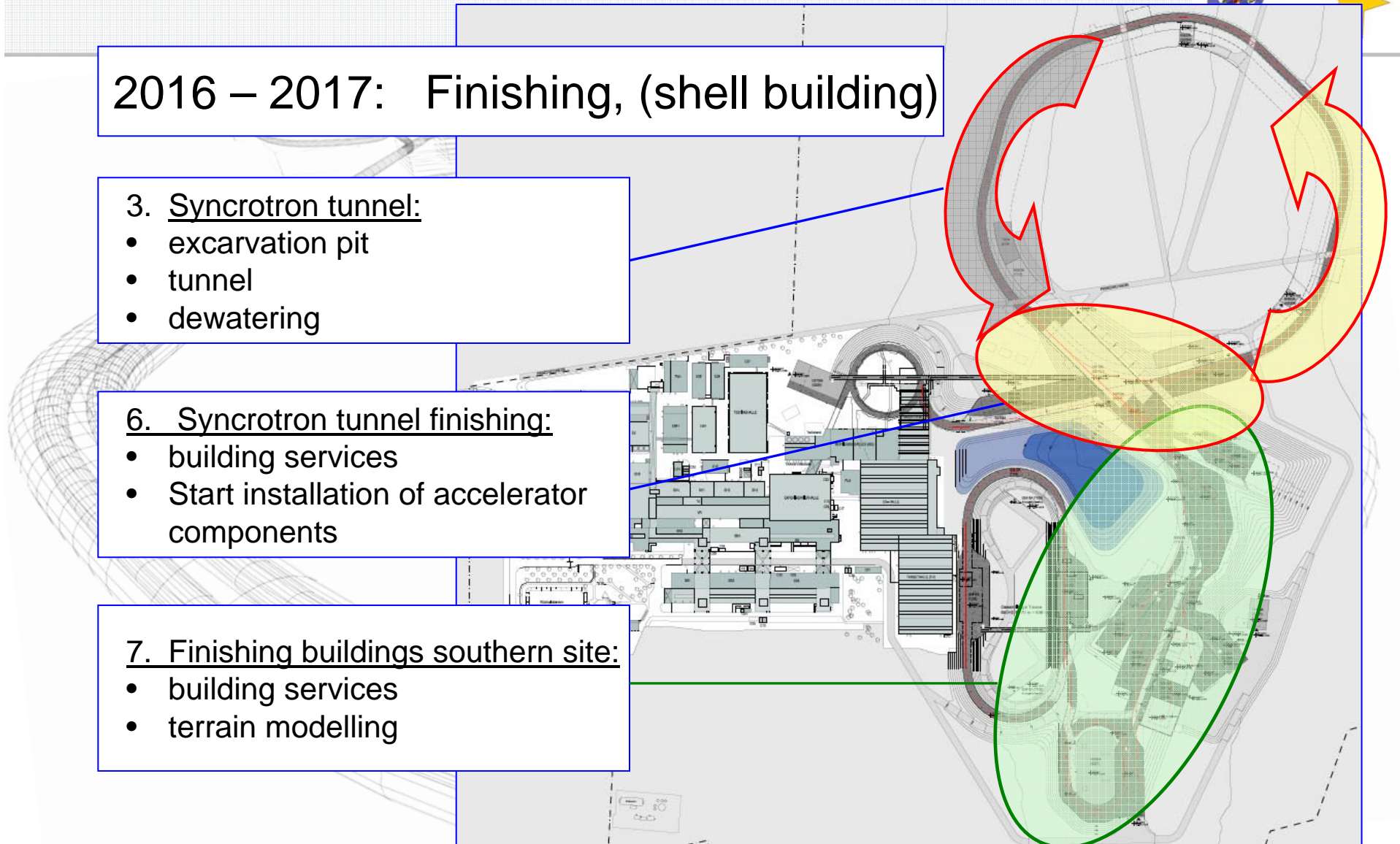
- excavation pit
- tunnel
- dewatering

6. Synchrotron tunnel finishing:

- building services
- Start installation of accelerator components

7. Finishing buildings southern site:

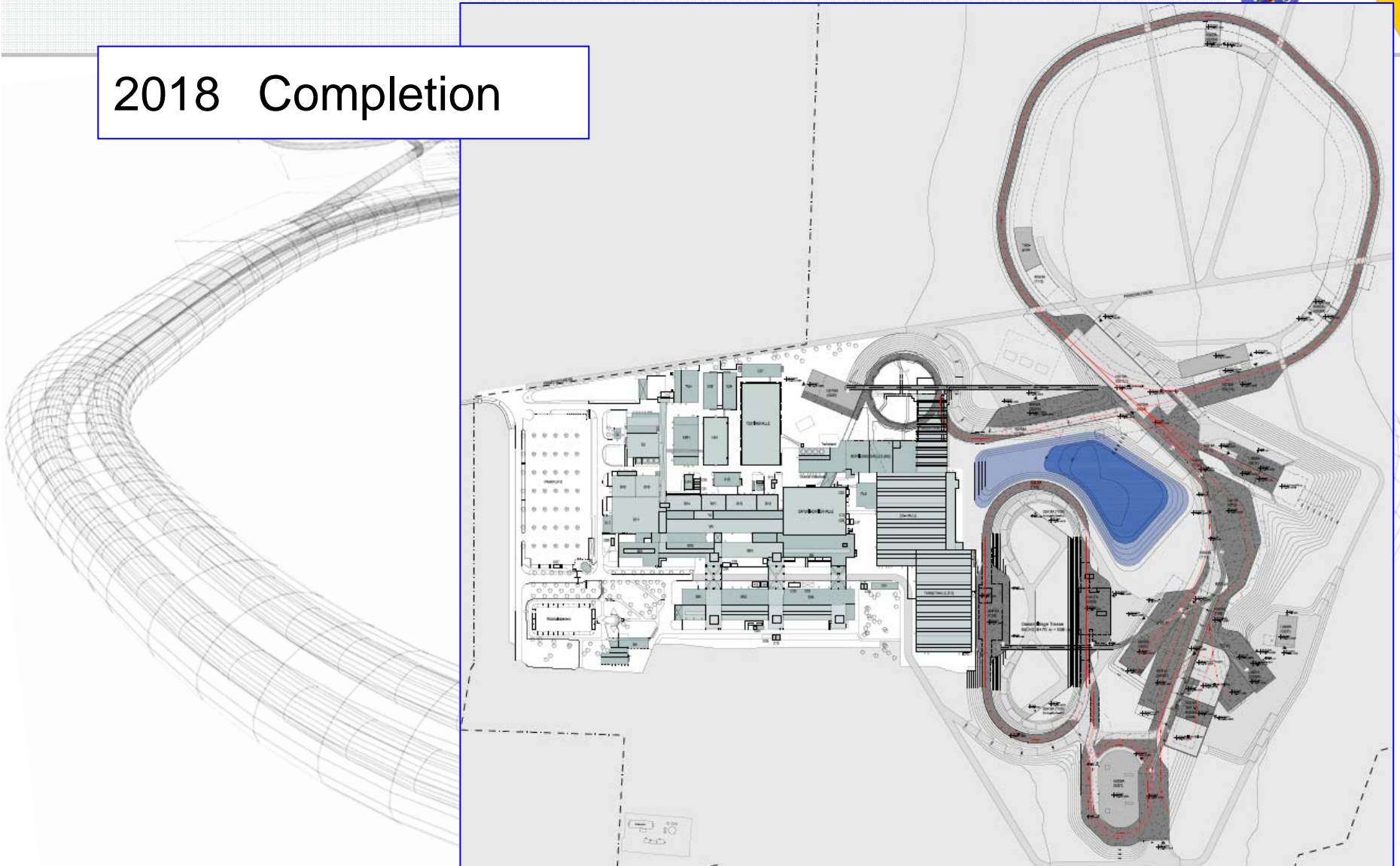
- building services
- terrain modelling



# Construction Cycle V



2018 Completion

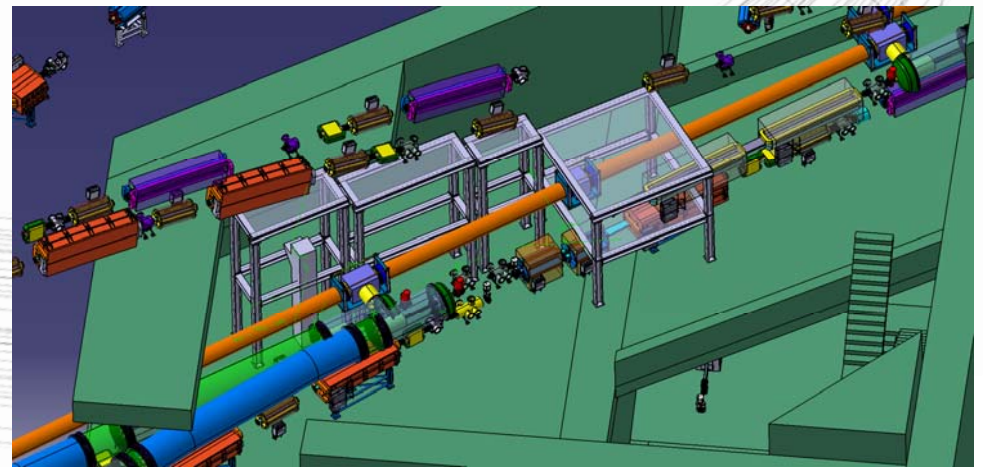
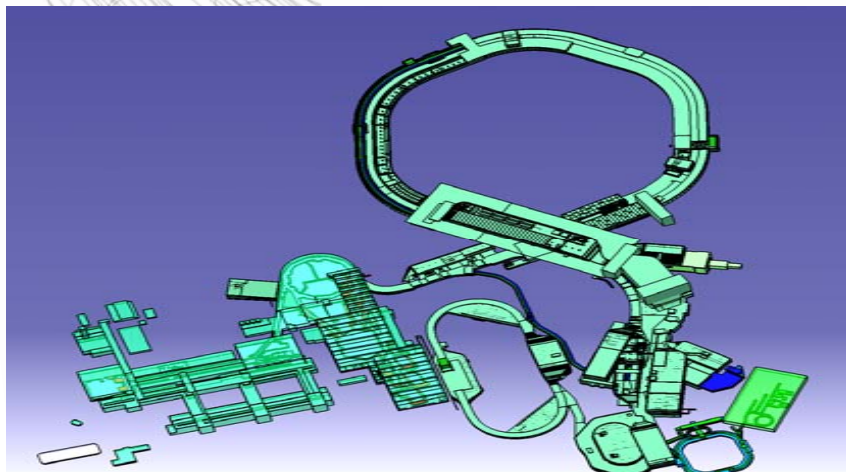
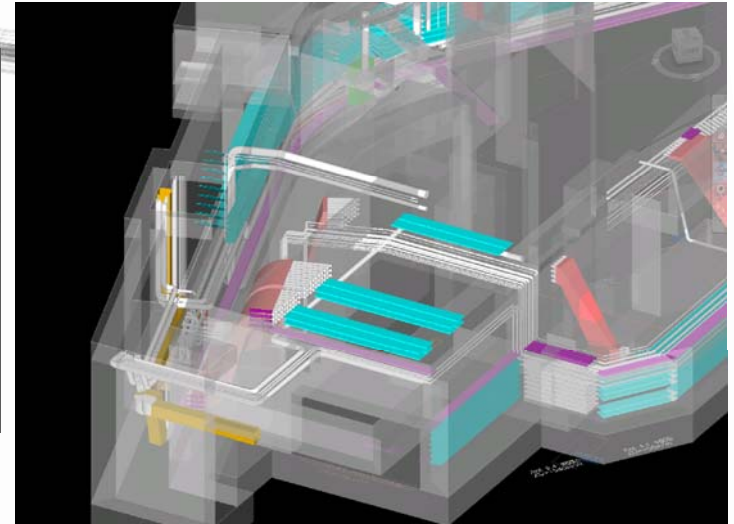
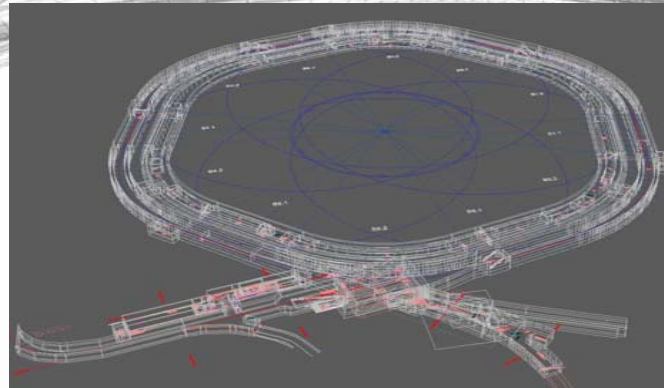


# Digital Mock Up



All buildings, and existing accelerator and detector components included

Valuable tool for studying various details as collision-, installation-, service or maintenance- and space aspects.



# NUclear STtructure Astrophysics and RReactions



**What are the limits for existence of nuclei?**

Where are the proton and neutron drip lines situated?

Where does the nuclear chart end?

**How does the nuclear force depend on varying proton-to-neutron ratios?**

What is the isospin dependence of the spin-orbit force?

How does shell structure change far away from stability?

**How to explain collective phenomena from individual motion?**

What are the phases, relevant degrees of freedom, and symmetries of the nuclear many-body system?

**How are complex nuclei built from their basic constituents?**

What is the effective nucleon-nucleon interaction?

How does QCD constrain its parameters?

**Which are the nuclei relevant for astrophysical processes and what are their properties?**

What is the origin of the heavy elements?



# NUSTAR - The Project



<b>DESPEC</b>	$\gamma$ -, $\beta$ -, $\alpha$ -, p-, n-decay spectroscopy
<b>ELISE</b>	elastic, inelastic, and quasi-free e-A scattering
<b>EXL</b>	light-ion scattering reactions in inverse kinematics
<b>HISPEC</b>	in-beam $\gamma$ spectroscopy at low and intermediate energy
<b>ILIMA</b>	masses and lifetimes of nuclei in ground and isomeric states
<b>LASPEC</b>	Laser spectroscopy
<b>MATS</b>	in-trap mass measurements and decay studies
<b>R3B</b>	kinematically complete reactions at high beam energy
<b>Super FRS</b>	RIB production, identification and spectroscopy

## The Approach

Complementary measurements leading to consistent answers

## The Collaboration

> 900 scientists

148 institutes

38 countries

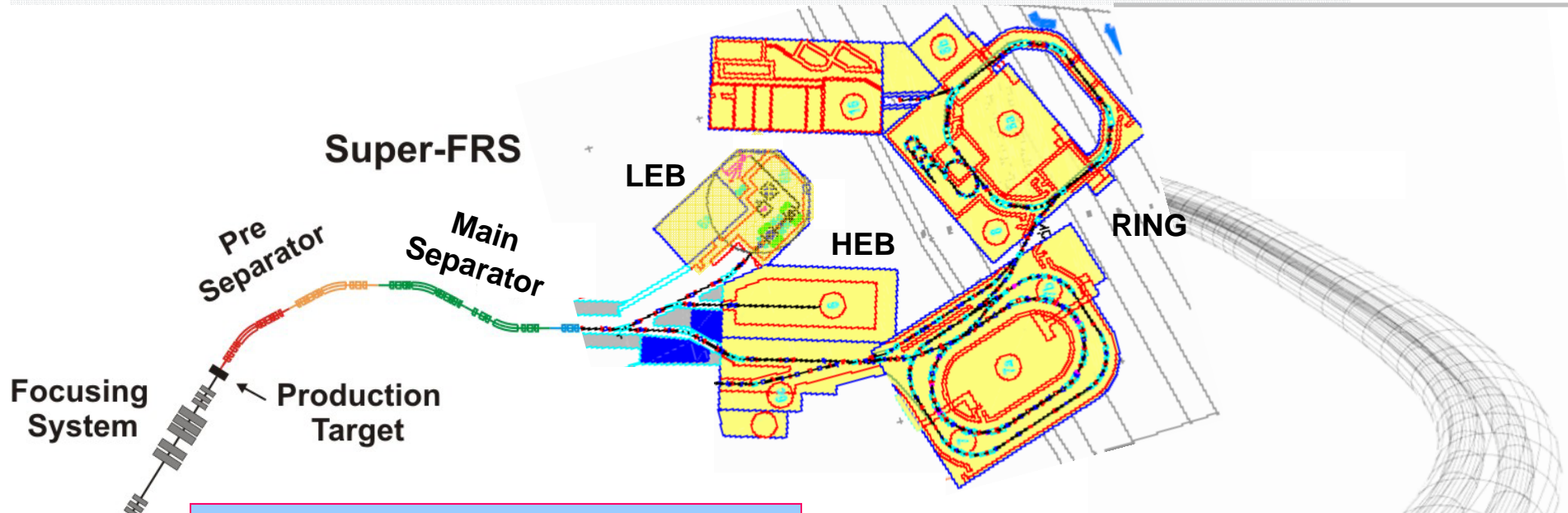
Database update started

## The Investment

82 M€ Super FRS

73 M€ Experiments

# NUSTAR - The Facility



**Beam intensity improvement:  
 $10^2$  to  $10^5$ !**

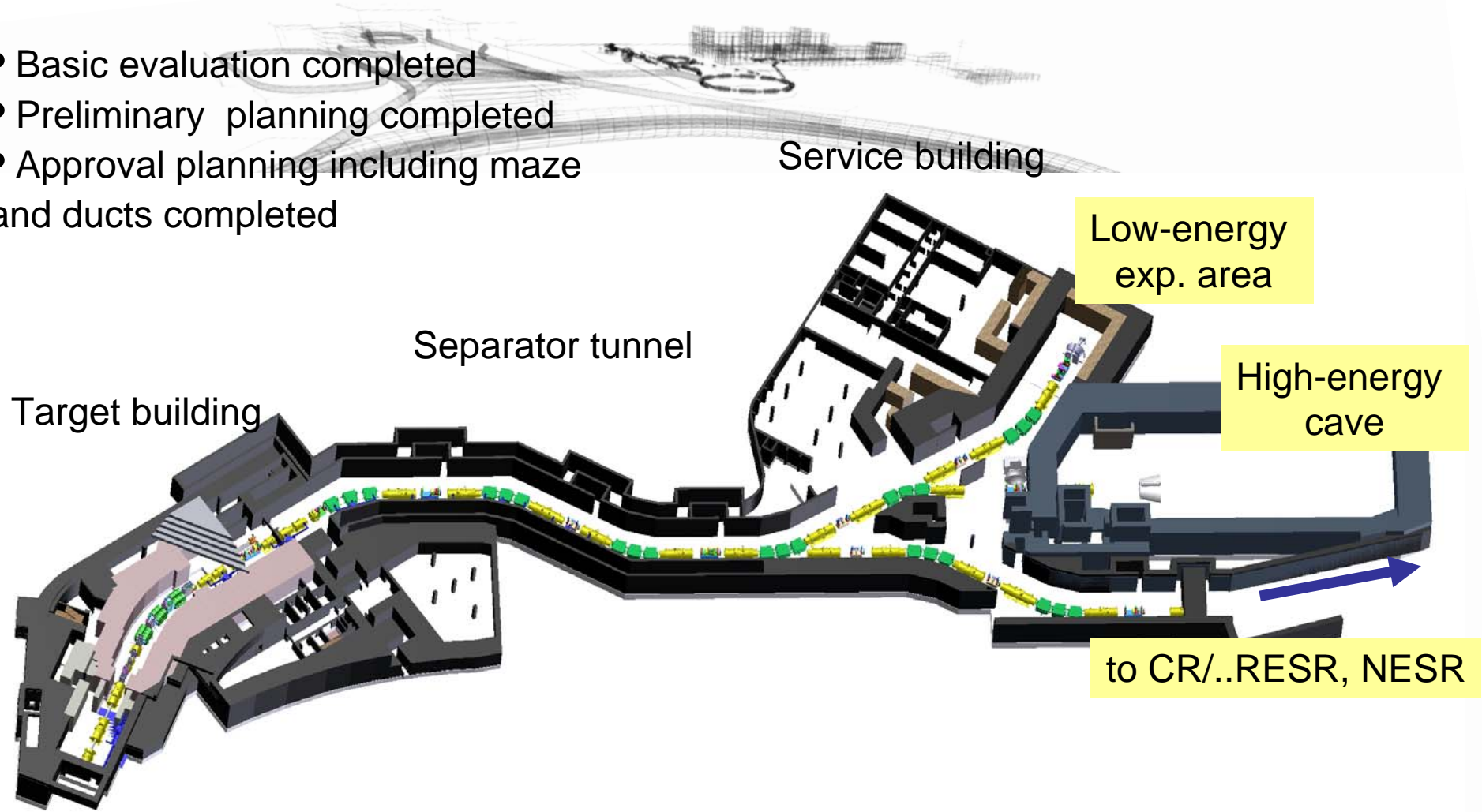
- Low Energy Branch:  
HISPEC, DESPEC, MATS, LASPEC
- High Energy Branch:  
R3B
- Ring Branch:  
EXL, ILIMA, ELISE



# The Super-FRS



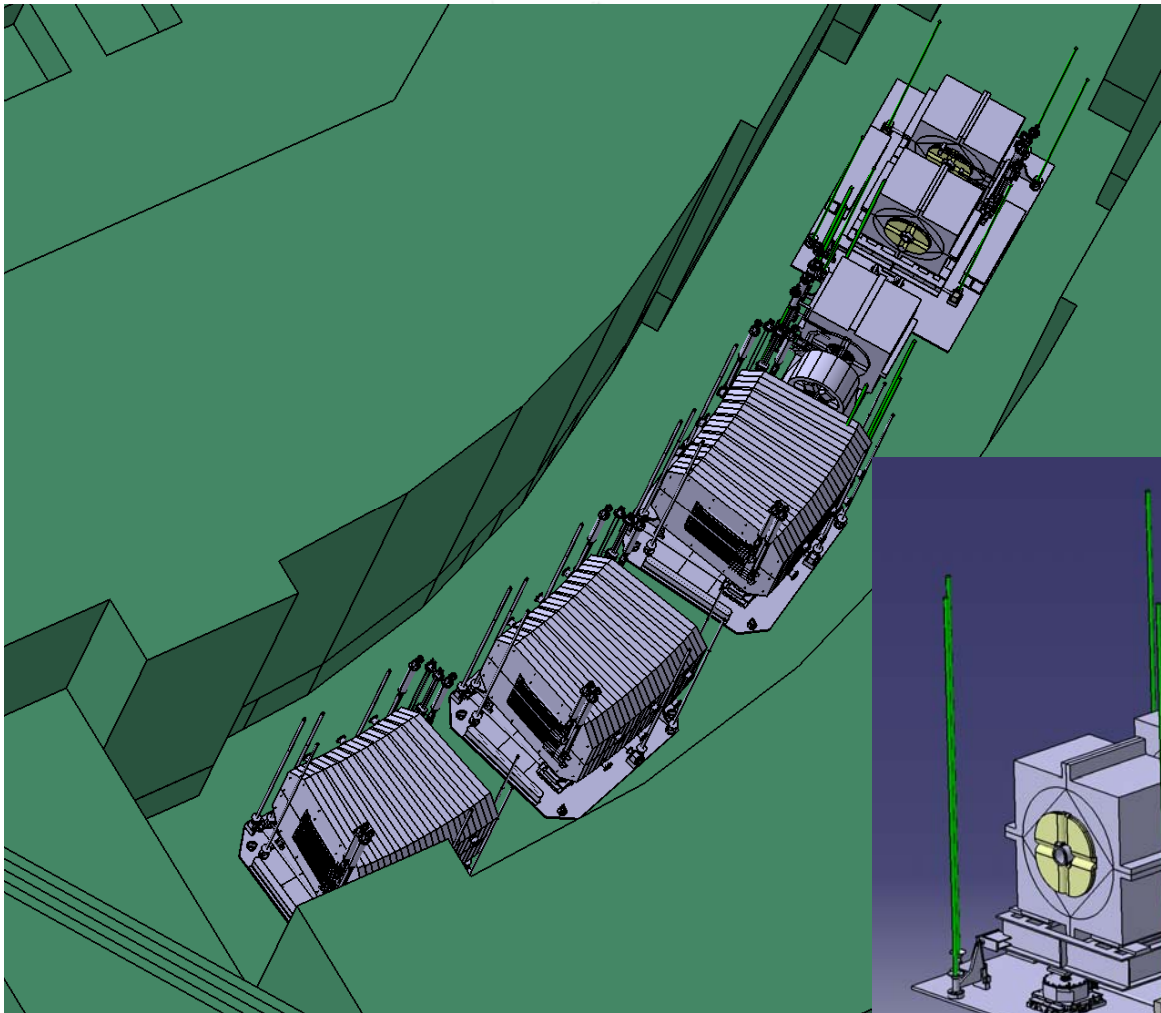
- Basic evaluation completed
- Preliminary planning completed
- Approval planning including maze and ducts completed



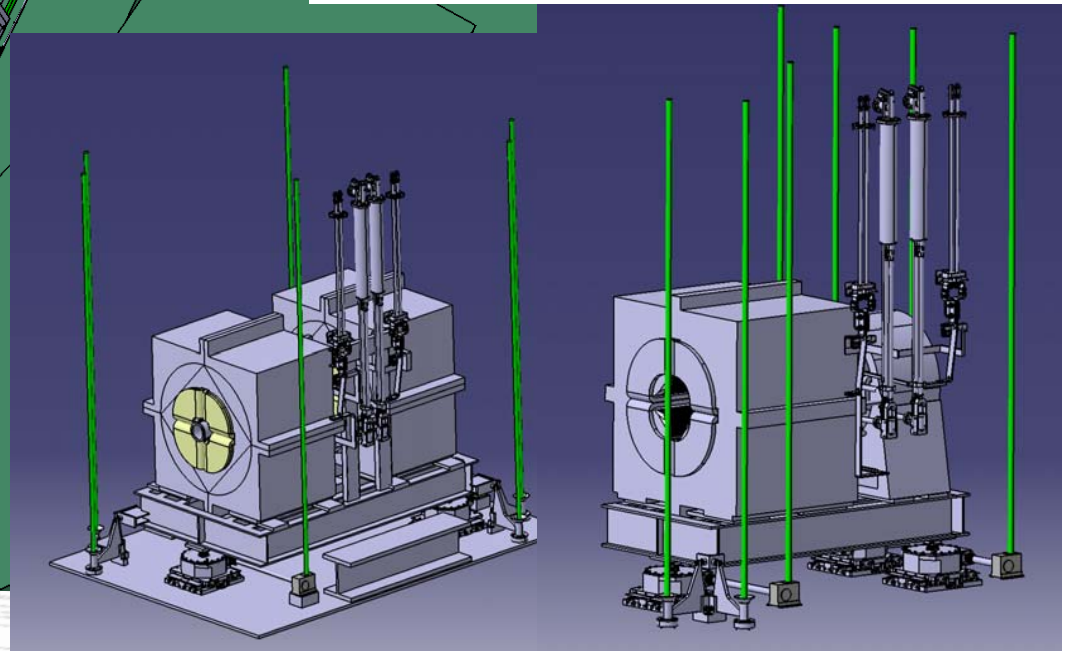
from SIS18/SIS100 synchrotrons



# The Super-FRS in Digital Mock Up



- Cross check of ion optical layout and civil construction planning
- Definition of installation space
- Definition of assembly strategy



... and real life?

# Superferric Dipole for the S-FRS



Prototype from IMP Lanzhou

## Magnetic flux:

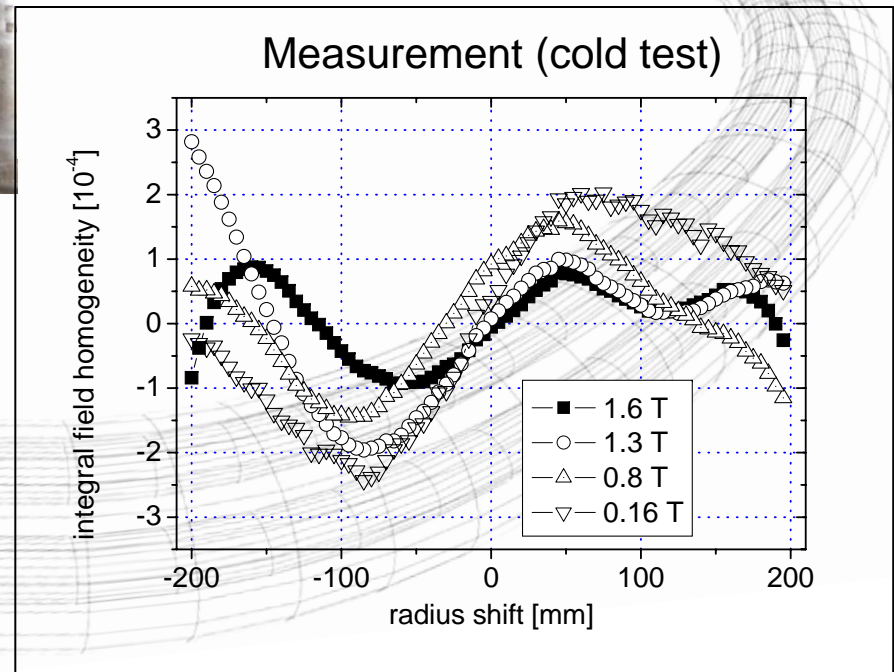
$B_{\max} = 1.6 \text{ T} @ I = 233 \text{ A}$   
(design value:  $I = 230 \text{ A}$ )

## Required field quality:

$DB/B = \pm 3 \times 10^{-4}$   
(over  $\pm 190 \text{ mm}$ , 5 mm steps)

- field quality tests successful
- quench tests successful
- no part of outer cryostat-wall  $\leq 0^\circ \text{ C}$
- heat load @ 4.2 K  $\approx 5 \text{ W}$
- stored energy  $\approx 400 \text{ kJ}$

Production: CEA and CIEMAT as IKC

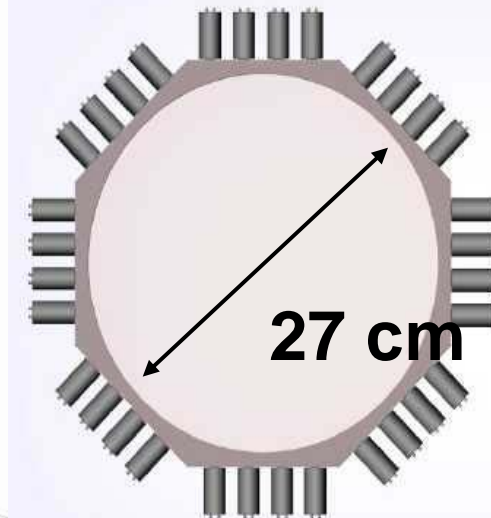


# Heavy Ion tracking



GEM TPC development

Ultra-Fast timing

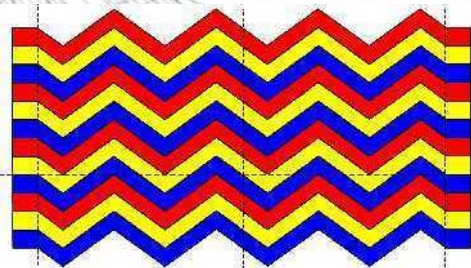


**More PMTs ->  
Cover more solid angle  
+ Less "dead spots"**

**Set-up:  
32 PMTs on BC-420  
CFDs+TDC (25ps/bin)**

**$\sigma \sim 15$  ps**

R. Hoischen (Lund/GSI)



Chevron shaped electrode

$\sigma_x \approx 400 \mu\text{m}$   $\sigma_y \approx 300 \mu\text{m}$

B. Sitar(Bratislava)

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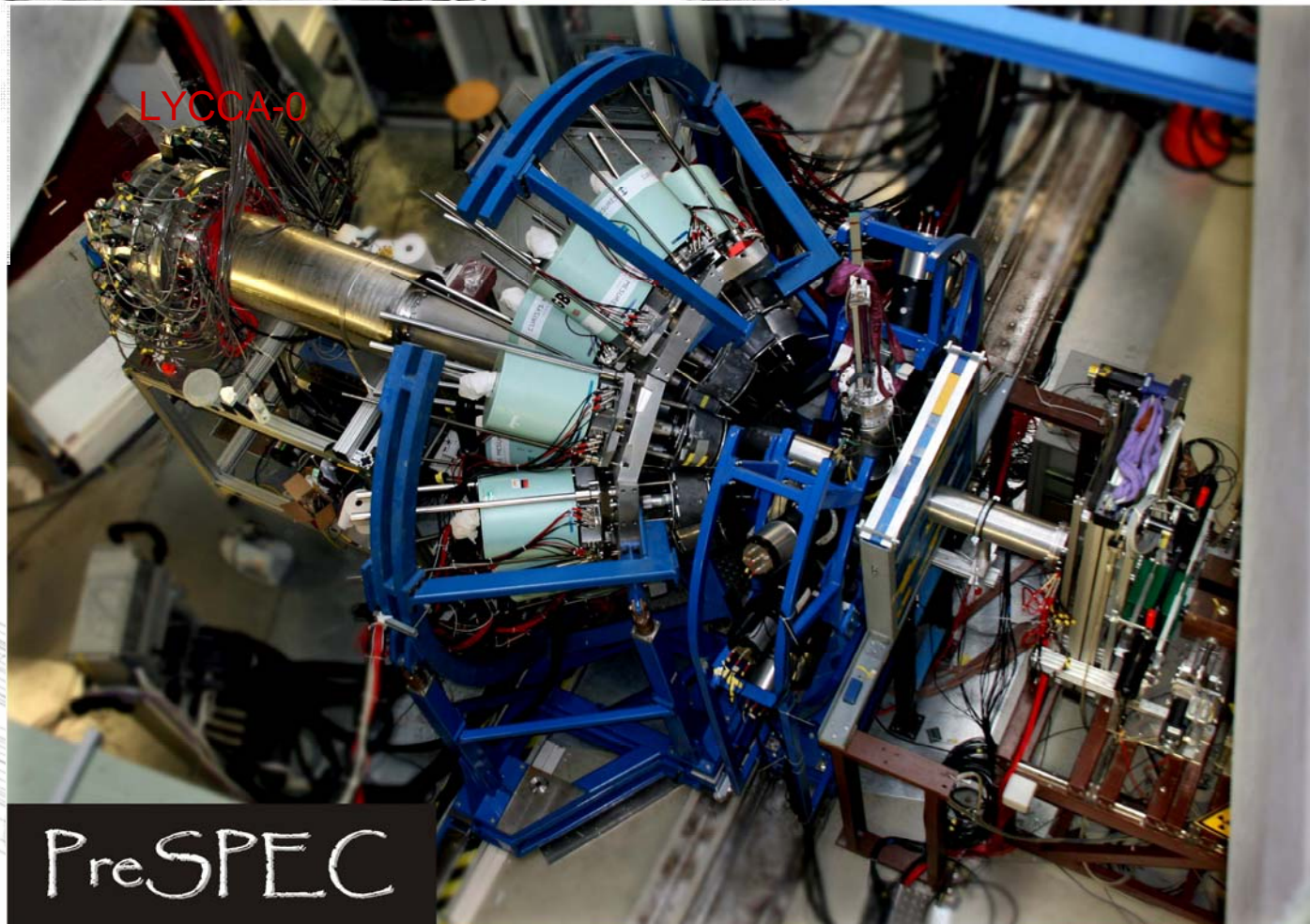
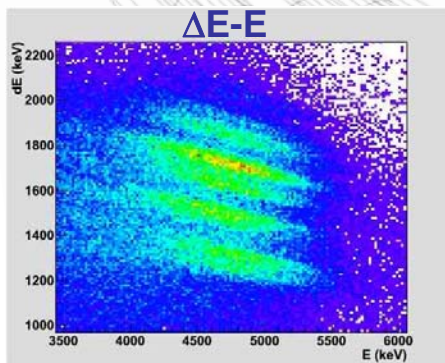
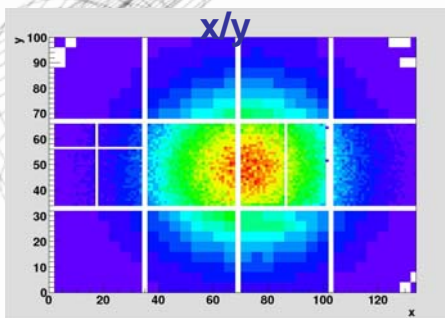
# HISPEC Detector LYCCA in use



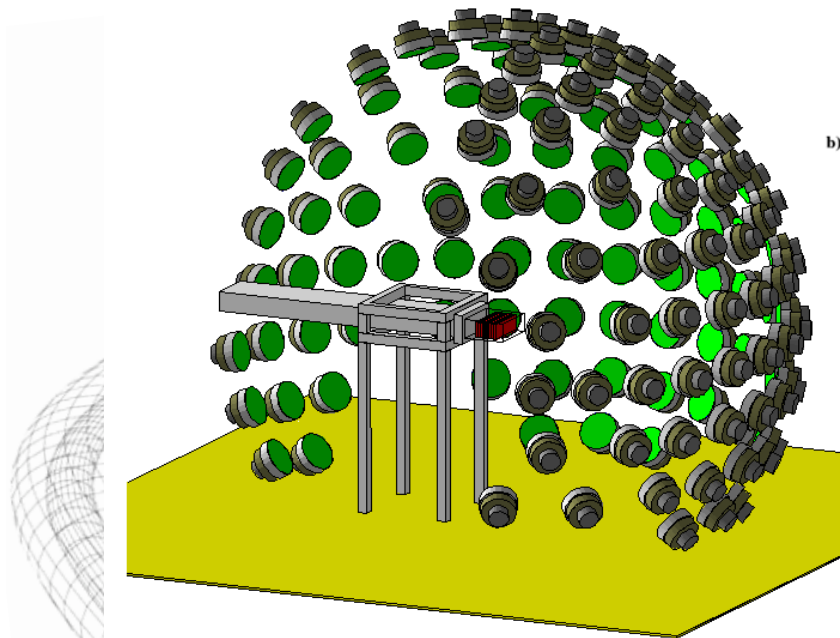
Position sensitive  
 $\Delta E$ -E-ToF calorimeter

Commissioned in 9.2011

In use since 10.2011



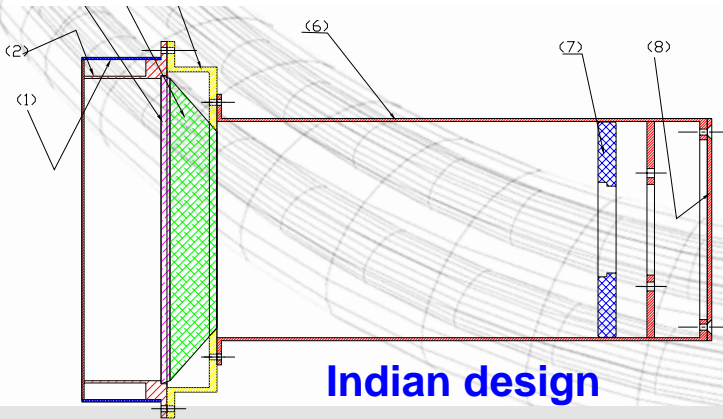
# The MONSTER cells



The construction of the cells will be shared between Spain (CIEMAT, IFIC), India (VECC), Finland (Univ. of Jyväskylä), Sweden (Univ. of Uppsala).

- CIEMAT + St. Gobain design, used for the 30 cell demonstrator.
- India will build a prototype cell according to the standard specifications.

Joint tests will be performed on the characterisation of the cells.



Indian design

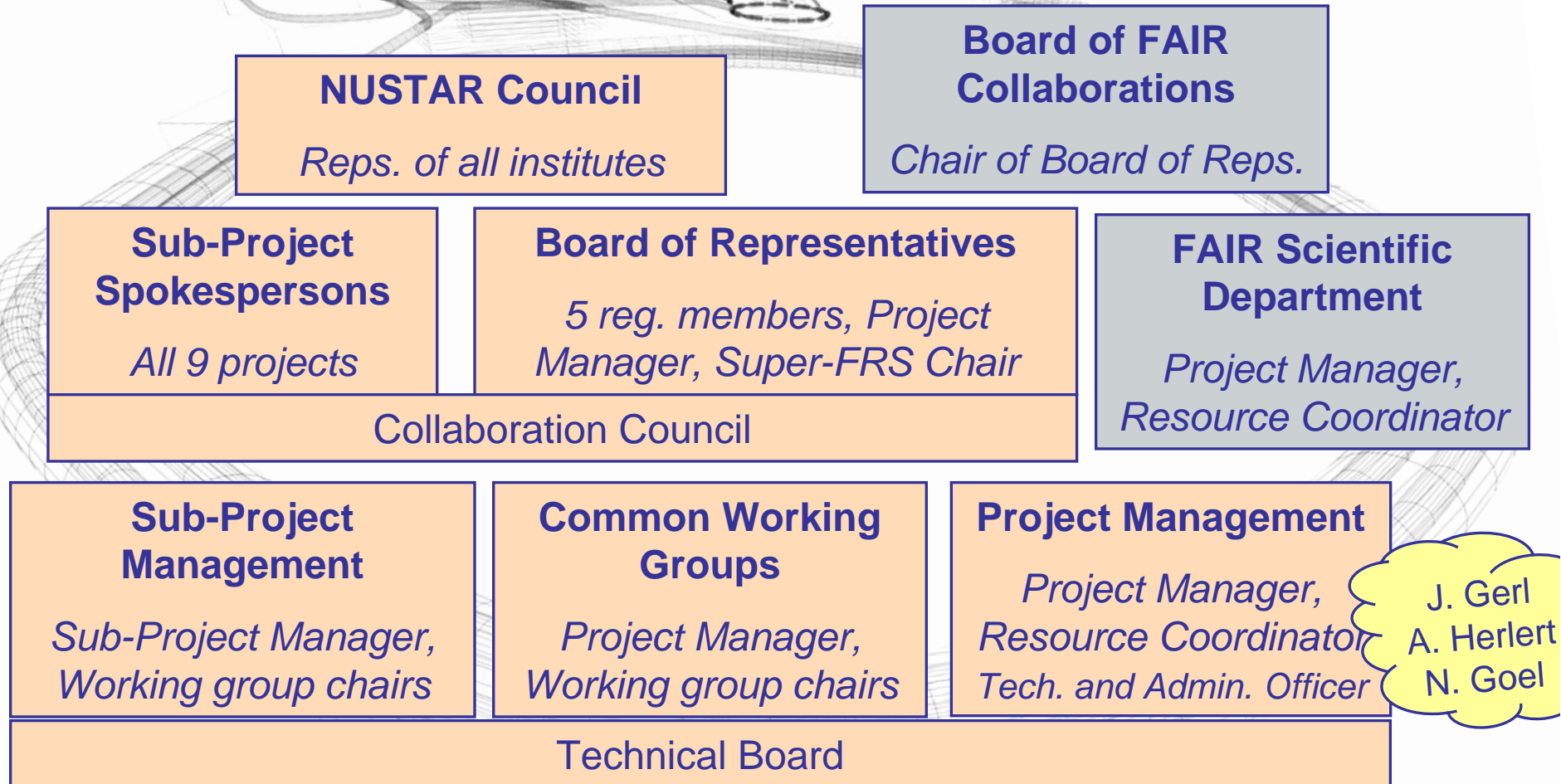
D. Cano-Ott

ANUP11 - J





# NUSTAR Organisation



# Resumee



## FAIR has started...

- Civil construction is starting now
- Planning is very advanced
- Impressive progress with accelerator components and detectors
- Optimizing current experiments by employing NUSTAR developments

... NUSTAR is in good shape

... last chance to get more involved

NUSTAR Annual Meeting: Feb. 27. – March 2, 2012 at GSI Darmstadt

NUSTAR Week: Oct. 8 – 12, 2012 at VECC Kolkata

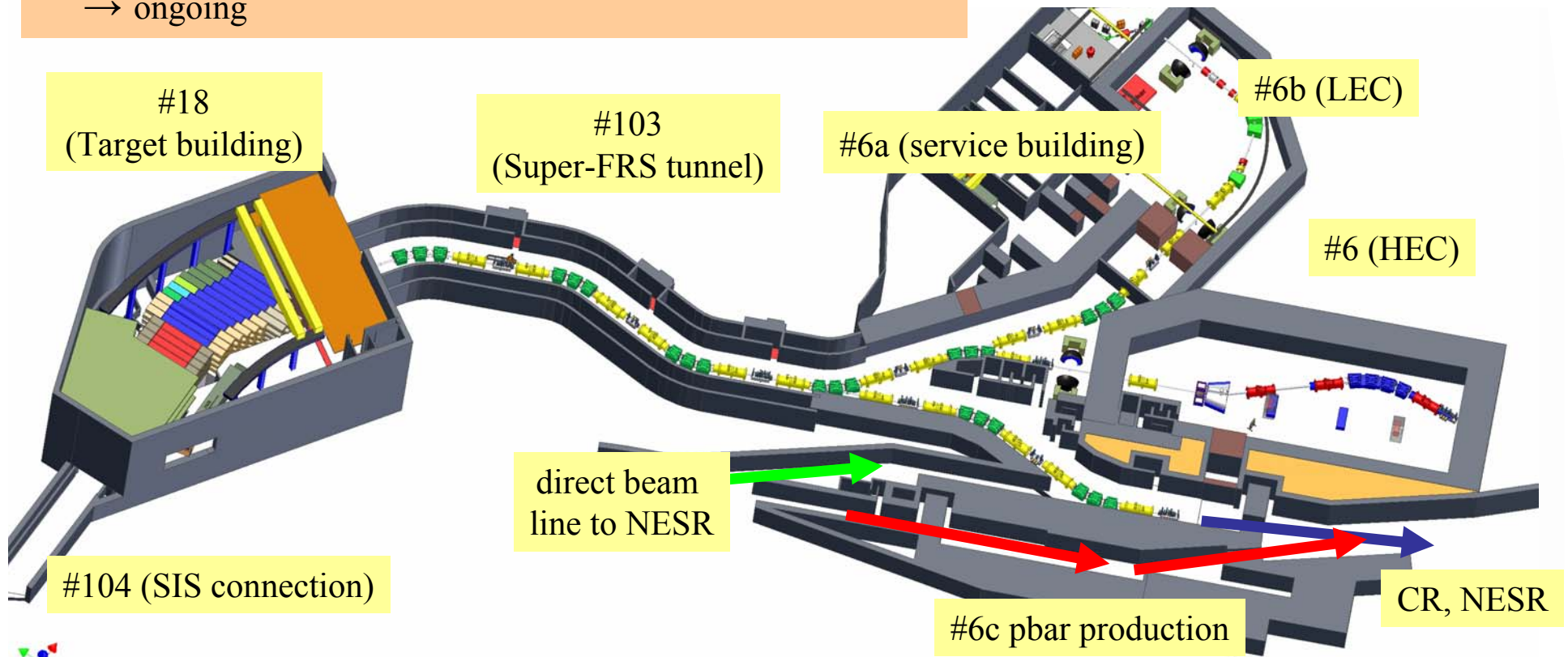
# Super-FRS Buildings (as originally presented for ZBau)



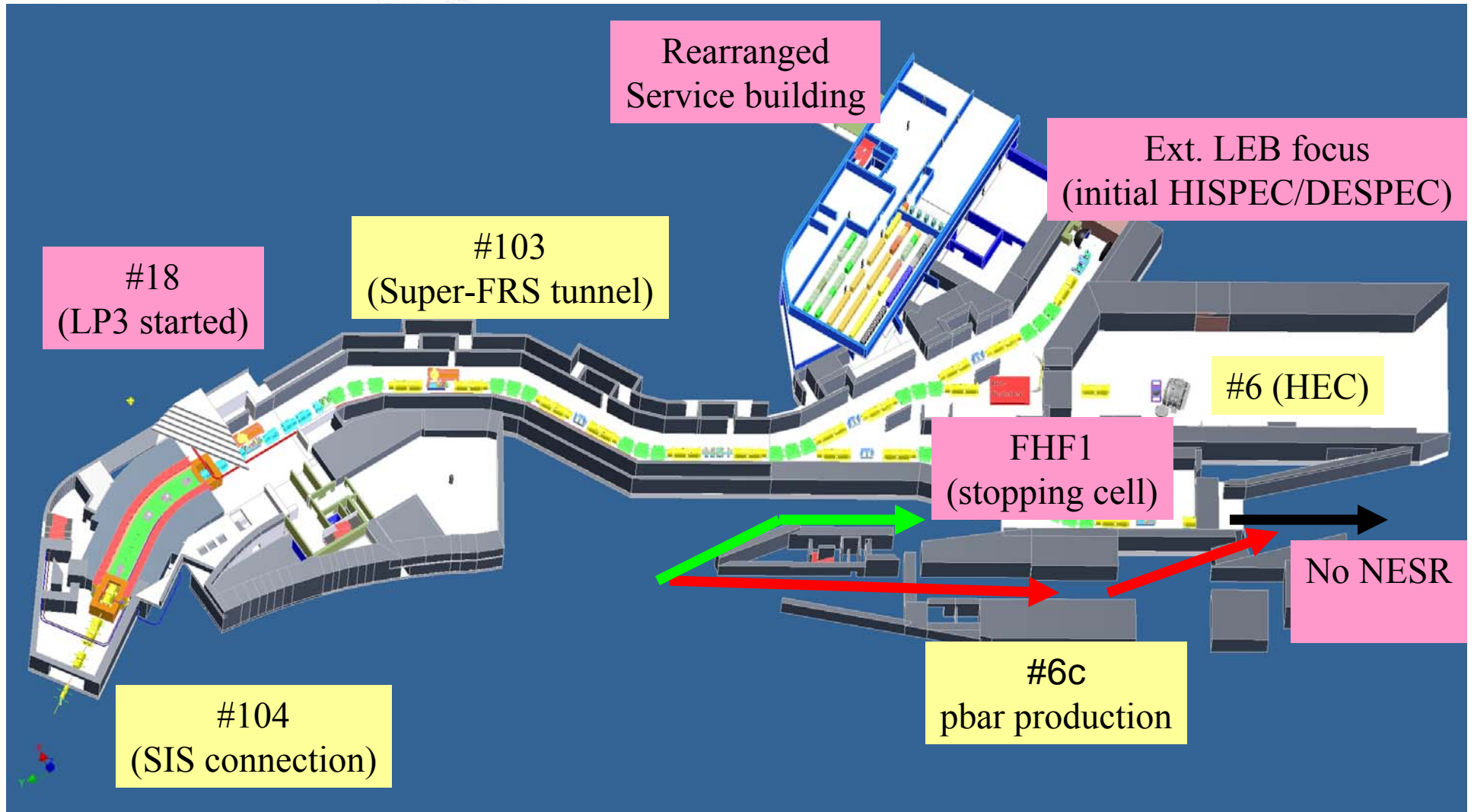
- \* LP1 (basic technical considerations) ✓
- \* LP2 (preliminary design, cost estimate) ✓  
→ Modularized Start Version (MSV)
- \* LP3 (blueprint planning, detailed costs),  
→ ongoing

## Roadmap CC

Module	Construction time (months)	Ready for installation
0	72	2016 / 17
1	28	2016 / 17
2	60	2016
3	60	2017



# Super-FRS Buildings (modularized start version)



# How to proceed?



## LEB

1. Parallel planning to get costs and not to lose time  
*Agreed by FAIR, requires 68 k€ from collaborators*
2. Organize extra funds to ask for building permit and start construction  
*Extra funds (estim. 1.5 M€) from external sources and/or from experiments to be raised within 1.5 years*

## Ring Sub-Projects

1. Prepare a realization plan  
*Continue R&D for TDRs, be ready if new funds come in*
2. Pursue an attractive experiment programme at the ESR  
*To keep the collaboration together*
3. Realize essential parts of the instrumentation  
*To be employed in other NUSTAR sub-projects*