

Bacterial Chromosome Organization: crosslinks, confinement and crowders play the pivotal roles.

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Acknowledgments



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(NYU-USA, IISER-P)**



CC: Tung Le, .. Laub, Science (2013)
E. coli: Caglieri et.al., NAR (2013).

DNA: Basic facts.

Human DNA has 6.4×10^9 base pairs.

Length 2m packed in nucleus $\sim (10\mu)^3$.

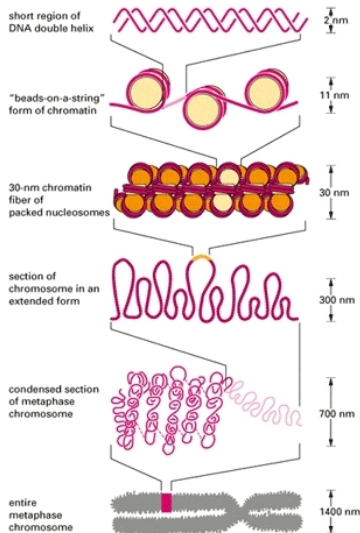
Some imp numbers:

Base pair : 3.3Å.

Helix pitch = 3.4 nm OR 10.4 BP.

Chain width ~ 2 nm.

Kuhn Segment: 300 BP or 100nm.

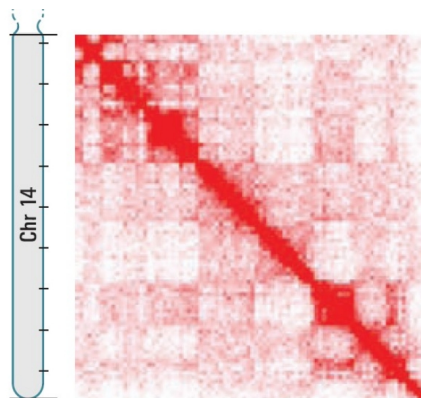


DNA packed in nucleus by organizing into hierarchy of Mesoscale structures.

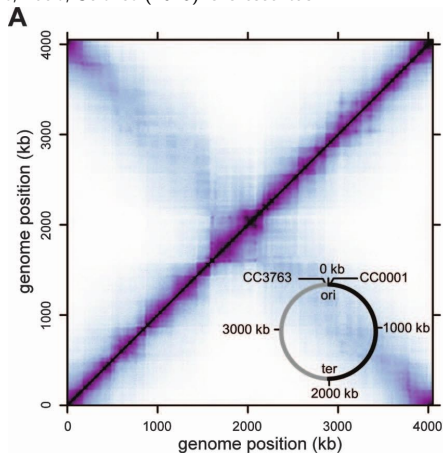
Single Chromosome: Chromosomal Contact Maps.

Single chromosome is not organized Randomly: TADs

Lieberman-Aiden..., Science, (2009):HUMAN



Le, Laub, Science (2013) *C. Crescentus*



Higher probabilities to find certain segments of chain in contact with specific other segments. How is the organization achieved?

What causes large scale organization of DNA?

- **Can we predict the 3d organization of DNA?: Experimentally verify.**
Mirny (MIT), Marenduzzo (UK), Nicodemi (Italy), Joyeux (France), Mulder-Debashish (Netherlands-India)

Our Primary Observation:

- Cross-links at **specific** points along the chain leads to the organization of the DNA-polymer ?! - DNA binding proteins.
- **Position of cross-link (CL) chosen from the Contact Map.**
DNA segments with highest probability of contact were cross-linked together in a bead-spring model of ring polymer.
- **Random cross-links: Nature of organization is different.**
More *diffuse* organization. 10 different CL sets.

Primary Results:

Bead spring ring polymer model of bacterial DNA.

E. coli: 4.642 million **Base Pairs** : **4642** monomers :: 1 monomer \equiv 1000 BP.
C. Crescentus: 4.017 million **Base Pairs** : **4017** monomers.

- *E. coli*: 82 cross-links at specific positions along contour \rightarrow organization.
38 CLs in confinement.
- *C. crescentus*: 60 cross-links in DNA \rightarrow organization.
33 CLs in confinement.

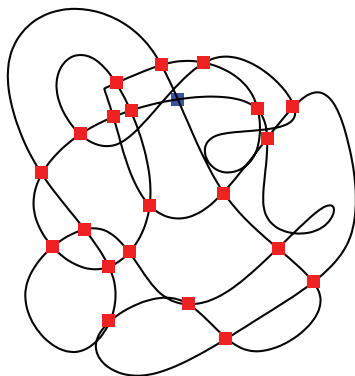
Publications: Tejal Agarwal, G.P. Manjunath, F. Habib, **A.C.**

J.Phys: Condens. Matter (2018); Europhys. Lett. (2018)

Submitted as Part-1,2 to J.Chem.Phys: arXiv:1808.09400; arXiv:1808.09396.

Modelling-1: Choose Bacteria with single DNA.

- 1 *E. coli*. 4.642 million base pairs = 4642 monomers.
CC 4 million BPs: 4017 monomers.
- 2 1 coarse grained monomer in model = 1000 BP.
- 3 Bead spring model of polymer.
- 4 Persistence length of DNA :
 $\ell_p \equiv 150 \text{ BP} \equiv 50 \text{ nm}$
- 5 RING polymer.
- 6 Ex. Volume radius = $0.2b$: Suitably truncated Lennard Jones interactions.

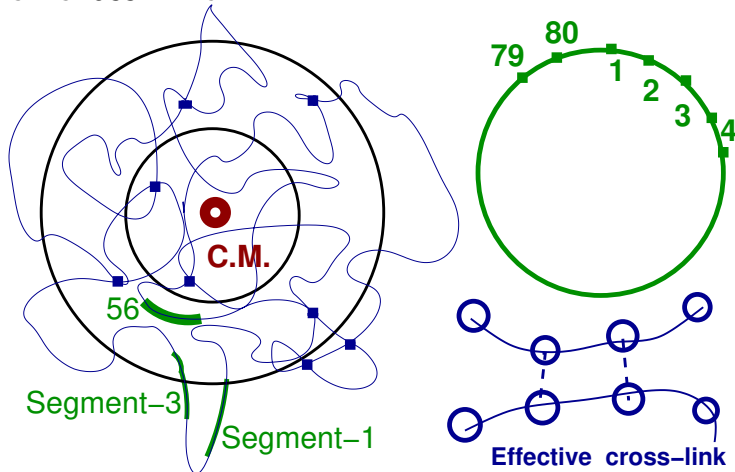


Cross-link between monomers A, B
modelled by $V_{AB}(r) = \kappa_b(r_{AB} - b)^2$

How can we say that a polymer is structured/organized ?

Quantities determining Structure ?? R_g ..and..

CL: CROSS LINKs



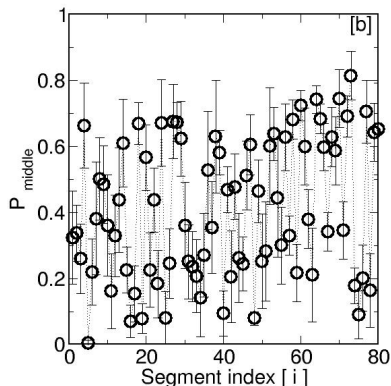
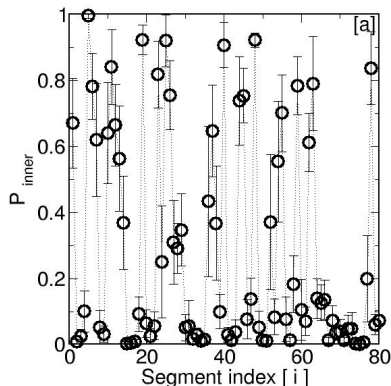
E. coli : 4642 monomers: 80 segments of 58 monomers each.

Calculate positional corr. of segments.

- Distance from center of Mass
- Angular correlations.

Spatial location of a Ecoli segment: Inner/ Middle/ Outer?

Calculate R_g ; • R_g (Random CLs) < R_g (Bio CLs): Same no. of CLs



S. Karlin et.al, J. of Bacter., **183**, 5025(2001).

List: 47/4000 most expressed Genes

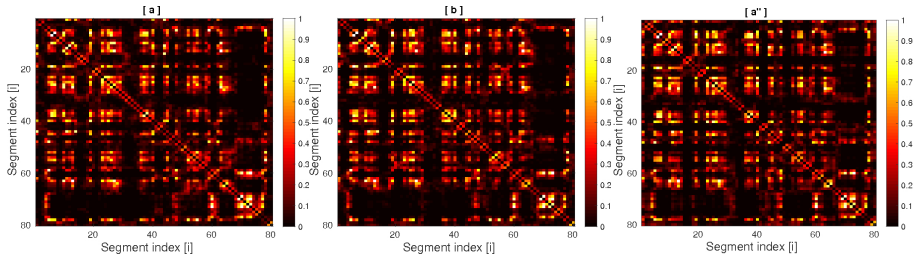
82 effective CLs

37 out 47 genes are in peripheral regions.

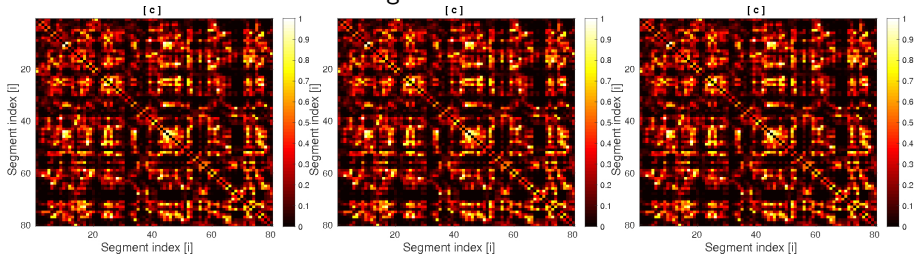
• Well defined location of CLs/segments.

Positional correlation of segments: (without confinement).

Ecoli \equiv 82 CLs: Comparison from 3 independent runs:



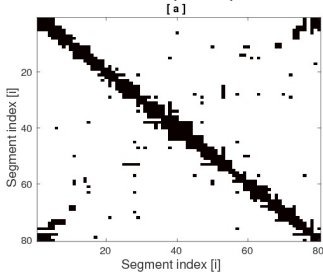
82 CLs at **Random** locations along chain: BUT



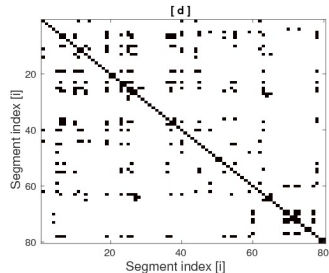
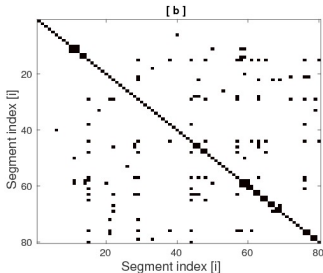
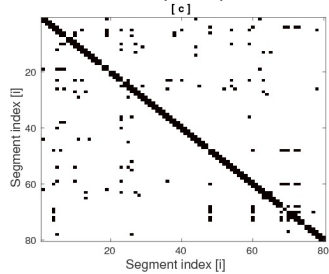
Fewer cross-links: The pattern/correlation is lost.

Compare EXP & SIM: Coarse-grained maps: Highest Prob.

C. crescentus (EXP)



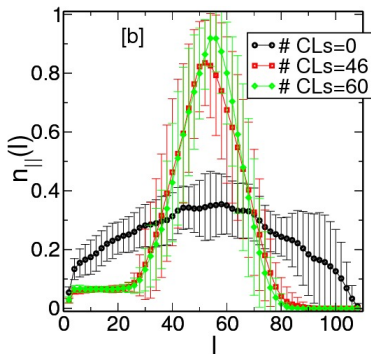
E. coli (EXP)



SIM.

• Simulations and exp match for *E. coli* but partially for CC.

CC-DNA confined in cylinder, Aspect Ratio 1:7.5

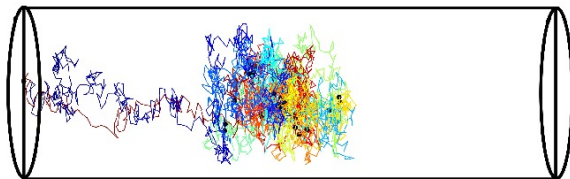


49 CLs: 26 effective CLs.

60 CLs: 33 effective CLs.

Cyl. Radius=7a, Axis: 108a

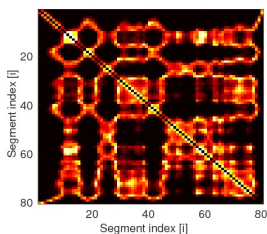
Monomer-1 (ori) fixed.



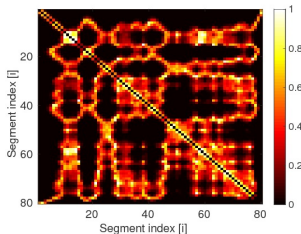
Ori free for *E.coli*

12 independent Initial Conditions.

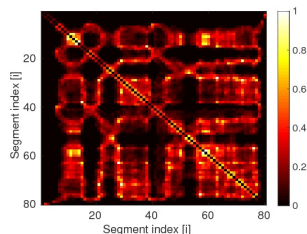
Positional Corr of CC: Confinement + Crowders



No crowder
 $R_c = 5a = 0.55R_g$.



No crowder
 $R_c = 5a = 0.55R_g$.

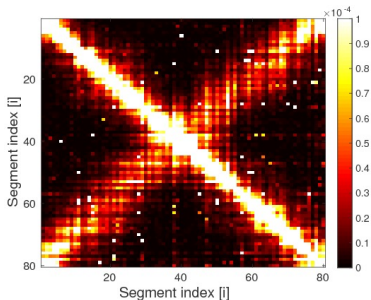


Crowder: Weak Attraction
LJ $\epsilon = 0.3k_B T$.

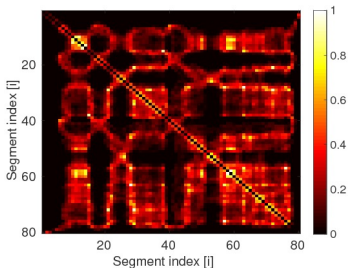
Crowder:

The presence of other organelles within cell compactifies DNA: modelled by weak effective attraction between monomers.

CC : Comparison with experiments: confinement+crowders

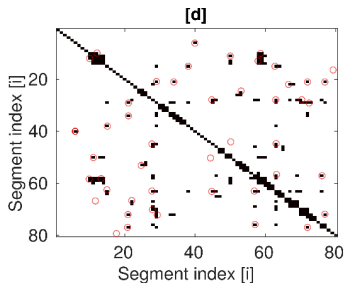


(Experimental coarse-grained)

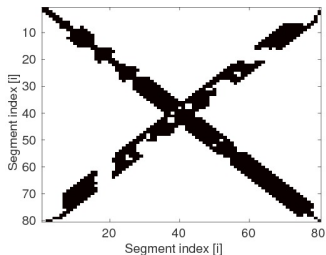


SIMULATIONS:

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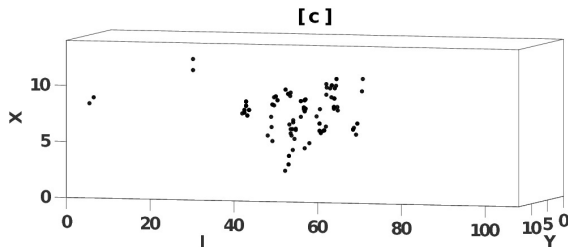
OFF-diagonal $p(i,j) > 0.5$: BLACK



Diagonals $p(i,j) > 0.05$: BLACK

CONCLUSIONS:

Self avoiding loops emanating from cluster of cross-links: CLs are clustered around center.



- 33,38 Cross-links + Confinement + Crowder organize DNA (micron scale) for 2 bacteria: *C. crescentus* and *E. coli*.
- We give 3-d prediction of local position of segments within Cell.
- EPL (2018), JPCM (2018), arxiv: 1808.09400, 1808.09396.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION