

# *Overview of Nuclear Physics Programmes Pelletron Linac Facility, Mumbai*

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# Advances in Nuclear Physics

International Centre for Theoretical Sciences

Tata Institute of Fundamental Research

## Major Accelerator Centres in India

RRCAT, Indore (DAE)

Electron synchrotron storage rings

Indus-1 & Indus-2 450MeV 61Å, 2.5GeV 2Å

VECC, Kolkata (DAE)

Variable energy cyclotron K-100

Superconducting cyclotron K-500

Low energy RIB 400keV/u

BARC, Mumbai (DAE)

Folded 6MV Tandem

High current proton driver development for ADS

TIFR, Mumbai (DAE)

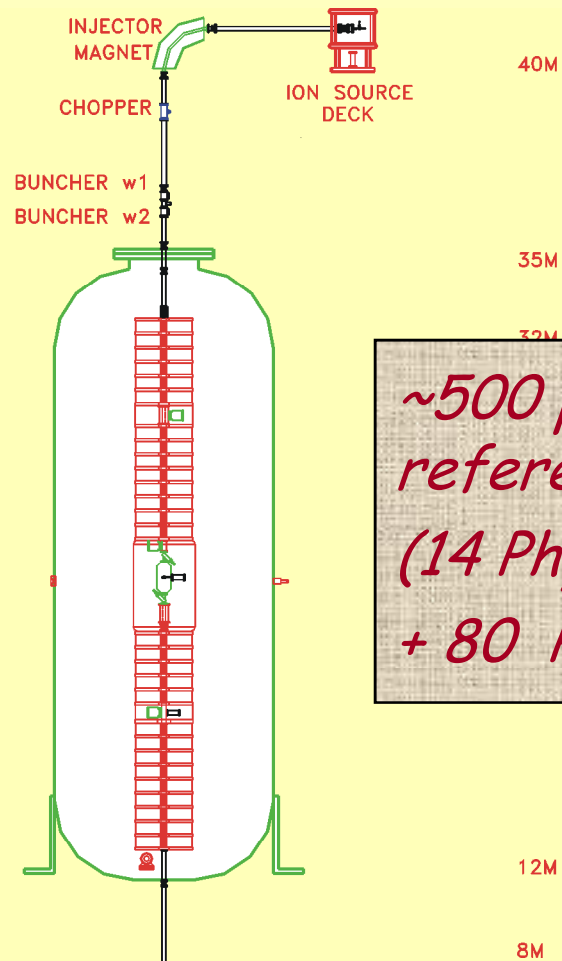
14MV Tandem & heavy ion SLinac booster

IUAC, New Delhi (UGC, DST)

15MV Tandem & heavy ion SLinac booster

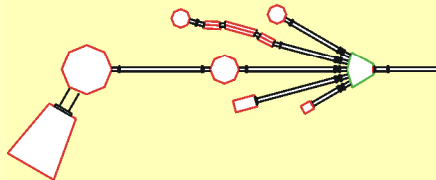
# Joint TIFR-BARC Facility

*14 MV Pelletron (1989)  
+ LINAC Phase I (2002)  
+ LINAC Phase II (2007)  
[www.tifr.res.in/~pell](http://www.tifr.res.in/~pell)*

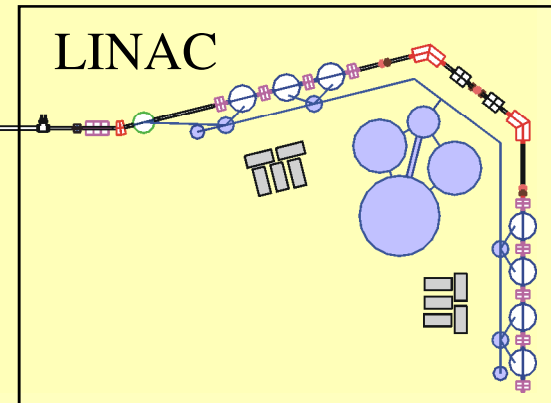


*~500 publications in  
refereed journals  
(14 Phys. Rev. Lett.)  
+ 80 Ph.D. Theses*

Experiment hall



LINAC



# *At our lab (DNAP, TIFR & NPD, BARC)*

14 MV UD Pelletron accelerator + LINAC booster

## ➤ **Nuclear Reaction Studies**

- o Fission Dynamics
- o Sub-barrier Fusion & Transfer reactions
- o Reactions with weakly bound nuclei

## ➤ **Nuclear Structure Studies**

- o Discrete  $\gamma$ -ray spectroscopy
- o High energy  $\gamma$ -ray (GDR) studies
- o Heavy ion resonances

## ➤ **Hyperfine interaction studies**

## ➤ **Atomic, Molecular and Cluster dynamics**

## ➤ **Applications**

- o Medicine: Tracer packets for radionuclide delivery
- o Accelerator mass spectroscopy
- o Track etched membranes: submicron pore filters
- o Radiation damage: materials, electronic components, etc.

- **Nuclear Theory**
- **Hadron Physics**
- **Neutrino-less Double Beta Decay (Indian Neutrino Observatory)**
- **Developmental activities (Si Detectors, electronics, DAQ etc.)**
- **Spiral 2 (Exogam, Gaspard, Paris, ..)**
- **FAIR (Nustar: HiSpec, DeSpec, R3B, ..)**

# *Heavy Ion induced fission*

## *Fission Dynamics*

*Understanding the fission mechanism in heavy ion collisions*

Fragment mass, energy and angular correlations

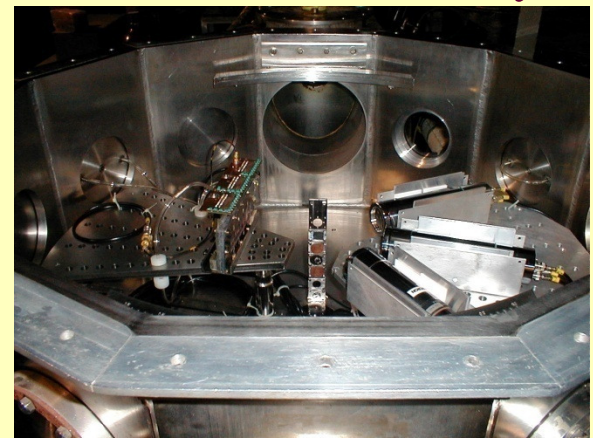
Pre-equilibrium fission

Transfer induced fission

Mass resolved FAD using recoil catcher technique

Fission hindrance

Pre-fission Neutron, Light Charged Particles and GDR Gamma rays



## *Heavy Ion induced fission*

Role of **entrance channel mass asymmetry** ( $\alpha$ ) on fission fragment anisotropy

$\Rightarrow$  Memory of the entrance channel is retained for  $\alpha < \alpha_{BG}$

(Businaro-Gallone Critical point)

V.S. Ramamurthy *et al.*, PRL 65, 25 (1990)

Shell effects reduce the effective moment of Inertia at saddle point

$\Rightarrow$  Larger fission fragment anisotropies.

A. Shrivastava *et al.*, PRL 82, 699 (1999)

### **Fusion- Fission Time scales**

Pre-scission neutron multiplicities A. Saxena *et al.*, PRC 49, 932(1994)

$^{16}\text{O}+^{232}\text{Th}$  &  $^{11}\text{B}+^{237}\text{Np}$   $\Rightarrow$  Difference in the formation time

Pre-scission charged particle multiplicities A. Chatterjee *et al.*, PRC 52, 3167 (1995)

Fission time scale from pre-scission neutron, proton, and  $\alpha$  particle multiplicities in  $^{28}\text{Si}+^{175}\text{Lu}$

K.Ramachandran,..., V.Nanal, R.G.Pillay,.. *et al.*, PRC 73, 064609 (2006)





## *Study of GDR in excited nuclei*

*Evolution of nuclear properties as a function of temperature and angular momentum*

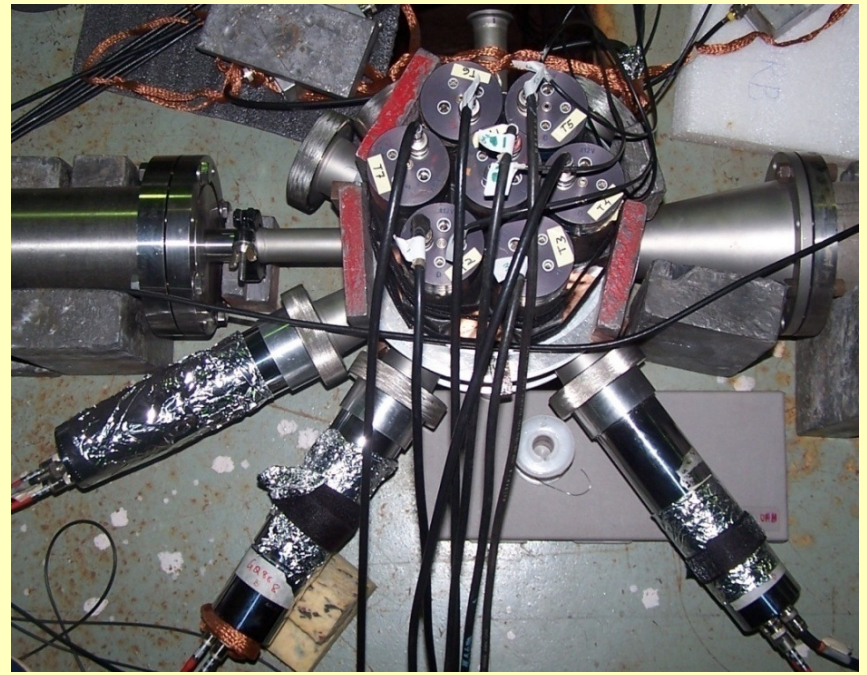
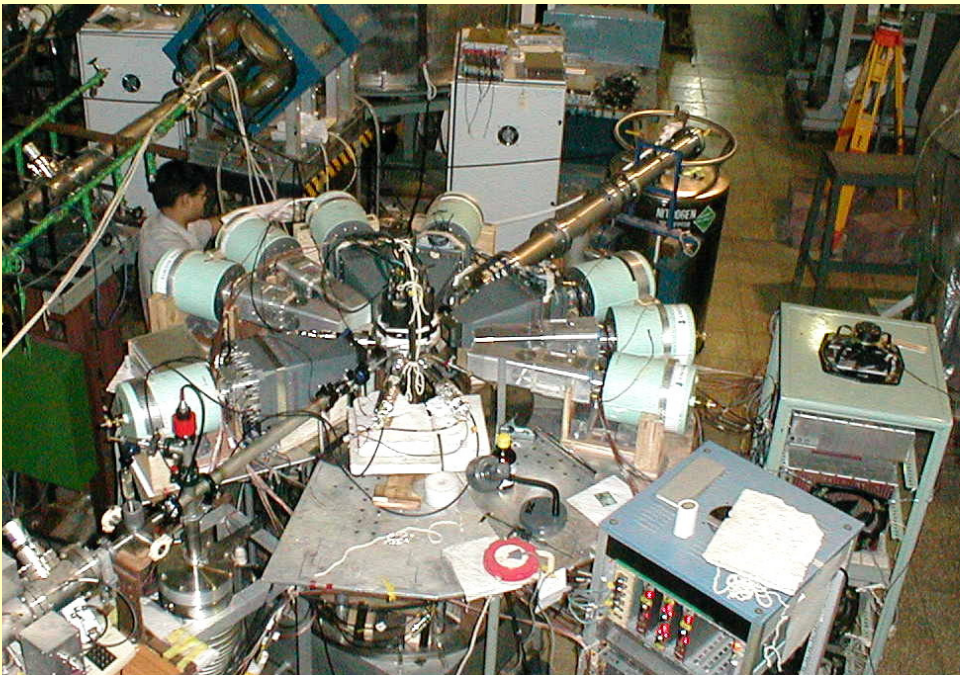
Measurement of GDR strength function and angular distribution

- Systematic studies in  $A \sim 80$  and  $A \sim 200$
- Angular momentum dependence of GDR in  $^{28}\text{Si} + ^{124}\text{Sn}$  at  $E(^{28}\text{Si}) \sim 150, 188$  MeV  
Results consistent with liquid drop behaviour  
D.R. Chakrabarty, V. Nanal, *et al.*, Nuclear physics A770, 126 (2006)
- Resonant dipole strengths built on 15.1 MeV,  $T=1$  state in  $^{12}\text{C}$   
Isobaric Analog State of  $^{12}\text{B}$  &  $^{12}\text{N}$ , different from ground state GDR in  $^{12}\text{C}$   
D.R. Chakrabarty, ..V. Nanal,.. *et al.*, PRC 77, 051302R (2008)
- Search for rare shape-phase transitions in nuclei around mass  $A \sim 190$   
I. Mazumdar *et al.*, Acta.Phys. Polonica, 38, 1463 (2007)

# Nuclear level density (NLD)

- Fundamental property of the nucleus
- Key input to the statistical model calculation of CN

Very little experimental data on  $E_x$  and  $J$  for diff. Mass regions



# Study of Nuclear Level Density

*NLD – an important physical quantity*

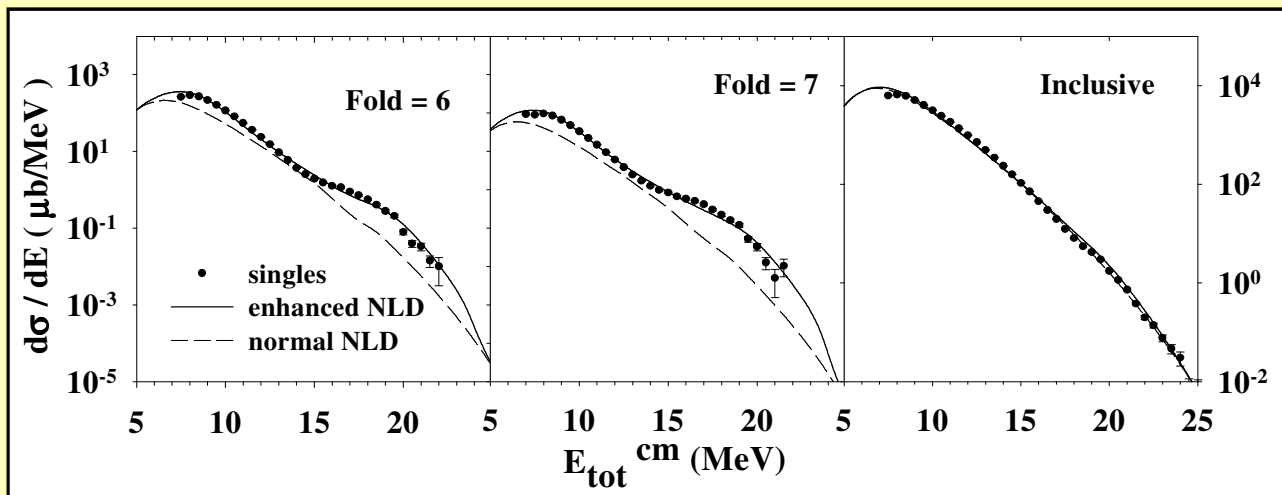
very little experimental data on  $E_x$  and  $J$  for diff. Mass regions



*First step* proton spectra measured with 3 NaI(Tl) (@backward angles)  
in coincidence with

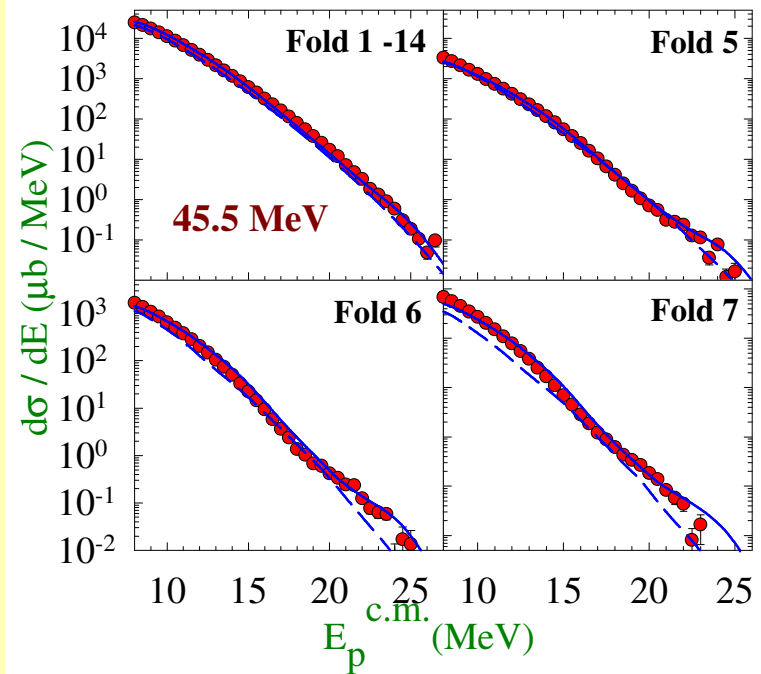
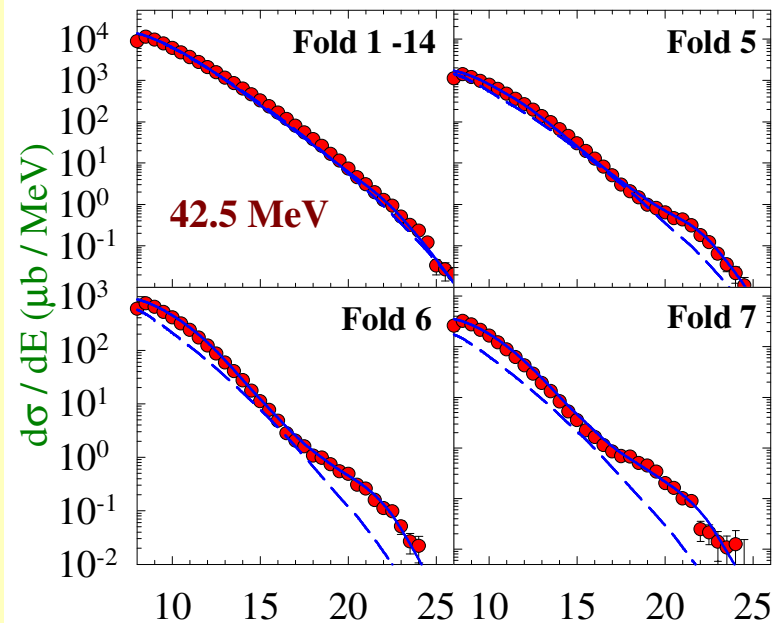
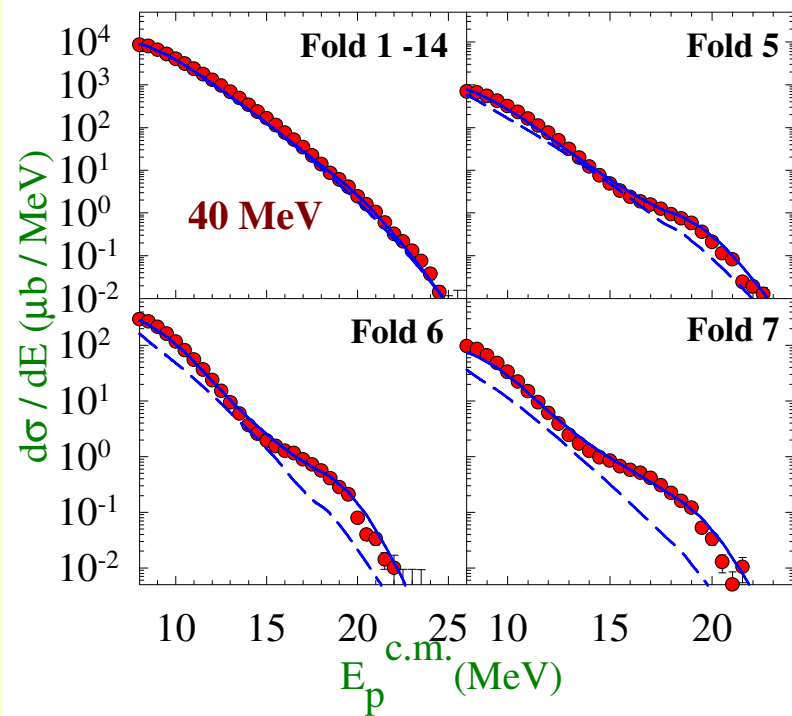
8 Clovers (residue identification) & 14 -BGO multiplicity setup (Angular momentum)

Bumps at high fold  $\rightarrow E_x, J$  dependent enhancement in NLD due to  $J$  induced deformation



1m x 1m array of 16  
plastic detectors

A. Mitra *et al.* Nucl. Phys. A 707, 343 (2002)



**A. Mitra *et al.***

**NPA 707 (2002) 343**

**NPA 765 (2006) 277**

**J. Phys. G 36 (2009) 95103**

**SM fit to  $^{12}\text{C} + ^{93}\text{Nb}$**

**With E,J dependent level density**

# Alpha cluster states in ${}^8\text{Be}$

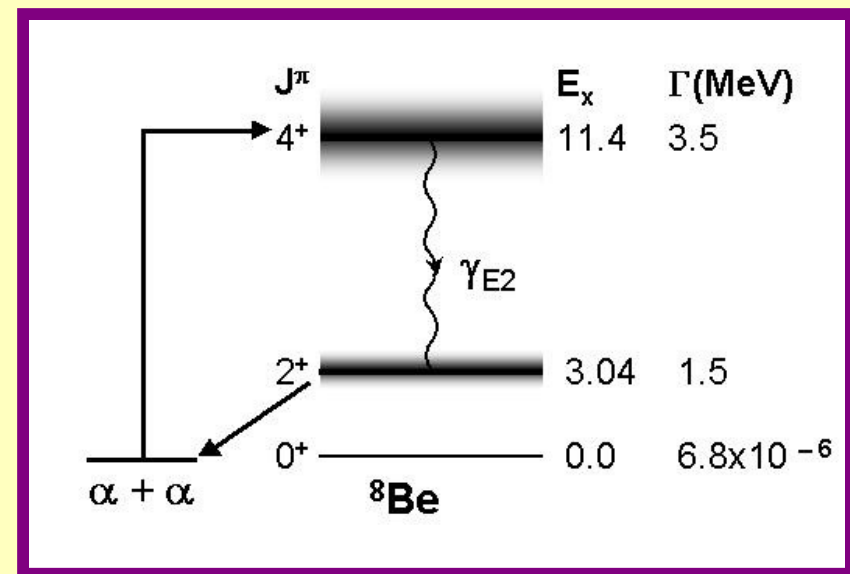
## Direct observation of $4^+$ to $2^+$ $\gamma$ - transition

Low lying states in  ${}^8\text{Be}$  are  $\alpha$ -cluster states with dumbbell-like shape

No electromagnetic evidence was available so far

Large E2 collectivity predicted (75 W.u. for  $2^+ \rightarrow 0^+$ , 19 W.u. for  $4^+ \rightarrow 2^+$ )

Still: extremely low ( $<10^{-7}$ ) branching ratios



Stepping stone to larger linear  $\alpha$  cluster states

# $4_1^+$ to $2_1^+$ gamma transition in $^8\text{Be}$

## Motivation

- Collective enhancement expected (  $\sim 19$  W.U.)  
 $\Rightarrow \gamma$  branch  $\sim 1.3 \times 10^{-7}$

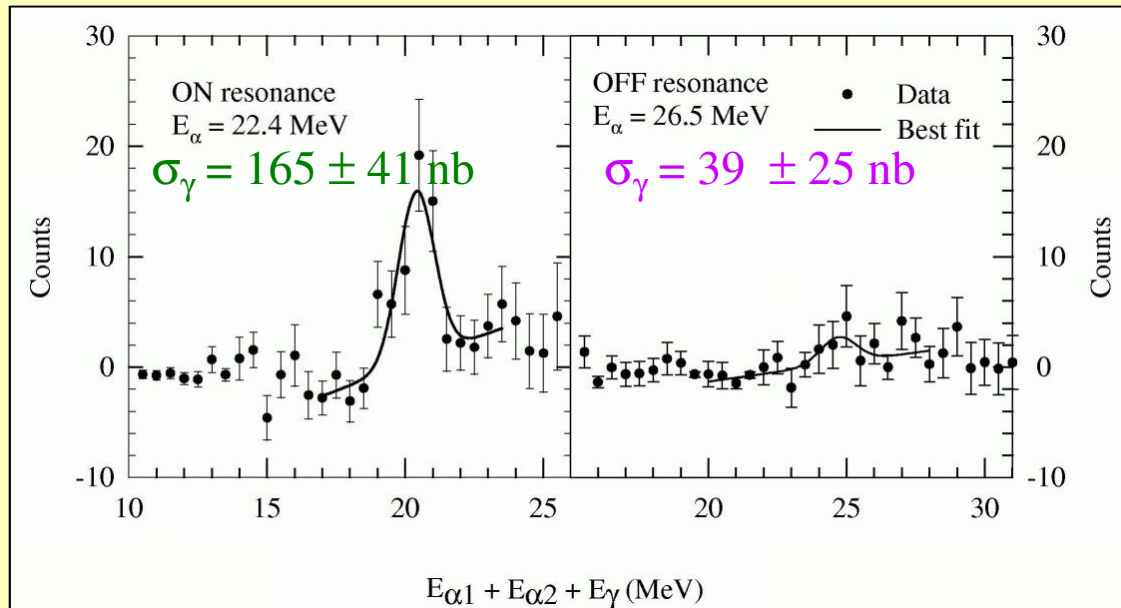
- Stepping stone to larger linear  $\alpha$  cluster states

## Method

- 22.4 & 26.5 MeV  $\alpha$  beams from Mumbai Pelletron on 0.8 bar He gas target
- $\gamma$ - $\alpha$ - $\alpha$  coincidences using  $2 \times 7$  BGO arrays with  $\epsilon_\gamma \sim 0.24$ , 6 Si PINs at forward angles  $15^\circ$ - $35^\circ$  with  $\epsilon_{\alpha\alpha} \sim 0.15$  for  $L_{\text{eff}}$  (He target)  $\sim 1$  cm

$J^\pi$	$E_x$	$\Gamma$ (MeV)
$4^+$	11.0	3.5
$2^+$	3.04	1.4
$0^+$	0.092	6.8 eV

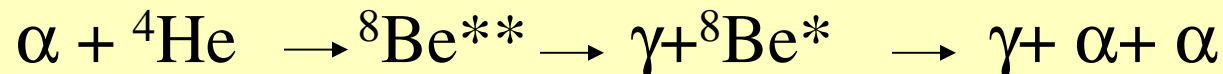
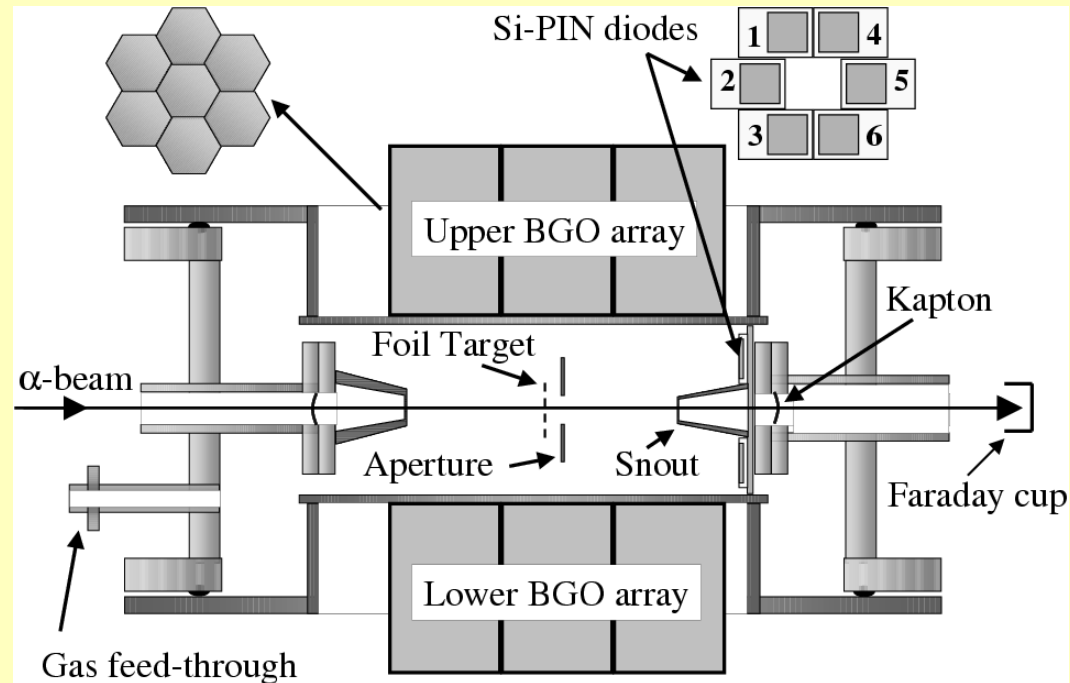
$^8\text{Be}$



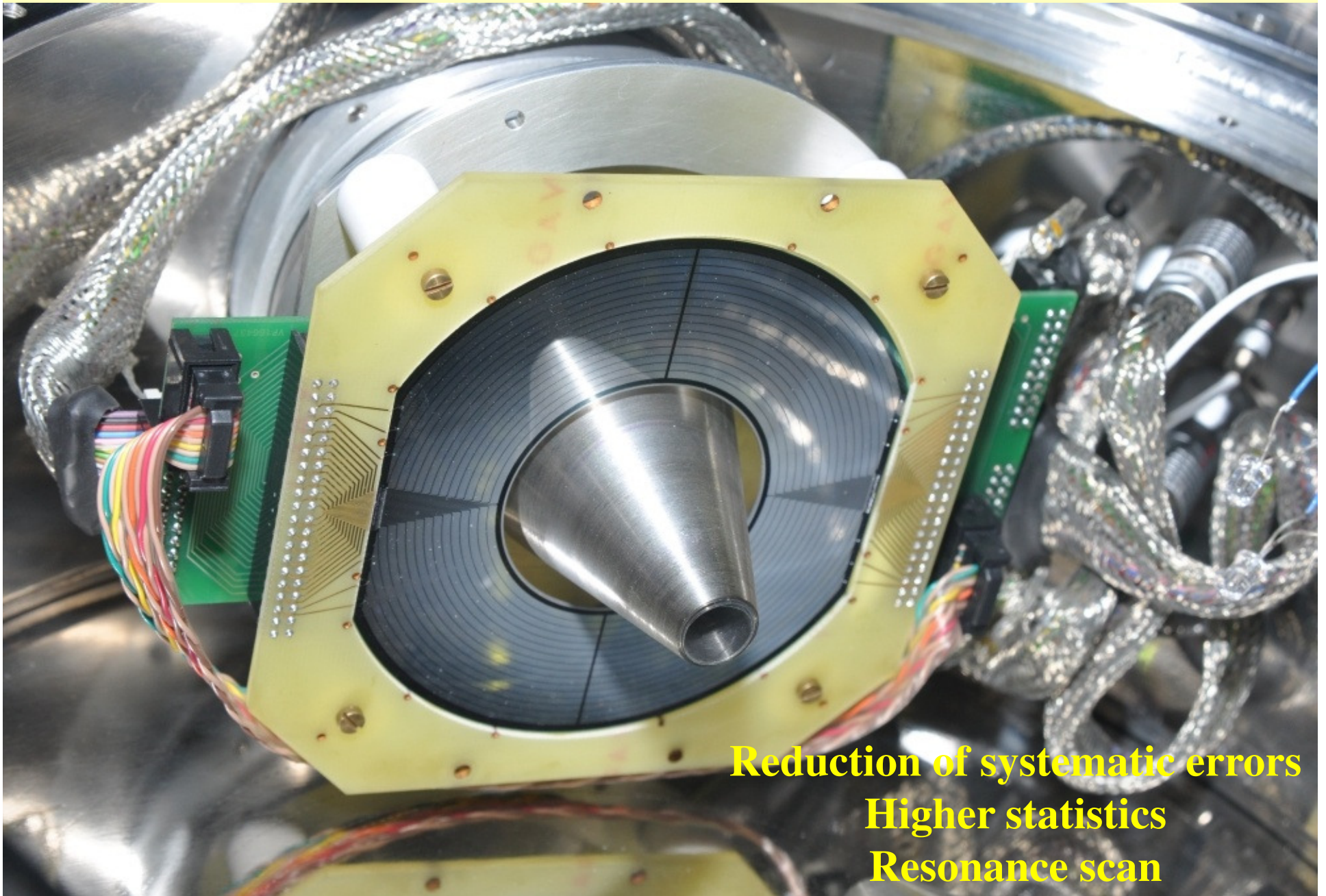
Observed cross-section provides the first crucial evidence for the alpha cluster structure of  $^8\text{Be}$ .

*V.M. Datar, ..., V. Nanal, ... et al.,  
Phys. Rev. Lett. 94, 122502(2005)*

- 22.4 & 26.5 MeV  $\alpha$  beams from 0.8 bar He gas target
- $\gamma$ - $\alpha$ - $\alpha$  coincidences using  $2 \times 7$  BGO arrays with  $\epsilon_\gamma \sim 0.24$ , 6 Si PINs at forward angles  $15^\circ$ - $35^\circ$  with  $\epsilon_{\alpha\alpha} \sim 0.15$  for  $L_{\text{eff}}$  (He target)  $\sim 1$  cm







**Reduction of systematic errors**  
**Higher statistics**  
**Resonance scan**

# Reactions at near barrier energies

## Interplay of Structure & Dynamics

- Relation between fusion excitation function &  $\langle l \rangle$  in  $^{96}\text{Ru}$  compound nucleus  
*M. Dasgupta et al. PRL 66, 1414 (1991)*

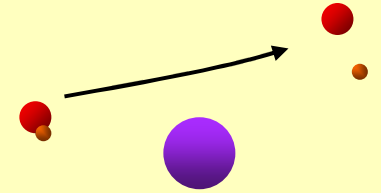
### Weakly bound projectiles ( $^7\text{Li}$ , $^9\text{Be}$ )

- $\sigma$  &  $\langle l \rangle$  for complete fusion  $^7\text{Li} + ^{165}\text{Ho} \Rightarrow$  coherent coupling to projectile breakup channel  
*V. Tripathi et al. PRL 88, 172701 (2002)*
- Exclusive Charged particle measurements  $^7\text{Li} + ^{65}\text{Cu} \Rightarrow$  neutron transfer followed by breakup  
*A. Shrivastava,...V. Nanal,.. et al. Phys. Letts. B 633, 463 (2006)*

### $^{6,8}\text{He} + ^{63,65}\text{Cu}$ @GANIL

- p- $\gamma$  coincidence  $\Rightarrow$  Large cross section for transfer as compared to breakup for  $^6\text{He}$   
*A. Navin, ..., V. Nanal, ..., R.G. Pillay,.. et al. PRC 70, 044601 (2004)*
- Energy & Angular correlations (p-n- $\gamma$ )  $\Rightarrow$  2n transfer  $>$  1n transfer, implying di-neutron dominant in  $^6\text{He}$   
*A. Chatterjee,...V. Nanal,.. R.G. Pillay,.. et al. PRL 101, 032701 (2008)*

## *Weakly bound nuclei*



- *Coupling to Breakup channel most important*
- *Detailed Study of Breakup mechanism necessary*

### *Reactions around the Coulomb barrier*

#### *INDO-FRENCH collaboration*

➤  ${}^6,7\text{Li} + {}^{60}\text{Ni}, {}^{65}\text{Cu}, {}^{198}\text{Pt}$  @ PLF, Mumbai

--  ${}^9\text{Be}, {}^7\text{Li} + {}^{197}\text{Au}, {}^9\text{Be} + {}^{89}\text{Y}$

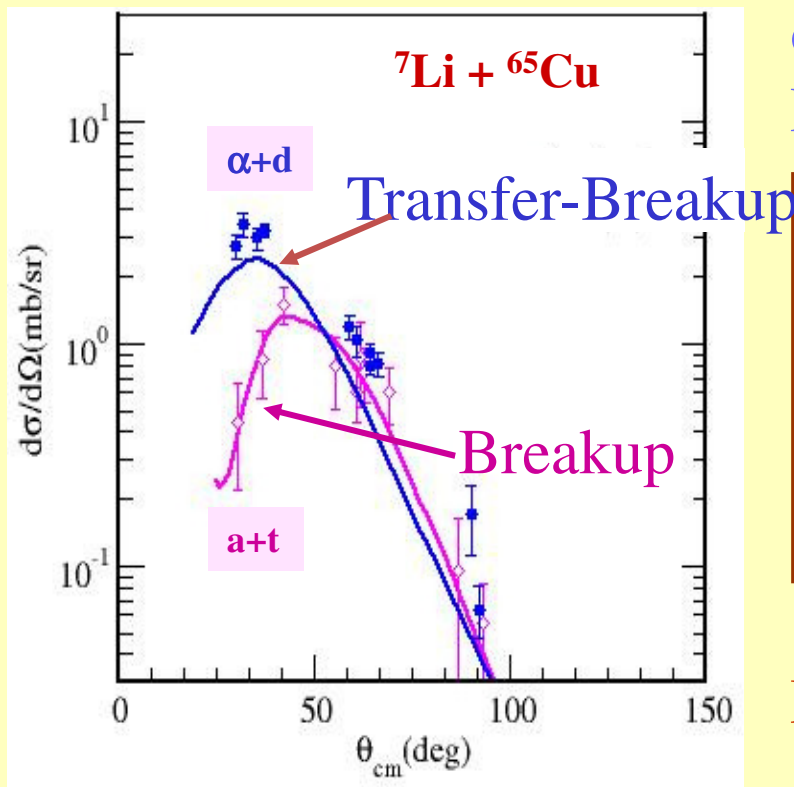
➤  ${}^6,8\text{He} + {}^{65}\text{Cu}$  @ GANIL, France

A. Navin *et al.* PRC **70**, 044601 (2004)

A. Chatterjee *et al.* PRL **101**, 032701 (2008)

A. Lemasson *et al.* Phys. Rev. Letts **103**(2009) 232701

# Exclusive Charged particle measurements ${}^7\text{Li}+{}^{65}\text{Cu}$ 25 MeV



${}^7\text{Li}$  ( $\alpha+t$  cluster)  
 $\sigma(\alpha+d) > \sigma(\alpha+t)$

observed correlation between  $E_\alpha$  and  $E_d$



*neutron transfer followed by breakup*



$\alpha + d$

(not  ${}^7\text{Li} \rightarrow \alpha+d+n$ )

Multi step Breakup > Direct Breakup

A. Shrivastava *et al.*

Phys. Letts. B **633**, 463 (2006)

# Fusion with weakly bound nuclei at deep sub-barrier energies

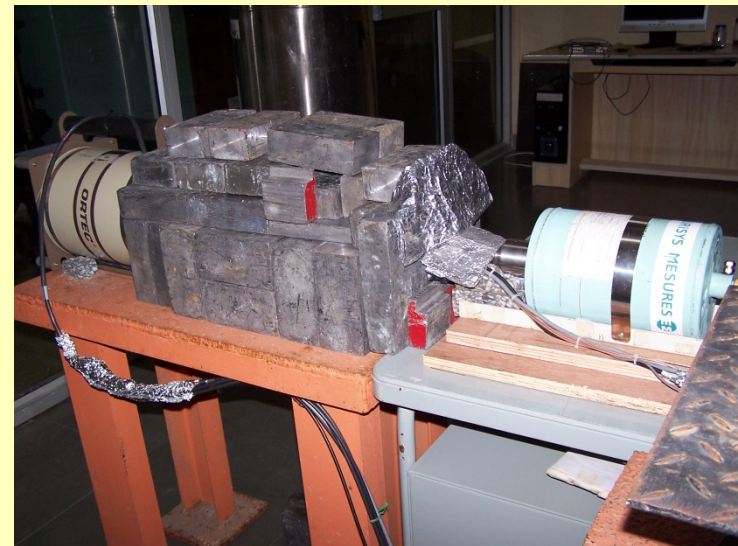
To study phenomenon of fusion hindrance

${}^6\text{Li} + {}^{198}\text{Pt}$  ( $\sim 1 \text{ mg/cm}^2$ , 95.7 % enriched)  $\rightarrow {}^{205}\text{Tl}$  (CN)  
Positive Q value (+8.5MeV)

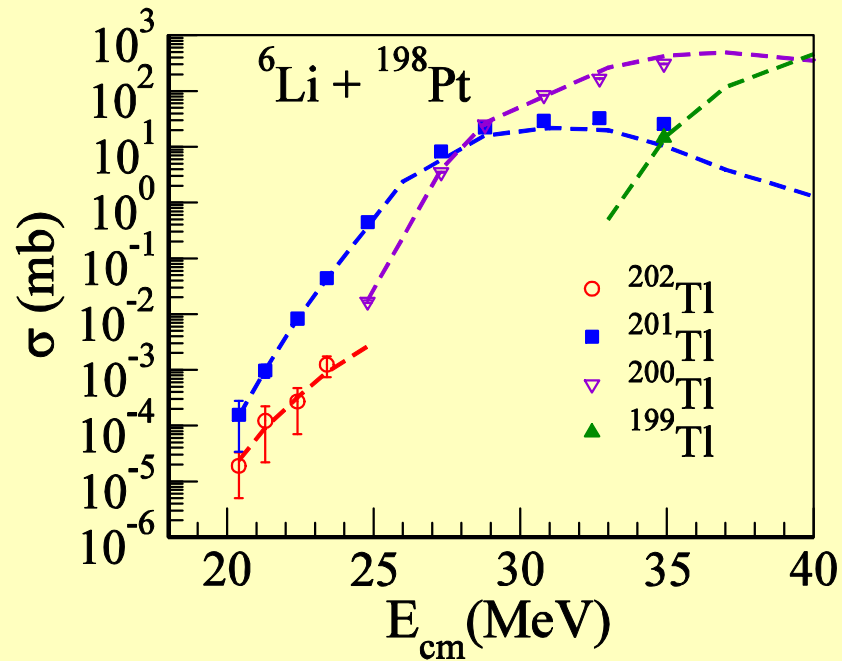
First measurement with weakly bound projectile at  $0.68 < E/V_b < 1.3$

New sensitive off-beam gamma spectroscopy Technique:  
coincidence between characteristic KX rays and gamma rays of daughter nuclei  
NIM **598**, 445 (2009)

2 HPGe inside low background setup



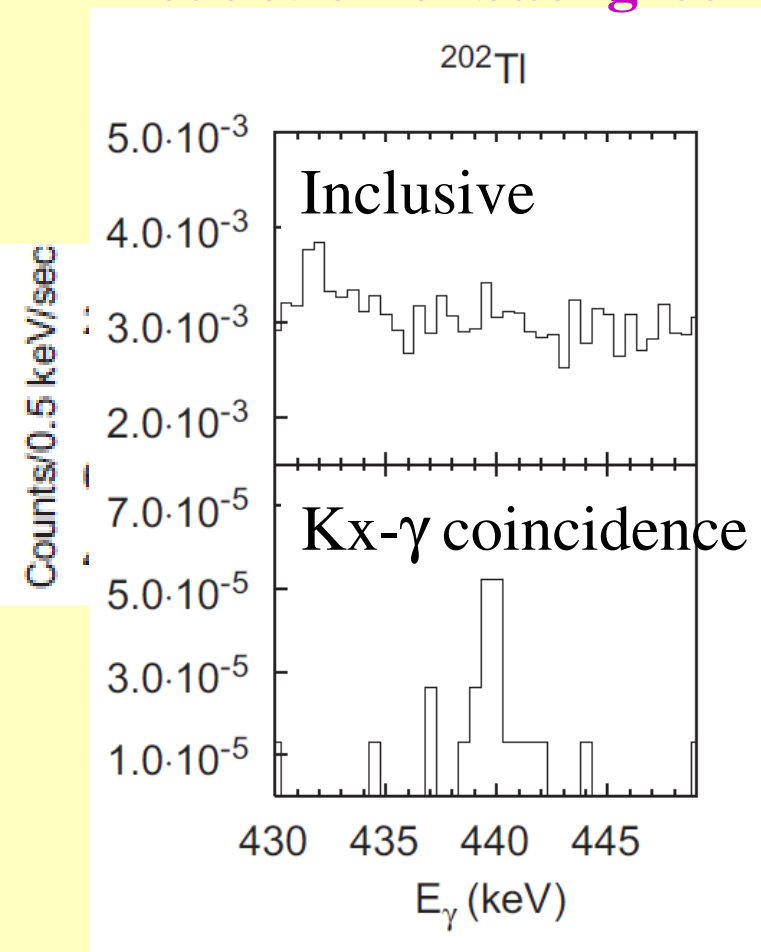
# Evaporation residue cross-sections



**Lowest x-sec up to 20 nb**

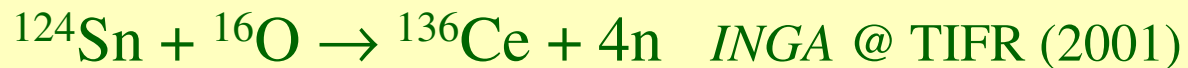
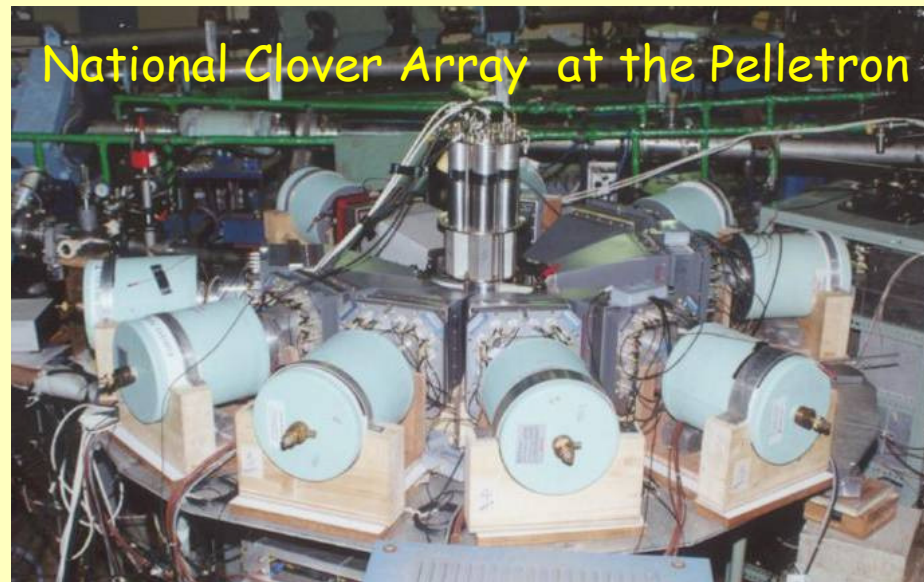
Statistical model calculations (PACE) with shell corrected level densities.

## Reduction of background



## *Discrete $\gamma$ -ray spectroscopy*

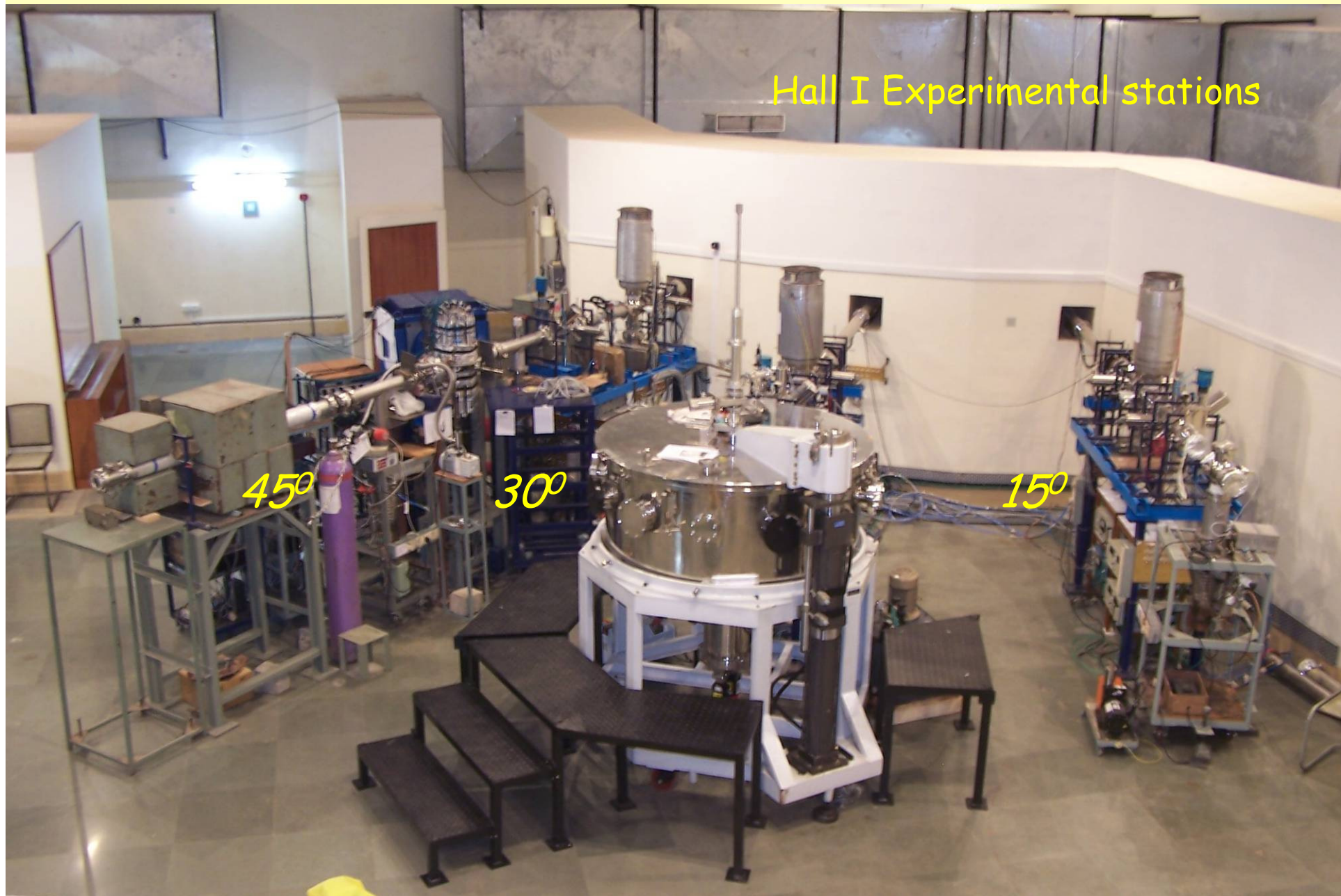
- Structure of high spin states of nuclei close to shell closure  $N \sim 50$  &  $Z \sim 50$  : identical bands, rigid rotation, magnetic rotation and non-axial shapes.
- Study of gamma soft nuclei around  $A \sim 80$  : shape coexistence, shape evolution and signature inversion.
- Measurements of ground state hexadecupole deformation ( $\beta_4$ ) in the rare earth nuclei



Clear evidence of magnetic rotation in  $A \sim 130$

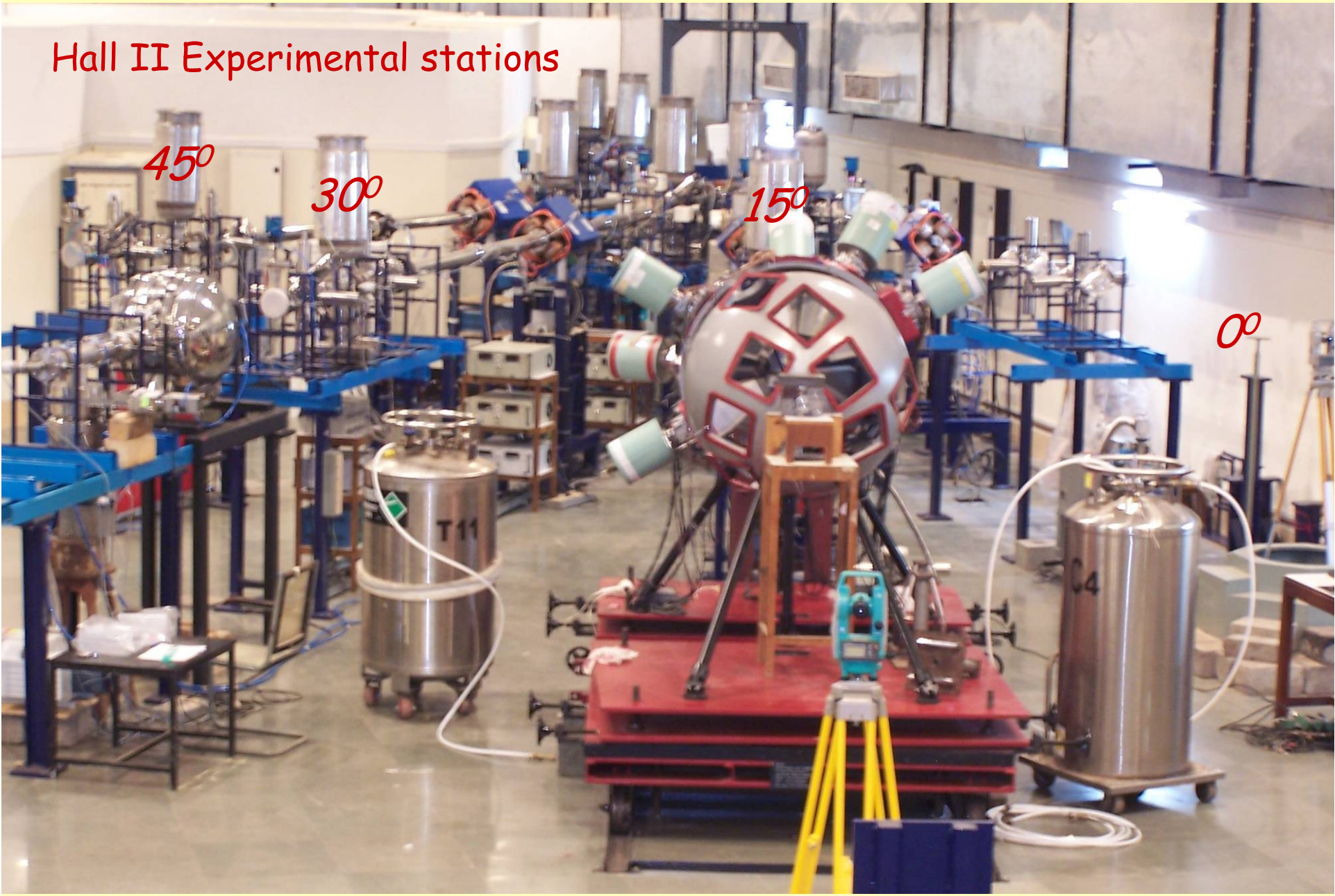
*S. Lakshmi et al., Phys. Rev. C66, 41303R (2002)*

# Hall I Experimental stations

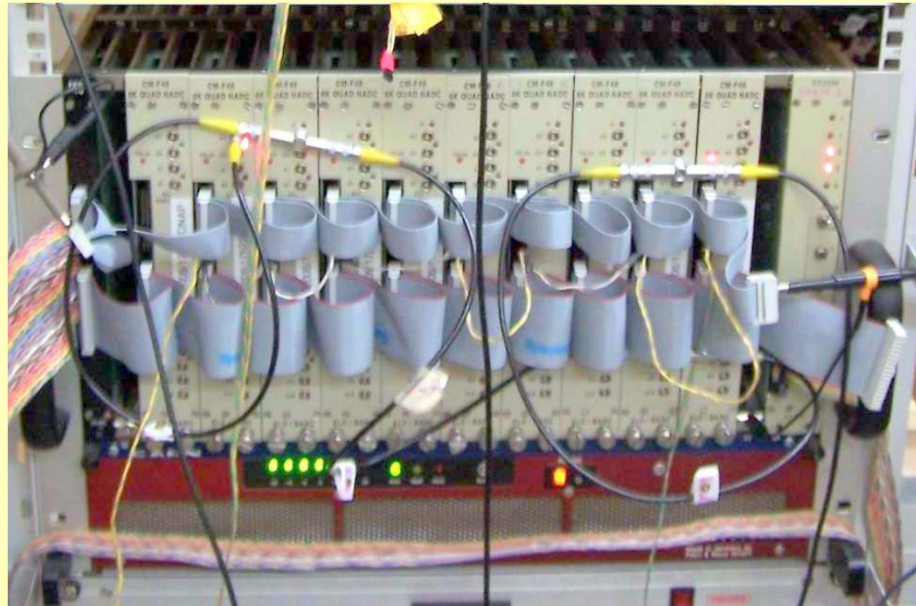




# Hall II Experimental stations



# Data Acquisition System



Welcome & Thank you