

The world is round yet not symmetric

Colloid as Proxy for Atom


Q: how would such spheres self-assemble?

Hard spheres, etc.

## Janus spheres with chemical shape

Colloid as Proxy for Atom


## Molecular colloids

## Desired:

Directional bonding

Pathways of chemical reactivity

Avogadro's number

The synthesis problem

The detection problem

The scaleup problem

## Janus particle fabrication



Scaled up To large amounts


working curve for Au etching

The most precise method Disadvantage: Limited quantity


Cationic, anionic

## Zwitterionic.

Hemispheres of matched electric charge

First guess: dipolar strings?


Erik Luijten, Northwestern


No.
Debye length < colloid size.

## Energy Landscape at fixed separation:



Directional and short range

## All clusters preserve charge asymmetry

Experiment Simulation Charge Distribution

MC simulations by

Erik Luijten and
Angelo Cacciuto
Experiment Simulation Charge Distribution

Dynamic !
Heptamer cluster ( $n=7$ )

a surface-

## Areas of the same size

Hydrophobic

Charged

## Possibilities are modulated by salt



## Clusters are born and die, reversibly



Heptamer from fusion of smaller clusters


## Status report

## Same \# of particles ** <br> Energetically the same <br> ** <br> Entropically -- different

Status report:

Chiral colloids - not unusual

Their structure is selected by kinetics

## What we learn

Colloids with directional bonding and chemical-type reactivity (yes, probably)
"aggregation": "crystallization"
(too simple)
Self-limiting structures

Vignette 2

Exploiting optical anisotropy

## The Sky in a Microscope



## MOONs



## Raoul Kopelman

Different optically
Same chemically


Quantifying the rotation of spinning spheres


Data
Calculated angle


Data
Calculated angle

Vignette 3

Crystals, patterns of long range



## Summary, opportunities, outlook

Janus colloids - the molecular colloid problem.

MOONS - spheres rotate, too.

2D crystals - static patterns, dynamic patterns.

A playground for new applications and science.

